Quotation Supplement (Monthly) Investors Supplement (quarterly) Street Railway Supplement (quarterly) State and City Supplement (Semi Annually)

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1897.

NO. 1,647.

Week ending January 9

# The Chronicle.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

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## CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following table, made up by telegraph, etc., indicates that the total bank clearings of all the clearing houses of the United States for the week ending to-day, January 16, nave been \$1,049,120,745, against \$1,248,189,783 last week and \$1,063,045,591 the corresponding week of last year.

OLEARINGS.	Week E	Ending January 16.	
Returns by Telegraph.	1897.	1896.	Per Cent.
New York	\$478,368,061	\$498,022,611	-3.8
Boston	75,761,658	73,044,804	+3;7
Philadelphia	51,431,326	58,378,163	-11.9
Baltimore	12,687,179	13,018,246	-2.3
Chicago	63,462,914	75,663,888	-16.1
St. Louis	24,359,086	21,912,830	+11.2
New Orleans	11,142,580	10,146,583	+9.8
Seven cities, 5 days	\$717,212,802	\$750.187,125	-4.4
Other cities, 5 days	148,926,217	146,019,483	+2.0
Total all cities, 5 days	\$866,139,019	\$896,206,608	-3.4
All cities, 1 day	173,981,726	166,838,983	-4.3
Total all cities for week	\$1,040,120,745	\$1,063,045,591	-2.2

The full details of clearings for the week covered by the above statement will be given next Saturday. We cannot, of course, furnish them to-day, bank clearings being made up by the various clearing houses at noon on Saturday, and hence in the above the last twenty-four hours of the week have to be in all cases estimated, as we go to press Friday night. We present below our usual detailed figures for the previous week, covering the returns for the period ending with Saturday noon, January 9, and the results for the corresponding week in 1896, 1895 and 1894 are also given. Contrasted with the preceding week, there is an increase in the aggregate exchanges of two-hundred and seventy-four million dollars. At New York alone the gain is one-hundred and eighty-five millions. In comparison with the week of 1896 the total for the whole country shows an increase of 10·0 per cent. Compared with the week of 1895 the current returns record a gain of 21·9 per cent and the excess over 1894 is 24·8 per cent. Outside of New York the excess over 1896 is 2·7 per cent. The increase over 1895 reaches 7·9 per cent, and making comparison with 1894 the gain is seen to be 17·5 per cent,

		1								
	Olearings at-	1897.		1896		P. Oe	ne	1915	•	1894
		710.293,		613,214.6			_	533,017,		528,776,088 52,806,281 13, 34,662 14,262,793
	New Yora Philadelphia	71.180.	189	64,070,	263	+11	3.0			52 806 261
	Pittsburg	71,180, 17,348, 18,593,	180	14,622,	140	+10	33	12,800, 15,878,	250	13, 32,662
	Baltimore	4,468.	909	5.201.	54			4.411.4	161	4 120 581
	Buffalo Washington	4,408, 2,156,	102	5,201,4 2,617,8 1,736,3	RD	-1	7.6	4,411,4 2,035,1	170	1,752,807 1,752,807 1,897,600 947,213 684 951
	Rochester	1.85	137	1,736,3	679		9.8	1,490,0	146	1,897,600
	Syracuse Scranton Wilmington	819,	338	1,201,8	17	+1	3.6	943,0 7183	25	684 951
ge AL	Wilmington	129,0	$\frac{314}{100}$	734,4	100	7	1.3	671.8	400 209	701,650 872 400
M.L.	Binghamton Total Middle			724 711,0		+14		634,236,8		618,854,526
ut	1									
h-	Boston	104 887 5	100	88,01%,1 5,492,8 3,046,6	()	+15	9	89 464,5 5,8-5 6 8,010 2	100	85 828 937 4 657,5 <b>00</b> 2 547,906 1,598,803
n-	Providence Hartford New Haven	4,437, 2,102, 1,666,	108	3,046,6	23	+48	7	8,010 :	113	2.547,906
ad	New Haven	1 // 1 / 2 / 3	197	2,006 2	01	+4	0.1	1,619,2	155	1,588,808
	Springfield Worcester	1,415,8	Bul	1,385,5	29	-4-5	121	1,195,0	67	1,329,912 1,069,849
18	Portiand		24	1,433,4	26	+13	13	1,357,0	0 1	1,400.526
or	Fall River	1,001,2	le	2,000 2 1,449,2 1,365,5 1,433,4 951,5 717,6	29	+5 -10	10	514,2	97	8 5,169 631,144 £49,188
	Lowell New Bedford	000,1	UU	0,0,0	28	+38	2	1,619.2 1,481,2 1,485,6 1,357,0 934 8 514,2 426,7	10	£49,188
	Total New Eng	124,174,8	31	105,0808	20	+18	.5	105,888 8	98	100,418,937
00	Chicago	82,530,0	184	95,839,9	82	-13	8	92 295.8	17	85,923,757
00	Cincinneti	1 13,234 8	0.4	13,5,3 0 6,973,9	Ur.	-2	1	92 295,8 14 091,1 5,776,3	50	85,223,787 19,625,100 5,675,636
1.)	Detroit	6,969.9	60	6,666.5	4	+4	0	5,109.9	89	4 621 804
,,	Milwaukee	5,397,6	15	5,004,8	6	+7	8	4,541,8	76	4 188 944
h-	Detroit	6,969,9 5,397,6 3,354,8 2,621,3	13	6,666,5 5,004,3 3,661,7 2,497,2	26	+5	0	1.181.7	98	1,528,770
91	Peoria	1,719.4		1,944,6	0	-13 -2 -8 +4 +7 -8 +5 -11	6	5,109,9 4,541,8 3,982,2 1,181,7 2,187,5	71	4,621,894 4 188 944 3,275,800 1,528,770 1,497,600
-	Toledo	1,677,4	03	1,944,6 1,616,0 920,3	74	+3 -19	0	975,4	06	927,187
	Toledo Grand Rapids Dayton Lexington Kalamazoo	1,677,4 882,8 674,1	77	834,9 834,9 379,43	05	-19	4			
	Lexington	498 × 280 2 298 0 249 6 156 5	81	379,43	36	+31	8	329,8	11	396,500 268,681 193,282
	Akron	298.0	00	312.16	37	-4	ã	293,55 251,2	89	193,282
•	Bay City	249,6	H5	241,79	14	+3	3	392,3: 220 21	25	290.682
- 1	Bay City Rockford Springfield, Ohio.	268.1	04	390,6 312,16 241,76 211,2 227,51 181,8	13	-26 +3 -26 +18 +14	o	220 21	89	188.798 244,017
- 1	Canton		01	181,8	ō	+14	3	227,53 189,50	88	139,888
s	Tot Mid. West's	127,434,6	96	141,427,19	В	-6.	8	132 524,84	18	121,282,679
S	San Francisco	13,999 13	12	13,455,84	0	+4"	0	12,020,50	180	12,077,785
2	San Francisco Salt Lake City Portland Los Angeles	13,999 13 1,890,58 1,521 60 1,349,30	8	13,455,84 1,526,25 1 436,75 1,375,59	0	+4° +23 +6	8	1,850,47 1 249,49 1,852,60	75	12,077,785 1,388,817 1,100,000
il	Portland	1.349.3	2	1.375.59	3	+17·	8	1,252.60	17	835.545
41	Helena	9 4 00		514,64	2	+17	5	660,05	8	835,545 350,000 600,000
- 1	Tacoma	528,64 600 18	2	508,04 560,00 489,15 249,18 93 4	0	+4° +7° +31° -33°	2	515,98 471,07 357,10 182,15 79,14	7	550 826
1	Spokane	044,07	ũ	489,15	6	+31"		357,10	3	312,458 1 <b>62</b> ,299
-1	Fargo Sioux Falls	185,87 75.00	2	249,18	0	-19	2	182,15	2	102,299
	Sioux Falls	21,378,50		20,207,91		+5%		18,147,85	4 .	141,642
	Total Pacific									
1	Kansas City	9,800,00 6,845,04 4,352,82	0	12,000,000 7.911,900 4,665,741 4,311,89	0	-184		9,90J,02 5,261,78 4,380,46 3,451,07	2	9.545.460 5,129.604 5,033.265 2,941.723 2,700,000
1	Minneapolis	4.352.82	5	4,665,74	9	-181 -71 -244 -161		4,380,46	4	5.033,265
1	Omaha St. Paul			4,311,893	2	-24'4		3,451,07	5	2,943,723
1	Denver Davenport	791,06	U	3,102,87 2,766,53	1	-71°8		3,046,63		2,700,000
	St. Joseph Des Moines	1,400 00	0	1,664,000	1	-15.8		1,487 076 1,184.78 6 2,266	и	1,897,313 1,042,073 814 360 662,986
	Des Moines	368.97		632.177		-3.6		672.26	8	814 360
П	Sioux City Liucoln. Wichita	2,603,56 791,06 1,400 00 1,227,05 368,97 423,190	3	2,766,53 1,664,000 1,272,963 632,177 402,184 895,536		+5'2		554,60	3	662,996
1	Wichita	401,04				-12.8		497.203	3	515,380
	Topeka Fremont	57 521	1	565,658 83,708 79,000		-41°6 +5°2 -33°5 -12°8 -31°1 +36°7	1	554,603 613 353 497,203 76,683	2	406,166 91 748 72,000
	Hastings	2001.00		79,000	-	-19.8	-	08,093	N.	72,000
1	Tot. other West	31,965,933	1	39,844,219				31,145,648		80,815,228
18	St. Louis	31,679,402 10,278,313		25,598,026 11,038,526 6,458,072 2,718,742		+23.3		27.910.934 11.089,283 6,664,566 3,481,940 3,095,000		24,896,762 12,386,740 6,473,048 3,018,498 2,998,618 2,233,747 2,529,650 2,249,771
H	New Orleans	7.220.052		6.458 072	1	+11.8		6.664.566		6.473.048
1 1	Jalveston	2,982,100		2,718,742		+11.8 +9.7 +8.9		3,081,940		3,018,498
I i	louston	2 589.461		2,931,920		+10.1		3,095,000	1	2,898 618
1 1	kichmond	10,278,313 7,240,052 2,982,100 3,0 7,487 2,589,461 2,600,000 2,108,653 2,187,055 1,411,512 1,490,025	1	2,173,923 2,578,624		+191 +101 +78 +146 +131 +135		2,967,509		2,529 650
		2.187 055		2,698,940		+14.6		2,071,479		1,259,960
Ιí	tlanta	1,411,512		1,244,416		+18.1		2,071,479 1,411,485 1,1,5,512 1,033,560		1,071,755
N	ashville	1,490,025		1,313,367	1	+13.5		1,033,560	1	1,089,250
		1,490,25 1,071,187 1,138,444 721,569 846,67P		1,908,442 1,244,416 1,313,367 1,173,643 987,381	,	+15.3		975,175 1,294,985 1,072,421 629,456 378,968		1,071,755 1,089,250 1,126,987 1,020,000 603,786
B	Vaco ort Worth	721,569		987,381 772,701 900,511		-66 -60		1.072,421		603,736
A	ugusta	410,834		479.808		-14'9		378,963		200,785
K	noxville	410,834 533,301 391,521		463,029 858,068		-3.6 +15.1 +15.1		494 999		
Ļ	ittle Rock	293,868		319,946		-3.6		521,793		459,294 204,329
d	acksonville	826,815		319,946 293,558	-	-11.5	_	484 283 521,793 210,000		
	Total Southern.	74.103,568	-	68,714,357	-	+11.1	6	8,707,404		83,508,880
	Total all	1,208,159,789	1,0	97,985,520	-	10 0	99	0,651,683	98	2,879,022
	Outside N. York	497,896,365	340.00	84,771,431	_	+2.7	_	8.634,142	43	8,602,934
T	ontreal	10,474,446	,	12,782,187 8,427.837 1,610,049	4	24.3		1,566,817 6,811 163 1,828,224		6,943,011
H	allf	1,552 337		1,610,049	-	-3.6	1	1,828.224		1.152,803
17	ailfinnigesamilton	9,936,583 10,474,449 1,552,337 1,515,409 847,025		1,540,306 774,373		-22'3 -24'3 -3'6 -1'6 +0'4	-	694,882		0,661,608 6,948,011 1,152,808 1,115,808 711,645
		009,212		******		_		- 1		******
_	Total Canada,	24,325,840	9	5,184.752	-	-8 2	2	.511.659	2	0 584 887
	* Not included in	totals.								

# THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The leading incidents of the week have been the defeat of the Pacific Railroad funding bill, the signing of the arbitration treaty by Great Britain and the United States, the continued flow of currency from the interior towards New York with its natural result a demoralized money market, and the return of variable rates for foreign exchange. Easier exchange with which last week closed continued until Monday and was a result mainly of the unchanged condition of our foreign trade movement-that is, very large exports and very small imports, the easier tendency being aided no doubt by maturing long bills bought two and three months ago for investment; on the other hand the hardening of the rates subsequently was reported to be due in part to more purchases for investment, but also to a special movement, the borrowing by London in New York of amounts to be oaned in the former city so as to secure the profit which the difference in interest rates promised.

We are told by banks through which some of the transactions just referred to have been effected that they have been large. The operation consists in the making, say, of a sixty-day draft in London by a banking house there upon its New York correspondent, sending it hither for acceptance and discount. The proceeds are promptly remitted to London through sight sterling or cable transfers. When the sixty-day draft matures the drawer must of course provide the funds for its payment. In this way London has been getting the use of the money obtained from our market for sixty days at, say, 2 per cent and has employed the money in London at 3 per cent, that havin g been the open market discount rate ruling at that center until the latter part of the week, when rates fell off a fraction.

These operations are attended with risk and look a little as if this kind of business was being carried on now more for the purpose of keeping up the exchange market and saving parties from loss on previous investment purchases than for the profit the new ventures may yield. If general business does not revive, imports of merchandise will not show the increase usual at this season of the year. In that case it is not impossible that our unliquid ated trade balance should get so large as to cause embarrasement, that is loss, to those who are engaged in such manipulations. The hope, however, and may we not say the expectation, these operators entertain is that an extra session of Congress soon after the fourth of March, and the progress of tariff legislation during the extra session, will for a time so largely increase the imports of goods hastened forward to get into warehouse before the higher duties go into effect, that the trade balance will be reversed, exchange rates be advanced in a natural way, and the manipulators helped out, even if trade revival does not stimulate the movement of foreign merchandise hitherward.

The foreign trade figures for the month of December and for the year ending with December were given out yesterday by Mr. Ford, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics. We pullish the details lower down in this article with some very interesting comparisons. Next week we shall give our usual comprehensive review of the trade for 1896. But the totals are instructive in connection with the foregoing remarks with reference to foreign exchange. It appears that the merchandise balance in favor of the United States for the 12 "that a banking system be provided which shall

months ending with December is \$325,322,184, the largest balance ever recorded within a similar period, What, however, is of still more importance as bearing on present transactions in exchange is the fact that the merchandise balance for the six months since July 1 has been \$250,365,753, or over 85 million dollars larger than ever before; and if we include the whole trade, that is, merchandise, gold and silver, the net balance is still found to be over 203 million dollars. This statement indicates what those who are speculating in foreign exchange are fighting against. We have shown on previous occasions that the United States owes Europe every year for interest freights, etc., not to exceed 150 millions of dollars annually. But the foregoing balance is only for the last six months; hence, deducting one-half this interest etc. item from the above balance, we have left 128 million dollars, which, less the net security movement since July 1 1896, represents the amount owing to the United States and still unpaid by the outside

We are sorry the Pacific Railroad funding bill, which has been before Congress, was lost. At least this we affirm, that it would have been considered an act of good omen had Congress passed some feasible law under which the tangled affairs of those great properties could have been straightened out and settled. Possibly Congress will do something even yet, though it appears late to begin new legislation. As at present situated these defaulted roads constitute one of the burdens under which our industries are suffering. Although the roads are kept agoing during their neceiverships, their efficiency is lessened and the capital in them is largely unproductive. Every such half-dead thing is an incubus, somewhat after the character that insolvent firms with corresponding assets and liabilities would be while their affairs were undergoing liquidation in the hands of assignees. Still, even if Congress does nothing, these railroad properties are not likely to be left much longer in the position they now are. Foreclosure proceedings already in progress must soon come to a head; or if not that, judging from the statement in President Cleveland's message with reference to the Pacific roads, the Government will not delay action under its mortgage many weeke. Thus, in some way it is quite reasonable to suppose that the non-action by our legislators will not long hence be found to have forced rather than retarded the rehabilitation of these properties.

We should not omit to mention as a most hopeful event of the week the Sound Money Convention at Indianapolis and its wise action. The gathering was a non partisan meeting of business men for consultation upon currency reform, the vital issue of the day affecting our industries; the resolutions passed showed that the delegates had not only diagnosed the disease carefully, but that they had studied the case so closely as to know, in providing a cure, how to touch with extreme accuracy the very points any perfect system for this country must make provision for. First of all the Convention brushed aside all nostrums and palliatives by stating that "a consistent, straightforward and deliberately planned monetary system" had "become absolutely necessary; next it declared that a gold standard must be maintained; next "that steps should be taken to ensure the ultimate retirement of all classes of United States notes by a gradual and steady process;" finally,

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every facilities to furnish credit the country and a safe and elastic circulation, '&c. Here are the outlines of the work to be done, simply, clearly and concisely stated. Any one can take them and fill out the thought by merely preparing a scheme carrying the suggestions into effect. Some may find them a little iconoclastic in character, because they call for the breaking up and throwing into the scrap basket of many matured plans-matured before the present currency conditions fully developed-but cherished as idols now. It is consequently a great gain to have had the practical business man's idea put into such a living shape. There is no doubt of its speedy growth in popularity among those who are working for sound money. The developments day by day of the losses which the present unscientific currency arrange-

ments are producing will enable all honest men not

long hence to see that the Convention's action just meets the needs of the country.

Last week's bank statement showed unexpectedly large increases in cash and in deposits. This was due about one-half to the disbursements of the Treasury and the other half to the movement of currency from the interior to this centre. There was a gain of \$17, 523,200 in deposits, while the increase in cash was **\$**15.017.800. Comparisons of the bank statements show that since the week ending November 7 there has been an addition of \$48,936,500 to the loans. of \$13,190,400 to the specie, of \$43,390,800 the legal tenders, of \$109,600,600 to the deposits and of \$29,181,050 to the surplus reserve. Naturally enough under such circumstances the money market has all the time been growing easier, the tendency continuing through this week. For instance, the call loan branch of the market, in which the average has heretofore been about 2 per cent, has ruled this week at an average nearer 14 per cent; for time contracts the tendency has been more decidedly downward, and on Wednesday 2 per cent was quoted for sixty days and 3 per cent for six months; rates for commercial paper have also been lower, as will be seen in our review below.

The iron trade, which by many is always looked upon as a sort of barometer of our industries, just now seems to be reflecting pretty accurately the general business situation. Things are better than they were before the election, but the progress towards a full revival of activity is much slower than had been expected. The "Iron Age" has this week published its usual monthly statement showing the number of pig iron furnaces in blast, with their capacity per week, and the further addition during the late mouth is seen to have been quite smal'. In brief the number of active furnaces has been increased by only 7, raising the total to 154. These 7 were quite large furnaces, adding 17,442 tons to the weekly production, but even after this increase the product is only 159,720 tons per week. Of course as compared with the low point ou October 1, when the weekly output was down to but 112,782 tone, there has been a very substantial recovery, the increase of 46,938 per week being at the rate of about two and a half million tons per year. But we have only to go back to the 1st of July, just before Bryan's nomination, to see how far from a normal state we still are. against 154 active furnaces As now, the number then was 191, and against the present product of 159,720 tons per week, the product at that time was 180,532 tons. But even

and if we compare with the 1st of January last year we find that the number of furnaces in blast then was no less than 241 (or 87 more than at present), and the weekly product 207,481 tons, as against only 159,720 tons now. When at its maximum, namely November 1 1895, the weekly output was 217,306 tons, or at the rate of nearly three million tons per year better than the present rate. The reports from the iron centres this week speak of a somewhat more active demand in the various branches of the trade, and possibly if Congress does not put an embargo on the movement, the production of pig will now be further materially increased. It would be interesting to know what had been the course of accumulated stocks-whether there had been a further decrease-but the "Age" does not give the statistics this time.

We make this week an analysis and compilation of the gross earnings of United States railroads for the late calendar year. The net earnings for the twelve months of course will not be known for some time. The latest returns in this case cover the month of November, though one or two roads which issue their statements with unusual promptness have already furnished figures for December. The Union Pacific for November reports \$44,090 increase in gross but \$71,-507 decrease in net; the Illinois Central \$283,933 decrease in gross, \$343,830 decrease in net; the Atlantic & Pacific \$5,864 decrease in gross, \$37,858 increase in net; the Fort Worth & Denver City \$9,963 increase in gross, \$30,054 increase in net; the Chicago & Northern Pacific \$6,048 decrease in gross, \$687 increase in net; the Choctaw Oklahoma & Gulf, \$4,968 increase in gross and \$9,277 increase in net; and the Norfolk & Western, \$49,362 decrease in gross and \$16,661 increase The following is a four-year comparison for a number of roads which have during the week furnished returns for November.

	_	November	Barnings	
# sme of Road-	1896.	1895.	1894.	1998.
Chicago & West Michigan Gross Net	129,251 20,536	189,017 25 752	1 6,171 33.005	146,520
Detroit Lans. & NorthernGross Net	93,433 9,769	89,403 19,367	97,239	101,898
Ft. Worth & Denver CityGross Net	134,724 62,526	124,761 88 472	91,-34	154,465 55,637
Grand Trunk	1,612,509 439,252	1,62 ,740	1,649,047	1,779,890 477,010
Illinois Central*Gross	1,873,415	2,157,338 83 1 297	1,962,871	1,991.166
Morfolk & Western	903,739 243,076	958,101 226,415	916.270 234,783	842,228 237,579
Philadelphia & Erie Gross Net	476,596 164,615	450,972 151,787	384.642	403,738 110,698

<sup>\*</sup> Includes St. Louis Alton & Terre Hante for all the years

The amount of gold and of gold obligations t urned into the Sab-Treasury in exchange for legal tenders this week was \$300,000. The net gold in the Tressury officially reported from Washington on Friday of last week was \$138,624,814 and the amount so reported on Friday of this week was \$141,086,876.

Money on call, representing bankers' balances, has, as already stated, loaned this week generally at 1½ and at 1¾ per cent, with some loans at 2, and the average has been a fraction below 14 per cent. Banks quote 2 per cent as the minimum, trust companies loan at 1½ per cent. The inquiry for time contracts is light, many intending borrowers feeling that they can ob ain better rates later on, and lenders have this week made concessions in rates. Quotations are 2 per cent for sixty days, 21 for ninety days to four months, and 3 for five to six months, on good Stock Excharge collateral. The demand for commercial paper is so urgent from almost every quarter that all offerings are promptly absorbed and brokers report an increasing business. in July the output had already greatly dwindled, Rates are 3@3½ per cent for sixty to ninety day en-

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dorsed bills receivable, 3104 for first-class and 4105 for good four to six months' single names.

There has been no feature of importance in the European financial situation this week. The Bank of England minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 4 per cent. The cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety day bank bills in London 2 15-16 per cent. The open market rate at Paris is 2 per cent and at Berlin and Frankfort it is 31 per cent; according to our spec ial cable from London the Bank of England gained £1,076,190 bullion during the week and held £35,594,-282 at the close of the week. Our correspondent further advises us that the gain was due to receipts from the interior of Great Britain of £948,000 net and imports of £128,000, of which £108,000 were from Australia and £20,000 from China.

The foreign exchange market, though it opened easy, has been generally firm this week, with a good demand for long sterling for investment. The offerings of maturing sixty day bills have been moderately large, but they have made only a slight impression upon the market, and part of the demand for short sterling and for cable transfers has come from remittances of the proceeds of London drafts discounted by some of our banks, as related above. The market after being easy Saturday opened firmer on Monday, and the range for posted rates was from 4 841 to 4 851 for sixty day and from 4 871 to 4 881 for sight, nearly all the drawers advancing their rates half a cent compared with the close on Friday and Saturday a week ago, and there was also an advance of half a cent in rates for actual business, to 4 841 @4 844 for long, 4 871 @4 874 for short and 4 88@4 881 for cable transfers. There was no change in nominal rates on the following day, but a supply of maturing long bills made short sterling and cable transfers easier and rates for actual business in these fell one-quarter of a cent to 4 871@4 871 for the former and 4 874@4 88 for the latter, while rates for long sterling were unchanged. The range for posted rates on Wednesday was 4 85 to 4 851 for sixty-day and 4 88 to 4 88½ for sight. The market was quoted steady, with rates for actual business unchanged. On Thurs day posted rates remained unaltered while those for actual business advanced one-quarter of a cent all around to 4 844@4 85 for long, 4 871@4 874 for short and 4 88@4 884 for cable transfers. The market closed firm, especially for long sterling. Yesterday the range for posted rates remained 4 85@4  $85\frac{1}{2}$ for sixty-day and 4 88@4 88½ for sight, and no change occurred in the rates for actual business. The following shows the daily posted rates for exchange by some of the leading drawers.

DAILY POSTED RATES FOR FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

	Fal.,	Mon.,	TUBS.,	WED.,	THUR.,	FRI.,
	Jan. 8	Jan. 11,	Jan. 12,	Jan. 13.	Jan. 14.	Jan. 15
Brown Bros 60 days.	843 <u>6</u>	85	85	95	85-16	8516
	88	88	88	88	88-16	8016
Baring, Magoun & Co., Sight	8436	85 88	8516	8514 8834	8516	85 14 88 14
Bank British 60 days.	85	8514	8516	8516	8834	85%
No. America. Sight	88	8814	8816	8816		88%
Bank of 60 days.	8416	85	85	85	85	8516
Montreal Sight		88	88	88	88	88×6
Onnadian Bank   60 days.	8434	8436	8436	85	85	65
of Commerce.   Sight	8734	8736	8736	88	88	68
Heidelbach, Ick-   60 days.	85	8516	8514	88%	8516	8514
elheimer & Co.   Sight	98	8816		88%	8816	8814
Lazard Freres 60 days.	85 88	88%	8516 8816	8516 8816	8536 8636	8514
Merchants' Bk.   60 days.	8414	85 88	85 88	85 88	85 88	85 88

The market closed firm on Friday at 4 85@4 851 for sixty-day and 4 88@4 881 for sight. Rates for actual business were 4 844@4 85 for long, 4 874@4 874 for short and 488@4881 for cable transfers; prime com mercial bills were 4 84@4 841 and documentary 4 831 corresponding date last year.

The Bureau of Statistics at Washington has @4 84. this week issued the statement of the country's foreign trade for December, and we give the figures below in our usual form.

FOREIGN TRADE MOVEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES. in the following tables three ciphers (000) are in all cases omitted.

		-1896				-1895	
1	Exports.	Importa.	Hxceas.		Exports.	Imports	Ezcess
Merch'di	se. \$						
JanMarch.	2 10,099	197,573	+42,521		204,374	195,139	+7.218
AplJuae	20 1,513	174,08)	+32,133		154,491	196,441	-11.950
July-Sept	221,450	152,434	+69,016		171,082	209,443	-38.381
October	113,523	59,483	+63.030		87,001	75,080	+12,011
November	109,083	30,015	+59,018		87,313	63,345	+22.968
December	117,227	57,956	+59,271		92,529	62,201	+30,328
Total 1	.005,878	680,556	+325,322		824,860	801,669	+23.191
Gold-							
JanMarch.	13,134	22,805	-9,471		30,621	14,109	+16,512
AplJune	29,901	2,561	+27,240		4,611	11,876	-7.205
Jaly-Sept	12,636	39,723	-27,087		37,958	2.855	+35,103
Uctober	343	27,96)	-27,617		1,871	1,797	+77
November.	423	7.346	-6,923		14,059	591	+13.465
December	496	2,572	-2,166		15,489	1,311	+14,171
Total	56,743	102,767	-46,021		104,605	32,539	+72,086
Silver.					4.0. 000		
JanMarch.	15,280	3,822	+11,458		10,318	1,609	+9,013
AplJune	14.649	2,123	+12,525		1 3,280	2,707	+10,573
July-Sept	16.513	2,510	+14,003		1 4,767	3,667	+11,100
October	4,795	994	+3,801		4,594	1,393	+3,201
November	4,973	1,775	+3,198		5,414	1,029	+4,385
December	6,820	1,280	+5,540		5,160	884	+4,276
Total	63,029	12,504	+50,525		<b>53</b> ,833	11,256	+4:2.547
Gold in O		94.3	000		207	000	
JanMarch.	33	358	-328		285	259	+27
AplJune	23	430	-394		33	573	540
July-Sept October		542	-531		8	475	-467
November	25 45	233 143	-208 -93		14	214	200
December	23	227	-201		15	227	-212
	-				7	110	-103
Total	810	1,963	-1,753		362	1,857	-1.495
Silver in						-	
JanMarch.	192	4,291	-4,099		****	2.877	-2,877
AplJune	145	4,559	-4,114		36	3,201	-3,165
July-Sept	228	4,392	-4,164		64	3.050	-2,986
Cotober	179	1,489	-1,310		100	1,180	-1.080
November	148	1,338	-1,190		72	1,093	-1,020
December	101	1,661	-1,580		108	1,687	-1.581
Total	993	17,730 -	-16,737		378	13,037	-12,709
Total	,		-16,737 cess of imp	ort		13,037	

We subjoin the totals for merchandise, gold and silver for the twelve months since January 1 for six

	ME	BCHAND	ISE.		GOLD			SILVE	ik.
Twelve Mos.	Exports.	Imports.	Excess of Exports	Ex- ports.	Im- ports.	Excess of Exports	Bæ-	Im- ports.	Excess of Bz- ports
							3		
1896.	1,005,878	640,556	325322	56,953	104,730	*47.777	64,022	30,234	33,788
1895.	*24.8f0	801,669	23,191	104,967	34,396	70,571	54,211	24,373	<b>29.888</b>
1 494.	825,102	676,313	148789	101 850	21,351	80.499	47,246	17,634	29,612
1893.	875,932	766 210	109592	79,984	73,281	6,703	46,358	27.766	18,592
1892.	934.421	840 931	97,490	76,582	17,451	59,0-1	35,976	21,726	14,250
1891.	970,110	828,331	142189	79,086	44,970	34,116	27.693	18,193	9.500

In the last table gold and silver in ore for 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896 are given under the heads respectively of gold and silver; for the other years both are included in the merchandise figures.

The following statement gives the week's movements of money to and from the interior by the New York banks.

Week Ending Jan. 15, 1867.		Shipped by N. Y. Banks.	
Gold	\$7,754,000 807,000	4-1	Gain.\$4,373,000 Gain. 396,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$8,561,000	\$3,792,000	Gain.\$4,769,000

With the Sub-Treasury operations the result is as follows.

Week Ending Jan. 15, 1897.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks' interior movement, as above		\$3,792,000	Gain.\$4,769,000
Sab-Treasury operations	18,300,000	14,300,000	Gain. 4,000,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$26,861,000	\$18,092,000	Gain.\$8,769,000

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the IV.

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8 -7,215 1,950 18,381 2,011 12,968 10,328

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6,512 7,265 5,103 +77 3,469 4,171

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1,100 3,241 4,385 1,276

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-540 -467 -200 -212 -103 1,495

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	J	an. 14, 189	7.	Jan. 16, 1896.					
Bank of	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.			
	£	£	£	£	£	£			
Ongland	35,594,283		35,594,282			46,052,703			
France	76.199,845	49,021,329	125,221,174	77,298,890	49,386,427	126,665,71			
German)*		13,745,383			14,817,990	44,903,000			
Aust. Hung'y		12,581,000		24,420,000	12,673,000	37,093,900			
		10,080,000		8,004,000	10,110,000	18,114,000			
Spain	2,634,000		9,455,000	3,374,000	6,822,000	10,198,000			
Nat. Belgium	2,798,000		4,194,000	2,673,333	1,336,667	4,010,000			
	199 597 794	98 646 662	277,184,456	191,907,938	95,128,494	287,034,420			
Tot.prev. w'k	181,734,949	93,865,490	275,099,529	190,707,204	94,642,200	235,349,404			

\*The division (between gold and silver) given in our table of coin and bullion in the Bank of Germany and the Bank of Belgium is made from the best estimate we are able to obtain; in neither case is it claimed to be accurate, as these banks make no distinction in their weekly returns, merely reporting the total gold and silver, but we believe the division we make is a close approximation.

NOTE.—We receive the foregoing results weekly by oable, and while not all of the date given at the head of this column, they are the returns issued nearest to that date-that is, the latest reported figures.

# THE ARBITRATION TREATY.

Almost exactly a year ago the outlook for peaceful relations between ourselves and foreign States, and between these European powers and one another, had darkened to a degree not witnessed since the last continental war. At the close of 1895 the United States was in a flame of hostile sentiment against Great Britain. The dramatic "Jameson raid" had drawn the German E nperor into a public attitude which, as even the conservative London "Economist" declared, was "a piece of gratuitous insolence" which the British people "are bound to resist, even if resistance costs them a great war." The Armenian massacres had complicated the tangled European diplomatic situation; the preliminary rumors of Congressional action such as would logically force a war with Spain were already circulating.

We venture to say that the historian will have some trouble, when he studies the present generation philosophically, to explain this extraordinary and almost world-wide outburst of warlike feeling. Part of it certainly was a mere coincidence, yet it did undoubtedly for the time appear as if almost every one of the Great Powers was eager to enter upon an angry international dispute. Particularly in this country, the fury with which the press and people rushed into talk of foreign war suggested latent possibilities from which most of us have believed our nation to be completely The singular part of the narrative, when it is written in comprehensive history, will be the sudden and universal subsidence of the outbreak. The ringleader of the Transvaal raid is brought to England, tried and convicted by a jury of his countrymen. The German Emperor's official organs in the press virtually apologize for him. The Powers apparently co-operate harmoniously to force on Turkey observance of the rules of humanity. The Senators, bent on Cuban intervention, abandon their scheme before they have brought the resolution to a vote. Last of all, the critical dispute over the Venezuela boundary is almost forgotten, while the issue of that one small problem is superseded by an arbitration treaty between the two States lately on the verge of conflict so broad and permanent in its provisions that it may properly be described as a revolution in diplomacy. We question if history can anywhere provide, within the compass of a single year, so dramatic and significant a contrast.

The arbitration treaty, which was signed at Wash. Great Britain and of the United States, grew in one umpire selected by these four.

sense out of the Venezuelan dispute. The plan did not, however, by any means originate with that controversy. Arbitration, special or general, may be said to have been a recognized policy of this Government since the submission of the Alabama Claims to such a court in 1871. It has been peculiarly the policy of the present Administration. Long before the Venezuela episode the State Department was at work on plans for a general arbitration treaty. Negotiations to that end were conducted with great assiduity by the late Secretary Gresham; and Secretary Olney, on his succession to the office, found much of the preliminary work already done.

A very powerful influence was however exerted by the Venezuela episode in this respect: that the actual crisis which arose between the two nations a year ago proved the immediate necessity for a permanent understanding such as could be appealed to in emergency. Two years ago the suggestion of war between Great Britain and the United States would have been regarded as absurd. Twenty-five years ago President Grant, referring in his annual message to the treaty of Washington, expressed the "sincere hope," which was clearly the popular conviction, that the friendly relations between the two governments, left by that treaty "without a shadow, may forever remain equally unclouded." Diplomatists, sharing this conviction, took their time. But the extraordinary outbreak at the close of 1895 opened the eyes of statesmen. It undoubtedly startled our own administrators quite as much as it did the English public leaders. can seriously suppose to-day that the President, in issuing his special message of December 17, contemplated any such popular explosion as resulted.

The warning to both parties to the controversy was so unmistakable that the work of the new Venezuela Commission was at once overshadowed and eventually quite superseded in public interest by the negotiations for the larger treaty. From the moment that the general arbitration plan was known to be on foot, the Venezuela question practically disappeared from public notice. The universal satisfaction over this turn in events is the best imaginable proof that the "war talk" of a year ago did not represent the true and sober sentiment of our people. Lord Salisbury's announcement, at the Lord Mayor's banquet on November 9, that the terms of a general arbitration treaty were already virtually settled, received almost as conspicuous notice in the press and in public discussion as did the original Venezuela message. Last Tuesday's formal publication of the treaty was received with an enthusiasm which leaves no doubt whatever

as to the feeling of the United States.

The terms of the treaty thus formally submitted are clear and comprehensive. Its provisions cover three distinct classes of disputes: Claims not involving territory and amounting singly or in a group to less than £100,000; similar claims exceeding £100,000; and controversies involving the determination of territorial claims. Of these the first and smallest class are to be settled by three arbitrators; two "jurists of repute" named respectively by the two governments, and an umpire chosen by these two. Pecuniary claims exceeding £100,000 are to be settled by a similar tribunal if unanimous decision can be obtained. If unanimity is not obtainable the decision may on appeal be reviewed by a second tribunal of five other "jurists of repute," ington last Monday by the official representatives of two named by each of the contracting Powers and an

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The third class of cases, embracing territorial claims, is naturally the most delicate of all. Such disputes are to be submitted to a tribunal of six members; three of them Justices of the United States Supreme Court or circuit courts, named by the President, and three Judges of the British Supreme Court of Judicature or members of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, named by the Queen. This tribunal, in order that its verdict shall be binding and final, must award by a majority of not less than five to one. But decision by less than this five-sixths majority shall also be final, unless either Power file its protest within three months. In any case, it is provided that no recourse to hostile measures shall be had until the mediation of one or more friendly Powers shall have been invited. Finally, in the event of failure by either of the two first-named tribunals to choose the umpire requisite to complete their membership, such umpire shall be appointed by the King of Sweden; this sovereign being obviously named as the ruler most removed, politically and territorially, from any association which would prejudice his individual judgment. The treaty is to remain in force absolutely for five years, and permanently thereafter, unless on twelve months' notice by either government of its wish to terminate the agreement. time and place of meeting are left to the decision of the tribunal itself, and decisions are, if possible, to be rendered within three months.

Such are the chief points of this exceedingly important document. Its terms are largely based on those of the Treaty of Washington signed May 8 1871. It differs from that memorable State paper, however, not only in its permanency of character, but in some of its essential provisions. As might naturally have been expected, from the difference in the scope of the two treaties, the precautions and safeguards thrown about the present convention are by far the greater. The Geneva commission established by the former Washington treaty consisted of five arbitrators named respictively by the President of the United States, the Queen of England, the King of Italy, the President of the Swiss Confederation and the Emperor of Brazil, and decision by majority vote was to be final. The claims submitted to the Geneva Commission were, however, pecuniary; the case in point and the principles goveraing that case were thoroughly well defined. Tae award, therefore, necessarily depended almost wholly on the tribunal's judgment of the facts.

It will be seen at a glance how far the scope of this month's treaty extends beyond that of the treaty of The pecuniary claims considered under the treaty of this year will, indeed, resemble in general character or principle the questions at issue twenty five years ago, and the tribunals provided for such cases, in the earlier articles of the treaty, are for that reason not unlike those under which the Geneva commission acted. But territorial disputes open a very different problem. Such questions, it is known, presented the chief difficulty in the negotiation. It was on this very point that Lord Salisbury stood out longest; nor was Great Britain any more vitally concerned than we. That such questions should be submitted in advance to a tribunal chiefly made up, as the Geneva commission was, of nominees of other foreign States, it was scarce'y reasonable to expect. No such provision appears in the article governing cases of this order. In territorial disputes the rights of the two contracting parties are guarded jeal-ously. Such claims of us many vicissitudes and troubles, for its high pur

navolve, as was sufficiently shown in the Venezuel controversy, examination of intricate points of law and precedent; therefore selection of the arbitrators in wisely stipulated from the highest law courts of the nations. Such claims peculiarly affect, moreover, the interests, remote or immediate, of neutral States; therefore no umpire from the outside is provided for.

Indeed, the more the Sixth Article of the treaty is studied, the more the conviction deepens that only the highest exercise of enlightened judgment and public spirit will make possible, in a case of serious dispute, a positive settlement by the court of arbitration. Reduced to its simplest terms, the meaning of this article is that territorial disputes can be positively settled by the arbitrators only in case two out of the three judicial authorities named by one contesting Power shall decide against the claim of their own gov. ernment. This is certainly as much of conservation as the most jealous Power could demand. Judge Harlan did indeed vote against the claim of the United States in the Bering Sea ar itration of 1893; but his was the only American vote thus cast. In advance of actual experience in a serious case, it would be hard to say how far the arbitration court would serve in purpose.

Be that as it may, the treaty is an auspicious achievement. As the President observes in his message of transmittal, " although the result reached may not meet the views of the advocates of imm-diate, uplimited and irrevocable arbitration," it must neverthe less be "recognized as making a long step in the right direction, and as embodying a practical working plan by which disputes between the two countries will reach a peaceful adjustment as a matter of course and in ordinary routine." The approval of the Senate is anticipated. The arrangement, as we have seen, is much more guarded and conservative in terms even than that of 1871. It is open to no such objection as the orginal convention of 1869 regarding the Alabama claims, a treaty which the Senate reas mably enough rejected. That treaty provided an umpire who would decide individually all cases on which the arbitrators for the contracting Powers disagreed; in substance the whole decision was placed in his hands only. The present treaty is as far removed as possible from any such fundamental weakness. Nor need any importance be attached to newspaper rumors of opposition on the ground that the King of Sweden is allowed too large dictation. This suggestion is without reason. Resert to his judgment, in the first place, is not allowed at all in territorial disputes, and in pecuniary matter it is provided only in the case that the arbitrators of the two contesting States shall fail to select their own umpire. We attach quite as little significance to the current vague reports that other foreign Powers are discontented with a treaty of such intimate association between Great Britain and the United States. If these Powers feel that either England or our nation has gained undue advantage as compared with other States, there is an easy remedy. Let such other Powers open negotiations for similar arbitration treaties for their own benefit.

It is our belief, in short, that the treaty will meet the cordial approval of the civilized world, as it has already received the prompt approval of American public sentiment. This second treaty of Washington worthily closes an administration noteworthy, in spite

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reaty is hat only nt and serious arbitr. aning of

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Mr. Cleveland had no other claim on the recognition of history, the repeal of the Silver Purchase Act in the first months of his second term and the settlement of the arbitration problem near its close, would ensure its place. This final achievement is in truth a step in the march of civilization which promises to affect the whole world's history. It is the honorable distinction of the United States that for a generation it has taken the initiative in this vital problem.

# THE REPORT OF THE LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

In taking up the report of the Lehigh Valley one is forcibly impressed with the fact of changed methods. Time was (and not so very long ago either) when the company's annual reports did not even contain a balance sheet. Now not only this essential of a complete report is furnished, but the announcement is made in the report that the monthly publication of the results of the business of both the railroad company and the Lehigh Valley Coal Company will be begun with the current fiscal year. Farthermore, we are told that the English system of annual examination of the company's accounts by public accountants-in other words, the system of an independent audit—is also under consideration by a committee of the board of directors. We will only say as to these departures that they are steps of the right kind, and indicate the desire of those directing the management to meet the wants of security holders and the public for fuller and more frequent information, accompanied by the assurance that the accounts as presented are in accordance with accurate methods of accounting.

The Lehigh Valley is one of the larger anthracite coal-carrying properties, and in the anthracite trade, as our readers know, the conditions the late year were very unfavorable. We will not go so far as to assert that it was the worst year ever experienced in the trade, but it was at all events a very poor year. As a matter of fact the anthracite situation has been unsatisfactory for a good many years, the hopes of an improvement having unfortunately again and again been The suspension of dividends by the disappointed. Lehigh Valley in 1893, after a continuous dividend record extending over thirty-five years, can not perhaps entirely be ascribed to the coal trade situation. It followed in part from the burdens imposed by the extension of the lines of the system. These extensions were made with the view to strengthening the road s position and diversify its traffic, and the fruits of that policy, as we shall presently show, are now appearing in increased traffic and revenues. But the immediate effects were rather disappointing. The heavier charges entailed by these various outlays began to accrue at once, while the development of the new sources of traffic (particularly at a time of depression in the business world) was necessarily slow. Simultaneously the roal had to contend with a great strike and with other adverse circumstances.

Giving due weight, however, to all this, it still remains true that the conditions in the anthra cite trade, not only during 1:96 but for some years past, have been decidedly adverse, and that all the anthracite carriers, even the largest and strongest among

pose and honest effort in behalf of public welfare. If to reduce its dividends from the basis of 7 per cent per annum to 5 per cent, and the Lehigh Coal & Navigation, an allied corporation, in 1894 came down to a 4 per cent basis. Then the Delaware & Hudson has now also made a reduction in its rate of distribution, dropping from 7 per cent per annum to 5 per cent. This leaves the Luckawanna as the only one of the large anthracite carriers still maintaining the old rate of dividend payments.

> In the late year if the industrial situation had not taken such a disastrous turn the anthracite trade would undoubtedly have shown decided improvement. The various anthracite interests had at last (in January 1896) abandoned their policy of ruinous strife and substituted common-sense methods for the indefensible practices previously in vogue. They had been mining coal without limit, and carried competition so far that the profit from the business was extinguished. They decided to curtail production and bring it down more nearly to the demand. Hence a very radical policy of restriction was inaugurated. Yet President Wilbur says it was not until midsummer that the price received for coal covered its cost. There were three reasons for this. In the first place the advance in the selling prices of coal was made only gradually; in the second place all the companies had large future contracts outstanding at low prices, and in the third place the expense of operating the collieries is increased when production is small. Unquestionably, however, the benefits expected from the new policy would have accrued the latter part of the year except for the intense depression in trade which developed as the result of the silver agitation. This caused a very great falling off in the demand for coal, so that though better prices prevailed the companies disposed of greatly diminished amounts of coal. The consumption, indeed, fell so much below expectations that the output once more ran greatly ahead of it, leaving supplies again accumulating.

> Mr. Wilbur says that the better rates obtained in the latter part of the year produced an undiminished net revenue, not withstanding the loss in tonnage. He points out, however, that unless something is done to prevent sales for future delivery at the lower prices usually current in the early part of the year, and to avoid excessive output of coal when not required, the favorable result anticipated for the current year may fail of realization. The anthracite companies should certainly take care to guard against such an outcome. At the same time it appears to us that the situation is measurably more satisfactory than it was twelve months The carriers have the trade better in hand, contracts at the old low prices are nearly all out of the way, and then also we think the indications point unmistakably to a revival of activity in our industries, ensuring an augmented consumption of coal, under which the difficulties in the trade must disappear.

Quite apart from the improved outlook in this branch of the company's business, the road's general traffic is being steadily developed, even in the face of industrial depression, and this growth will of course also be accelerated in the event of trade revival. The development in the direction referred to has been very striking during the last two years. We have adverted above to the enlargement of the system's mileage. Since the opening of the Buffalo extension in 1892 the company has them, have suffered from that cause. Not only has had a through line under its own control extending the Reading had to be reorganized again, but the Cen-from New York to Buffslo. It has also made a numtral of New Jersey felt obliged in the last half of 1895 ber of other acquisitions, the most record of linese

being the Middlesex Valley and the Elmira Cortland of grain. That, however, must not be taken to indito the general business of the system.

The effect of the new extensions and acquisitions, together with the general development of the company's business, is seen in the announcement in the report that for the late year the tonnage movement of merchandise freight for the first time in the history of the company exceeded that of anthracite and bituminous coal and coke. In the fiscal year ending Novem. ber 30 1895 the ton-mileage of coal had been 1,323 million tons, that of general freight 1,283 million; for the fiscal year 1896 the coal ton mileage was 1,333 million (anthracite having decreased, while bituminous increased), and the general freight mileage increased to 1,555 millions. In 1894 this latter amounted to only 1,004 millions, so that in two years the expansion has been over fifty per cent. The passenger traffic is also being steadily developed, the passenger revenues showing an increase in the late year of \$239,995 after an increase of \$211,863 in the year preceding. Mr. Wilbur notes that while the increase in 1896 was partly due to the added volume of traffic obtained through the acquirement of the Elmira Cortland & Northern, yet a considerable portion of the gain was secured by an active solicitation for business and by the improvement of the road's train service. He also points out that the running of the Black Diamond Express between New York and Buffalo, which was put on in May last, has proved to be even more satisfactory in its results than had been expected.

The company's aggregate gross earnings, after having dropped from \$18,610,777 in 1893 to \$17,330,594 in 1894, have since then been steadily rising-increasing first to \$18,564,454 in 1895 and now to \$19,514,660 in 1896, making them, we believe, the largest in the company's history. In the revenues from coal the changes have not been very important, the receipts in 1894 having been \$8,391,542, in 1895 \$8,470,859 and in 1896 \$8,623,574; but in the earnings from general merchandise the increase has been from \$5,982,857 in 1894 to \$7,472,104 in 1896. The improvement is the more noteworthy since it has been made in face of a very considerable decline in rates. The average per ton per mile on coal for 1896 at 6.46 mills was only a little better than that for 1895 at 6.40 mills, and compares with 7.32 mills in 1894. the case of general freight the average was only 4.80 mills in 1896, against 5.34 mills in 1895 and 5.95 mills in 1894. The decrease in this last instance in the two years has been nearly 20 per cent, while in coal the decline has been about 12 per cent. What an important factor these declines in rates have been is evident from the statement in the report that the shrinkage of 0.31 mills in the average in 1896 for the whole tonnage (coal and merchandise combined) represents a loss in income in the large sum of \$900,000.

In brief then, it may be said that in the late year rates were very low, the coal trade failed to show the improvement expected, and all the industries of the country were in a state of extreme depression. About the only favorable factor was the heavy grain movement as the result of the large crops of 1895 and 1896, and which was of advantage to the Lehigh Valley in swelling the amount of its through traffic from Buffalo to New York. Bearing on this latter point, we observe that of the 662,951 increase in the merchandise tonnage in the late year, 528,365 tons was in the item late year. Nor were there a great many reductions or

& Northern. The report says that these lines, besides cate that the development has been entirely in that having a good local trade, are both important feeders direction. As a matter of fact, though there were some considerable losses in a few leading items owing to the depression in trade (the tonnage in ores for instance being only 170,195 tons against 290,898 tons), if we take the whole of the twenty-six items of freight reported separately, we find that 17 show increases and only 9 decreases; moreover, this is after an increase in 1895 over 1894 in 20 out of 23 items enumerated.

Altogether the increase of \$950,206 in gross earnings during the late year indicates very substantial growth in the business of the system in face of adverse conditions. Operating expenses during the twelve months were augmented by extra outlays of \$103,906 spent in equipping cars with couplers, brakes, &c., in accordance with the statute requirements of the various States and the United States; but notwithstanding the augmentation in this and various other directions, net earnings were increased from \$4,658,-678 to \$5,124,682. On the other hand, there was a considerable falling off in the income from investments or "other sources," and at the same time the fixed charges for interest and rentals were somewhat heavier, so that the surplus remaining after these charges was not quite so large as in 1895, being \$449,763, against \$642,842. In this the interest on the Lehigh Valley Coal Company bonds assumed by the company, amounting to \$590,650 in 1896 and to \$596,625 in 1895, is not treated as a charge against income, but carried as a debit to profit and loss. If that item were taken into account, the final result for 1896 would show a small deficiency, which, however, is a not unsatisfactory exhibit, considering the character of the year and the extent to which the other anthracite carriers suffered from the unfavorable conditions prevailing.

In the balance sheet we find that the amount of bills payable outstanding November 30 1896 was slightly less than on November 30 1895, though the total fell below 21 million dollars at both dates. On the other side of the account it appears that the cash advances to the Lehigh Valley Coal Company were increased during the twelve months \$1,859,851, and now amount to \$5,166,889. The increase arcse out of the accumulation of stocks of coal towards the end of the year on account of the depression in trade—that is to say, the Railroad Company had to furnish the money to the Coal Company to enable it to carry the stocks. It may be asked if the Coal Company has the means to repay those advances. It would appear that it had. Without attempting an analysis of the current assets of the coal company, it will be sufficient to say that two large items make up enough to cover nearly the whole amount. We refer to the \$2,690,285 of coal reported on hand according to the inventory and the \$2,168,259 of presumably collectible accounts on coal sold

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# RAILROAD DIVIDENDS IN 1896.

The reduction last week in the dividend rate of the Delaware & Hudson from 7 per cent per annum to 5 per cent makes interesting a review of the dividend record of our railroads for 1896. It is rather noteworthy that among the larger companies holding rank as dividend payers there were very few changes in the rate of distribution to their stockholders during the

suspensions among any class of companies, large or small. This latter fact is explained by the circumstance that the period of depression has been a long one and that dividend reductions and suspensions in such great numbers had occurred in the years preceding. No doubt also there are cases where the dividends, though paid, were not earned, and that in these cases changes will be forced the present year unless business conditions materially improve. Fortunately all the indications at present point to a decided recovery in trade.

As the matter stands, the most striking feature is, that though our industries became more and more prostrated as the year progressed, until the election brought relief, instances where dividends have been increased or resumed are much more conspicuous than those of the other kind. The improvement has come mainly from two classes of roads, those recently reorganized where the reorganization was very conservative and where there was an implied promise that dividends were to be declared if earned, no matter how small, and those which have been greatly helped by the excellent grain harvests, particularly in the spring-wheat regions of the Northwest.

The Southern Railway has this month paid a dividend of 1 per cent on its preferred stock. The Georgia Southern & Florida paid a first dividend of 4 per cent to its 1st preferred shareholders in November. The Minneapolis & St. Louis, which was reorganized in October 1894, is paying 5 per cent dividends on the 1st preferred stock and 3 per cent on the second preferred. Both the Canadian Pacific and the Denver & Rio Grande preferred have returned to the dividend ranks. The Des Moines & Fort Dodge gave its preferred stockholders 6 per cent in August 1896, against only 4 per cent in August 1895. The Burlington Cedar Rapids & Northern increased from 3 to 4 per cent. The Philadelphia Wilmington & Baltimore paid 7 per cent in 1896 against 64 in 1895, and the Pittsburg Youngstown & Ashtabula 61 per cent on its common against 6 per cent, while the Evansville & Terre Haute made its first payment on the preferred stock. The New York Chicago & St. Louis made an annual dividend of 5 per cent in March out of the earnings of 1895, against nothing paid in 1895 out of the earnings of 1894. The Rutland, which was forced to pass its July dividend on the preferred stock and which seemed to have little prospect for a resumption of dividends, since the Central Vermont, to which it had been leased, had gone into the hands of receivers, has already paid a dividend of one per cent the present January. The road is now operated independently of the Central Vermont, by its own officers. Rumor also says that the Chicago St. Paul Minneapolis & Omaha is to begin dividends on its common shares after having paid on its preferred shares for many years.

The roads that have suspended or reduced in 1896 are not numerous. The Toledo & Ohio Central passed the October dividend on its preferred shares; the Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis deferred the quarterly payment due in November but has now declared both that dividend and the next quarterly one. The Canada Southern will pay only 1 per cent February 1897, against 14 per cent at previous semi-annual dates. The Boston Revere Beach & Lynn, which at one time paid 34 per cent each six months, now is down to 1 per cent semi-annually. The Keokuk & Des Moines, whose preferred shareholders had been receiv-

suspensions among any class of companies, large or ing small amounts in other years, received nothing in

As already stated, among the larger and more prominent roads the changes in 1896 were few. Here is the record for the Western roads for ten years. It will be observed that both the St. Paul and the Chicago & North Western paid a larger aggregate on their common shares in 1896 than in 1895.

Western Roads.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890-	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896,
Chicago & Alton	8	8	8	8	8	-8	8	8	8	8
Do pref	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Chic. Burl. & Quincy	8	5	4		434	5	5	494	4	4
Chic. Milw. & St. P	5	234		*****		2	4	4	2	4
Do pref	7	6	436	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Chicago & Northw'n.	8	- 6	6	8	8	6	6	23	4	5
Do pref	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Chic. Rock Isl. & Pac.	7	636	4	4	8	4	4	316	2	2
Chic. St.P.M.&O. prf.	6	6	3	4	4	634	7	7	7	7
Great Northern pref.		*****		1	434		5	5	5	5
Illinois Central	7	7	5)4	8		5	5	8	5	5
Missouri Pacific	7	514	4	4	3					
St. P. M. & Manitoba	8	6	8	6	8	6	8	6	8	

t Dividend for December 30 was paid Jaquary 3 and therefore fell in 1895, and dividend periods now are Jaquary and July.

In New England, the number of independen roads—we mean those not leased to other roads—is growing smaller each year. Here is the comparison of dividends for the best-known stocks.

New England Roads.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896,
Boston & Albany	8	8	8	8	8	-8	8	8	8	8
Boston & Lowell	634	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Boston & Maine	10	9	9	936	9	8	8	6	8	6
Boston & Providence	10	[10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Fitchburg	<b>‡7</b>	39		12	\$334	84	54	13	54	54
Maine Central	8	6	8	8	6	17%	8	8	6	-
N. Y. N. H. & Hartf	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	8	8
N. Y. Prov. & Bos	10	10	10	10	10	(a)	(a)	(4)	(a)	(a)
Old Colony	7	7	7	7	9.80	7	5 5-86	7	7	7
Rutland, pref	136	1	114	3	3	4	4	4	4	2

Old stock exchanged into new preferred with 33's per cent stock dividend: and 2 per cent paid on this preferred stock in November, 1897, after 3 per cent on old common in January, 1897, and 2 per cent in May, 1887.

§ This is on new preferred stock.

¶ Increase due to change of dividend period.

¶ Also 32 2 per cent extra out of amount received f

Also 32 is per cent extra out of amount received from the Old Colony under the provisions of lease.

(a) Exchanged for New York New Haven & Hartford stock.

(b) Change from 7 per cent due to change of dividend period.

In the case of the great east and west trunk lines, the New York Central dropped to a 4 per cent basis in 1895. Our statement makes the aggregate during that year 4½ per cent, the dividend in January 1895 having been still 1½ per cent. It is proper to say that we show in all cases the aggregate amount paid within the twelve months of the calendar year, not the amounts paid out of the earnings of the year. Bolow is the comparison for the trunk lines. The lowering of the dividend on Canada Southern does not appear in this list, since the dividend will not be paid till February 1897.

Trunk Lines.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1991.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896,
N. Y. Central	4	4	4	436	436	836	6	5	434	4
Pennsylvania	536	5	5	534	6	8	*7	8	5	5
Balt. & Ohio	4				80+	354	5	436		
L. Sh. & Mich. So	4	4	5	5	636	636	6	8	6	8
Michigan Cent	4	4	4	3	5	534	514	514	4	4
Canada Southern	236	234	236	334	214	3	3	3	234	234
N. V.C.& St. f., 1st of.					834	8	3	4		5

Among the anthracite coal roads, the Central of New Jersey changed from 7 per cent to 5 per cent in 1895, and the Delaware and Hudson, as already announced, has now concluded to make a similar change.

Anthracite Coal R'ds.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894	1895.	1898.
Cent. of New Jersey		_	3	- 6	634	7	7	7	536	5
Delaware Lack. & W	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Delaware & Hudson.	5	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Lehigh Valley	436	5	5	5	5	536	4	*****		
Lebigh Coal & Nav.	4	436	5	5	5	514	- 6	416	4	

# RAILROAD GROSS EARNINGS FOR 1896.

The course of railroad gross earnings during 1896 was just the reverse of that during 1895. In the last-mentioned year the comparisons the first six months were rather poor, those of the second six months very good. In 1896, on the other hand, while the returns the first six months continued on the whole fairly satisfactory, the second six months they became quite unfavorable. The contrast between the two years is perhaps best indicated by saying that during 1895 the monthly exhibits kept growing steadily better, in 1896 they kept steadily growing worse.

The principal reason for this difference between the two years is of course found in the great change which occurred in the trade situation. In 1895 the Morgan-Belmont contract with the Government in February started a revival in business, which made steady head way until near the end of the year. In 1893 this trade revival was again checked, owing to a variety of causes which have been set out at length on previous occasions, the principal one being the agitation for free silver, and as the year progressed great depression developed, which became steadily more pronounced, so that the traffic and revenues of the roads were very largely reduced. In January and February our monthly statements showed the largest gains, wit a one exception, recorded in any mouth for about four years. But after that the gains rapidly fell off, and in August the totals again began to show losses, and thereafter there were decreases to the end of the year. The largest falling off occurred in November, when the shrinkage fell but little short of 10 per cent. Here is a summary of the monthly aggregates for the twelve months.

	Mil	rage.	Barn	Inc. or Dec.	-	
Period.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1895,	Inc. or Dec.	P. C.
	Miles.	Miles.	8			
January (131 roads)	93,822	93,293	37,686,489	33,954,041	+9,732,448	10.98
Febr'ary (128 roads)	93,411	93,650	35,257,181	31 058,010	+4,190,171	13'55
March (123 roads)	92,222	91,859	37,250,670	35,674,219	+1,576,31	4'42
April (131 roads)	95,529	95,084	87,240,276	86,012,491	+1,227,785	3'41
May (128 roads)	95,647	95,230	37,524,386	36,489,752	+834,634	2"28
June (122 roads)	93,086	92,598	37,782,780	35,357,947	+2.401,933	8:80
July (131 roads)	97,351	96,571	41,617,094	40,007,082	+1,610,013	4'0
August (125 roads).	94,149	93,413	40,361,739	41,444,183	-1,082,444	2'61
Sept'ber (122 roads)	94,614	93,854	43,266,388	43,450, -54	-184,816	0.15
October (132 roads)	98,973	96,209	49,932,102	52,116,295	-2,284,193	4'38
November (127 r'ds)	94,094	93,372	41,099,043	45,6 -2,215	-4,553,172	9.97
December (135 r'ds)	97,233	96,440	42,893,334	43,507,220	-613,886	1'41

The unfavorable trade situation was the influence of paramount importance in the results. Many of the other influences were favorable, and would under ordinary circumstances have left marked indications of their presence in the revenue returns for the year. There was an almost entire absence of special disturbing agencies-no strikes or labor troubles of large magnitude, no floods or storms of extensive moment. Of course strikes occurred in minor instances, and floods also at times did more or less damage to particular roads; none of these, however, attained large proportions. The weather was bad nearly all over the country in March, and in November the Northern Pacific and some other roads in the same territory suffered severely from storms and generally bad weather. But these were all of limited application.

In some respects also the rate situation was better than usual, though the year was by no means entirely free from rate disturbances. Three important traffi; associations were established, whose influence may count for much in the future of the roads. The origin

of the Joint Traffi: Association dates back to 1895. but the contract did not go into effect until Jaq. uary 1 1896. This agreement proved more satisfactory than any previous similar agreement. Rutes were reduced on special classes of traffic during the summer, but the reduction was made as prescribed in the agreement, and not by the individual action of the roads, and hence there was no demoralization. Tae fact that the trunk lines had to meet new competition in the taking of grain for export by the lines running to the Gall ports put the new compact to a special test. In April the Southwestern Traffi: Association was formed, and this like-wise proved very beneficial. In October the Western roads united and organized the new Western Freight Association. Both these latter associations are modeled on that of the Joint Traffi: Association. The Western Freight Association was formed only after a long period of strife in the sammer, during which rates dropped to extremely low figures. A general restoration of tariff schedules did not occur until Nov. 2. In the South a war broke out between the Seaboard Air Line and the Southern Railway, which was checked by the intervention of the courts when it threatened to involve all the roads in the South, but was resumed when the restraint imposed by the courts was removed, and then was again arrested by a further move in the

The grain movement was of large dimensions, and proved a favoring influence of great magnitude with many Western roads and also with some of the lines to the seaboard. The spring wheat crop, however, was not equal to the phenomenal yield of the preceding year, and this caused some serious losses in earnings the latter part of 1896. We shall refer further below to the movement. In the South and Southwest the small cotton crop of 1895 was a depressing agency for the first six or seven months of the year, but the crop of 1896 being of more liberal proportions and comparison being with the small total of 1895, the situation changed decidedly for the better the last four or five months.

Owing to the variation in the results between the first and the second half of the year and also between the different sections of the country, the final total of earnings for the year does not show any very great change from that for the preceding year. Of course it is not possible so soon after the close of the period to furnish complete figures. We have returns for the full twelve months from 132 roads, operating 99,201 miles of line. Oa these there is a gain of \$7,229,969 over the previous year. In addition we have the returns of 73 roads, operating 54,928 miles, which have reported for ten or eleven months of the year. On these there is a loss of \$4,053,052. Combining the two sets of figures the increase for the whole 205 roads, operating 154,129 miles, is found to be only \$3,176,917, or but one-third of one per cent. These figures include the earnings of a few thousand miles of Mexican and Canadian roads, but the aggregate reaches very large totals-924 million dollars in 1896, as will be seen by the following:

	Gr	Miles of Road End of Period.			
	1896,	1895,	Inc. or Dec.	1896.	1806.
132 roads full year 73 roads 11 months	\$ 528,9*9,979 401,000,288	\$ 516,039,310 405,143,834		99,201 84,998	98,400
Grand tot. (905 r'ds).	994,359,561	921,182,644	+3,176,917	154,129	150,98

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It should be said that while this gain is small, it follows a gain of almost fifty million dollars in 1895. But this latter gain came after a loss of over 112 mil lion dollars in 1894 and of 25 million dollars in 1893. Hence we may sum up with the remark that the roads, treated as a whole, have maintained the recovery established in 1895. Here is a comparison for five years of the totals for the twelve months and also those for December. Of the latter we sha'l speak further on.

	Mil	leage.	Barr	nings.	Increase
	Year Given.	Year Preceding	Fear Given.	Year Preceding	Decrease.
December.	Miles.	Miles.			
1992 (136 roads)	94,103	92,326	47,113,694	46,019,414	Inc. 1,094,280
1893 (127 roads)	97,378	94,339	40,319,016	46,793,383	Dec. 6 474,337
1894 (125 roads)	96,390	95,823	38,937,350	39,179,331	Dec. 241,984
1895 (123 roads)	99,975	99,854	45,025,858	41,249,39~	Inc. 3,776,460
1996 (135 roads)	97,233	96,440	42,893,334	43,507,220	Dec. #13,896
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.					
4892 (174 roads)	132,331	130,502			Inc.44,910,255
1893 (183 roads)	141,839	139,371			De 25,169,960
1894 (194 roads)	151, 04	150,021	865,702,844	978,128,165	Dc 112,425,321
1995 :201 roads)	149,265	147,887			Inc.49,930,967
1996 (205 roads)	154,129	152,923	924,359,531	921,182,644	Inc. 3,176 917

Taking up the separate roads we find considerable irregularity in the results and also fewer changes than usual of large magnitude. Northwestern lines have on the whole done better than any others, the gains in the early part of the year on the spring-wheat movement being the main cause of this. On the other hand, the poorest results come from the roads in the manufacturing sections of the Middle and Middle Western States, these reflecting the industrial depression. The anthracite roads have also done poorly, though there is an exception in the case of the Lehigh Valley, which for the twelve months ended November 30 added \$950,206 to its receipts, in part on an increase in mileage. Enumerating some of the more important decreases, the Pennsylvania on the lines directly operated east and west of Pittsburg and Erie has fallen \$4,913,000 behind in the eleven months to November 30; the Reading, with the Coal & Iron Company, has lost \$1,906,895 in the ten months to October 31, and the Southern Pacific for the eleven months has lost \$1,747,715. In the Southwest there is a sharp difference between the roads dependent mainly on the cotton traffic and those which, while hauling much cotton, also have a very heavy traffic in grain. Several of these latter, like the Atchison, the St. Louis & San Francisco and the Missouri Kansas & Texas, are able to show gains, while many of the former report losses. The Southern roads, with few exceptions, record improved totals, and the Norfolk & Western has a gain of \$1,402,094, caused by the fact that in 1895 the road had suffered a great part of the year from a strike of its miners.

The largest gains reported by any roads are \$1,737,-690 by the Canadian Pacific and \$1,505,707 by the Great Northern, both being due to the very exceptional movement of spring wheat out of the crop of 1895; at one time during the year these gains were of still larger magnitude, there having been a falling off in the earnings the last few months. As showing the extent of the decrease in the later months, we may note that the Milwaukee & St. Paul, which for the year has only \$744,383 gain, for the first seven months had \$2,330,-813 gain; and the Chicago & North Western, which for the eleven months reports \$842,106 increase, at the end of the first seven months had \$2,643,704 gain. We annex a list of all roads whose gains or losses exceed \$200,000.

PRINCIPAL CHANGE	IN GROS	S EARNINGS FOR 12 MI	ONTHS.
Increases		Increases.	
Canadian Pacific	\$1,737,690		\$201,115
Gt Northern	1,505, 07	-	
Norfolk & Western	1,402,094	Total (representing	
Maxican Natl	750,929	24 roa (s)	12,641,677
Chie. Mil. & St. Paul	744,383	Dacran-es.	
Grand Truok	7 5,216	Clev. Cin Chic. & St L.	\$968,083
Mexican Central	708,760		8 0,103
Mo. Kans. & Texas	696,109	Wabash	687,002
Ches. & Ohto	573,974	Mo. Pacific	500.477
Chie. Gt. Western	532,460	Northern Pacific	370,830
Mion, St. P. S. S. M	544,930	Cin. N. O & Tex Pac .	346,704
Louisv. & Nashv		Balt, & Ohio 90'west	290,587
Georgia & Alabama	3 0,665	N. Y. Central	263,861
Chie. & Gd. Trunk	340,739	West. N. Y & Penn	253,311
Tol. St. L & K .n. City.	329,963	Southern Railway	245,407
Buff, Roch. & Pitts	286,392	Texas & Pacific	216,522
Kan. C. P. & Gulf	276,686	-	
Int. Gt. Northern	244,155	Total (representing	
Mobile & Ohio	219,568	11 roads)	\$4,952,887

PRINCIPAL CHANGES	N GROSS	EARNINGS FOR 11 MO	NTHS.
Increases. Lohigh Valley? Chicago & Northwest Atch Top & Santa Fe.	842,105	Phil.& Read and C.&L.* Southern Pacific	\$4,913,000 1,906,895 1,747,715
Chic. St. P. Minn. & Om. Union Pacific' Chic. Burl. & Quincy Erie Tol. St. Lou & K. City. Mexican International.	550,990	Central of New Jersey. Peorla & Eastern Allegheny Valley	411,119 237,080 213,350
Mexican International.	237,423		

Total (representing 14 roads).....\$5,370,969 Total (representing 16 roads)......\$9,459,159

For ten months only.

Eastern lines decre-sed \$2,043,300 and Western lines \$2,829,700.

For year ending November 30.

We have said that the grain movement was of very large dimensions. At the seaboard the receipts of wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye for the fifty two weeks in 1896 were 260 million bushels, against 159 million bushels in 1895 and 154 million bushels in 1894. The gain, however, was offset to an extent by smaller receipts of flour, as will appear by the following.

SEABOARD GRAIN RECEIPTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS.

Flour bbls.	1896. 12,809,669	1895. 17,915,415	1894. 20,749,597	1893. 19,976,65 <b>3</b>
Wheatbush. Corn	67,992,368 99,607,409 73,584,443 13,137,109 6,141,044	50,631,774 59,798,628 43,749,570 4,862,668 579,290	57,613,811 46,907,081 44,630,607 4,942,916 590,080	93,855,531 58,978,185 52,436,036 5,0°0,443 1,136,166
Total grain	260,462,373	159,621,930	154,684,495	211,486,361

At the Western primary markets the increase was of still more striking proportions. Of wheat the deliveries were 185 million bushels against 174 million, of corn 147 million against 95 million, of oats 169 million against 124 million, of barley 40 million against 31 million, and of rye 6 million against 3 million. Taking the grain movement as a whole the receipts were 550,760,654 bushels against 429,477,590 bushels. In other words, the increase was 121 million bushels, equal roughly to 3 million tons of freight. Here the flour deliveries also were slightly larger. Nothing else is needed to show the prominent part played by the large crops. From the following, giving the details of the grain movement in our usual form, it will be observed that notwithstanding the large general gain some of the Middle Western points, like Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland, have gained either only slightly or not at all.

RECEIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FOR FIVE WEEKS ENDING DECEMBER 31 ND SINCE JANUARY 1.

	Flour, (bbls.)	Wheat, (bush.)	Corn, (bush.)	(bush.)	Barley, (bush.)	Rye, (bush.)
Chicago-	100 000	744 010	£ 094 090	10,158,630	2,294,518	299,891
5 wks. Dec., 1896 5 wks. Dec., 1895	192,636 312,171	764,219 3,073,64	5,234,23° 6,340,284			179,737
Year '96, 52 wks.	2,521,452	19,630,850	86,902,316	107148527		2,497,385
Year '95, 52 wks.	3,005,370	20,687,717	59,668,15	30,391,840		1,656,673
Milanaukee-						
wks. Dec. 1898	527,750	629,00	87,000	973,000		314,390
wks. Dec., 1895	494,190	1,452,635	180,650	801,000	1,384,34	125,525
Year '96, 52 wks.	3,165,746	8,863,484	2,027,175	13,571,0m	11,439,995	1,781,428
Year '95, 52 wks.	2,714,220	9,674,819	1,272,650	8,884,07	10,213,147	1,069,301
St. Louis-	***	100.000	4 100 010	1017.00	201 220	10 000
wks. Dec., 189#	100,355	482,987	4,169,315	1,315,28	231,750	16,203 25,200
wks. Dec., 1895	113,72	1,085,641	1,536,405	771,95	1,872,350	
Year '96, 52 wks.	1,352.699	12,134,675	24,050,756	10,728,988	2,105,624	276,217 227,614
Year '95, 52 wks.	1,002,068	10,953,543	8,025,25	10,191,000	2,100,024	227,018
roledo- wks. Dec., 1896	3,557	766,200	1,018,300	25 700		34,600
wks. Dec. 1895	6.52	471,900	1,595,100	153,600	*******	4,400
Year '96, 52 wks.	68,105	7,602,600	4,551,900	283.W.O	24,300	499,900
Year '95, 52 wks.	73,080	7,724,58	6,620,575	756,141	76,800	150,300
Detroit-						
WES. Dec., 1800	36,250	181,916	218,930	170,842	255,151	*******
win. Dec. 1805	18,642	131,518	304,010	1 5.7 2	184,798	*******
Feer '96, 52 wks.	250,876	3,029,879	1,605,507	1,970,611	1,814,512	*******
Year '95, 52 wks.	155,811	2,645,48U	1,854,601	1,810,129	600,759	*******

	Flour, (bbls.)	Wheat, (bush.)	Corn, (bush.)	Oats, (bush.)	Barley, (bush.)	Rye (bush.)
Gloveland-				1		
5 wks. Dec., 1896	6,219	463,947	51,863	173,572		******
5 wks. Dec., 1895	8 3,428	317,970	60,708		11,717	
Year '96, 52 wks.	59,397	2,602,031	682,158	1,705,603	25,143	******
Year '95, 52 wks.	3 245,731	2,860,760	851,672	1,599,694	121,392	******
Psoria-						
5 wks. Dec., 1896	31,410	114,450	1,863,300		375,400	43 900
5 wks. Dec., 1895.	30,750	145,400	2,745,980		436,100	22,500
Year '96, 52 wks.	347,500	1,761,400		17,861,100	1,960,700	198,650
Year '95, 52 wks.	322,739	1,052,650	15,605,225	19,411,700	1,978,900	120,000
Duinth-						
5 wks. Dec., 1896	26,200	2,778,945	6,136	399,756		154,954
5 wks. Dec., 1895		7,289,882	5,849	343,334	210,345	56,504
Year '94, 52 wks.	4,251,494	56,254,609	398,105	\$4,791,779	6,660,723	1,543,878
Year '95, 52 wks.	3,570,013	49,556,465	5,849	1,230,815	2,361,762	357,490
Minneapolis-						
5 wks. Dec., 1896	16,645	6,643,530	151,164	1,351,020	******	*******
5 wks. Dec., 1895	******	9,747,440	254,160		*******	***
Year '96, 52 wks.	121,632	69,044,690	1,664,628	9,116,000	10,100	11,560
Year '95, 52 wks.	*******	65,821,590	1,048,495	*******		******
Kansas City-			0			
5 wks. Dec., 1896		474,020	1,695,500	451,800	******	*******
5 wks. Dec., 1895		608,797	222,175	4,862	*******	***** **
Year '96, 52 wks.	*******	4,594,628	5,572,082	2,608,569	*******	
Year '98, 52 wks.	*******	3,658,644	373,763	92,599	*******	
Total of all-	041 000	10 000 011	14 403 747	14 410 490	4 404 000	040 400
wks. Dec., 1898	941,022	13,298,214	14,495,767			862,428
wks. Dec., 1895	979,421 12,183,835	24,325,031	147,848,077	11,985,462	4,521,058	413,866
Year '96, 52 wks. Year '95, 52 wks.				124324823		6,739,015 3,5P1,378

The foregoing covers the fifty-two weeks ending December 31. For Chicago we have the figures for the even year. These show receipts of grain for 1896 of 239,884,957 bushels, against 175,984,095 bushels for 1895. In brief at this point alone the increase has been almost 64 million bushels. The following gives also the movement of provisions and of hogs.

RECEIPTS AT CHICAGO DURING DECEMBER AND FOR THE YEAR.

		December.			Year.				
	1896.	1895,	1894.	1896.	1895.	1894,			
Wheat.bush.	701 170	2,907,492	909,699	19,931,502	20,637,542	25,693,387			
Cornbush.	4,864,888	5,577,644	5,391,014	90,246,378	59,601,518	64,969,855			
Oats bush.	9,437,393	7,817,252	3,566,278	109,585,465	79,892,792	63,188,858			
Byo bush .	284,861	166,997	174,081	2,530,236	1,657,216	1,368,157			
Barley.bush.	2,229,292	1,674,126	1,458,395	17,591,376	14,195,627	13,405,491			
Total grain	17,515,104	17,643,511	11,498,450	239,884,957	175,984,095	168,575,748			
Flour. bbls.	183,763	296,915	202,506	2,582,041	3,005,508	4,223,696			
Pork bbis.	1,206	644	1,184	7,985	9,672	5,999			
Out m'ts.lbs.	13,114,198	18,998,857	13,521,110	160,612,721	172,004,133	137,906,956			
Lardlbs.	6,851,157	8,591,507	6,145,299	67,181,969	54,046,324	62,846,369			
Live hogsNo	788,794	780,006	735,082	7,659,472	7,885,274	7,453,228			

It will be seen that the receipts of hogs were only 7,659,472 head in 1896, against 7,885,274 in 1895. We may add that of cattle the receipts were 2,600,476, against 2,588,558; of calves, 138,337, against 168,740; of sheep, 3,590,655, against 3,406,739, and of horses, 105,978, against 113,193.

With reference to the cotton movement in the South, the receipts at the Southern outports were larger than in the preceding year, the total being 6,475,263 bales for 1896, against 5,639,663 bales for 1895 (up to July 31 there had been a loss of 698,706 bales), but the shipments overland were smaller, reaching only 1,274,944 bales, against 1,444,364 bales. The following shows the details of the port receipts.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PORTS IN DECEMBER AND FROM JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, IN 1896, 1895 AND 1894.

Ports.	1	December		Full Year.		
Ports.	1896.	1895,	1894.	1896.	1895.	1894.
Galvestonbales.	250,187	181,409	338,997	1,362,361	1,118,823	1,429,471
Texas City, &c	18,527	23 737	17,192	123,423	89 556	62,890
New Orleans	358,138	360,004	434,756	2,125,407	2,097,992	2,247,120
Mobile	63,489	34,303	52,478	267,316	205,468	217,230
Florida	16,578	7,182	3,226	62,300	28,435	29,370
Bavannah	147,596	117,372	144,648	878,555	782,196	923,190
Brunswick, &c	42,252	26,764	43,651	152,371	132,264	149,807
Charleston	66,030	45,464	71,026	388,131	325,367	374,749
Port Royal, &c	20,748	11,104	23,384	94,791	120,263	117,535
Wilmington	35,735	28,218	46,177	245,638	168,533	230,941
Washington, &c	233	265	355	813	768	7,462
Norfolk	130,971	59,718	105,370	718,544	334,725	476,120
West Point, &c	4,561	46,394	75,148	45,413	235,273	322,380
Total	1,185,043	944,954	1,356,392	6,475,263	5,639,663	6,588,265

Taking the leading Southern roads, we find that the earnings of 1896 have been nearly three million dollars better than for 1895, and the total also compares quite well with earlier years. This is made plain by the following six-year comparison.

Year.	1896.	1895.	1894;	1893,	1892.	1891.
		1				-
Ches. & Ohlo	10,379,298	9,798,324	9,127,664	9,865,471	9,955,849	9,383,976
Georgia	1,559,875	1,357,760	1,348,860	1,419,738	1,508,575	
Kan.C.Mem.&Bir.	1,188,873	1,124,437	1,056,216	1,125,852	1,146,507	
Louisv. & Nashv.	20,247,340	19,809 198	19,405,294	20,474,633	21,859,478	20,247,526
Memphis & Char	1,328,168	1,266,936	1,286,710	1,406,126	1,486,978	1,617,899
Mobile & Ohio	3,711,892	3,492,324	3,260,991	8,331,017	3,341,484	3,500,223
Nash.Chat.& St.L.	5,001,913	4,871,863	4,623,905	4,727,479	5,156,574	4,739,445
Norfolk & West.b	11,009,400	9,607,308	10,340,452	10,032,617	9,952,882	9,188,049
South'n Railway.	18,573,122	18,818,529	18,018,552	18,279,413	19,300,578	21,118,010
Total	72,994,876	70,146,677	68,468,337	70,662,376	73,689,105	72,755,660

In the case of the Southwestern roads, the showing is much less favorable, both as compared with 1895 and still more so as compared with the earlier years.

EARNINGS OF SOUTHWESTERN GROUP.

Year.	1896.	1895.	1894.	1993.	1892.	1891,
		1	1	1		
Den.& Rio Gr.	7,221,114	7,276,388	6,770,116	7,731,910	9,221,739	8,484,408
Int.& Gt. No.\$	\$3,5-2,384	\$3,274,299	8,790,368	4,088,030	4,195,895	4,098,702
K.C.F.S.& M.+	4,434,720	4,476,949	4,768,224	5,237,681	5,618,658	5,282,456
Mo. K. & Tex.	11,746,244	11,080,135	10,502,588	10,370,825	9,838,075	9,781,199
Mo.P.&Ir.Mt.	22,793,000	23,293,477	22,582,634	24,989,838	27,684,662	25,880,819
St. Jos.&Gr.L.	855,108	689,490	887,007	1,166,118	1,266,699	983,663
St.L. Southw.	4,867,518	5,056,484	4,854,564	5,068,956	4,616,616	4,565 796
Texas & Pac.	6,798,785	7,015,307	7,353,013	7,334,294	6,987,701	7,228,462
Total	62,235,571	62,146,439	61,448,508	65,987,032	69,460,045	66,253,428

+ Includes the Kansas City Clinton & Springfield and the Current River for all the years. ‡ Galveston Houston & Henderson not included for 1896 and 1895.

On the trunk lines the great depression that has existed in our manufacturing industries and the large falling off in merchandise imports, which these roads distribute, is reflected in earnings for 1896 smaller not only than those for 1895 but smaller also than for the previous four years with one exception.

#### BARNINGS OF TRUNK LINES

Year.	1896,	1895,	1894.	1893.	1892.	1891,
	1					
B. & O. S.W Oh. & Miss.	} 6,157,467	6,448,054	6,832,518	6,672,845	\$ 2,644,397 4,172,215	2,500,594 4,217,288
C.C.C.&St.L	13,008,622	13,976,705	12,948,141	18,789,665	14,894,075	13,991,892
G.T.of Can.	18,469,879	17,754,763	17,762,880	19,769,190	19,600,874	19,093,180
Ch.& G.T	*3,136,917	2,796,178	2,731,749	4,181,783	3,764,170	3,717,069
D.G.H&M.	*953,893	1,001,091	1,012,584	1,112,722	1,228,414	1,195,889
L.Sh.& M. S.	20, 05,932	21,016,035	19,557,870	23,685,932	22,415,382	21,431,387
M.C.& Can.S	13,818,000	13,451,000	12,584,013	16,1:8,031	15,909,293	15,162,980
N. Y.C.& H.+	44,075,028	44,338,489	41,797,493	46,710,572	45,590,888	44,264,082
Wabash	11,963,904	12,650,904	11,692,173	13,750,158	14,168,446	13,951,189
Total	131,789,640	139,633,419	126,249,418	145,850,845	144,393,154	139,525,481

\* Fourth week of December not reported; taken same as last year. \*Includes done Watertown & Ogdensburg for all the years.

The other roads in the Middle and Middle Western States have been subject to much the same conditions as the trunk lines, but here the comparisons are a little better, as will appear by the following.

BARNINGS OF MIDDLE AND MIDDLE WESTERN ROADS.

Year.	1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.	1892,	1891.
Buff. Roch. & Pitt.	3,339,534	3,053,142	2,733,211	3,393,157	3,204,265	2,809,863
Onicago & East. Ill.	3,862,132	3,573,788	3,424,334	4,487,830	4,198,032	3,634,169
Ohic. & West Mich.	1,629,041	1,714,128	1,596,514	1,892,710	2,032,549	1,757,559
Col. H. V. & Tol	2,480,924	2,654,484	2,688,700	3,270,362	3,372,586	3,293,925
Det. Lansing & No.	1,165,493	1,139,750	1,098,723	1,205,098	1,265,572	1,254,100
Evansv.& Terre H.	1,056,615	1,095,961	1,048,562	1,300,882	1,300,185	1,212,788
Flint & P. Marq	2,587,083	2,505,704	2,392,726	2,725,238	2,886,715	2,900,624
Gr. Rap.& Ind	2,454,427	2,682,834	2,464,958	2,807,288	8,253,875	,076,686
Illinois Central*	21,857,914	21,814,347	19,655,250	23,594,944	20,842,369	20,172,531
Lake Erie & West.	3,343,164	3,519,104	3,345,403	3,512,621	3,558,488	3,273,355
Long Island	3,985,089	4,049,584	4,056,190	4,209,040	4,270,895	4,109,026
Lou. Evans.& St. L.	1,488,800	1,505,434	1,404,346	1,685,604	1,554,154	1,509,540
N. Y. Out. & West.	3,850,901	3,726,183	3,737,118	3,901,140	3,473,761	8,056,787
Pittab'g & West'n.	2,822,886	3,022,463	2,511,722	2,613,626	2,366,479	2,285,356
Pol. & Ohio Cent	1,792,591	1,836,777	1,808,238	1,952,092	2,000,723	1,842,204
Pol. Peo. & West	944,146	991,270	893,621	975,459	296,261	982,626
Foi. St. L. & K. C.	2,177,210	1,847,247	1,659,563	1,764,316	2,228,563	1,979,674
West. N. Y. & Pa	3,059,665	3,312,976	3,105,942	3,494,008	3,530,689	3,613,320
Wheel. & L. Erie	1,310,498	1,865,194	1,245,710	1,531,765	1,452,000	1,295,583
Total	65.154.085	65,704,366	60,900,983	70.317.205	07.789.146	64.088,209

\* Includes the operations of the St. Louis Alton & Terre Haute for all the years.

In the case of the Pacific roads, we have the returns only of the trans-continental lines on the north-we mean the Canadian Pacific and Northern Pacificwhich were so largely benefited by the heavy movement of spring wheat. The increase in earnings on

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these lines in 1896, however, while considerable, small alongside the losses in previous years. EARNINGS OF PACIFIC ROADS.

Year.	1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.	1802.	1891.
		8		8		8
anad'n Pacific	20.678.736	18,941,033	18,752,169	20,932,316	21,409,350	
bla Dacific	18.717.510	19,000,000	TOFFIELDING	19,778,546		
Ho Gr. West'n	2,400,842	2,392,42)	2,103,650	2,253,973	2,583,941	2,592,512
		40,421,102		12,991,835	48,695,181	47,789,071

As already stated, the most general improvement in the late year occurred on Northwestern roads. Bu even in this instance the aggregates fall much below those for 1893 and 1892.

Year.	1896,	1895.	1894.	1993.	1892.	1891.
	1					
Sarl. Ced. R.& No.	4,450,034	4,504,333	3,748,829	4,224,753	4,354,790	8,886,839
Chic. Gt. West	4.652,032	4,089,572	3,058,011	4,498,768	5,216,240	4,785,480
Ohic. Mil. & St. P. )				33,860,021	33,349813	
Thic. R. I. & Pac.	15,421,698	15,353,825	16,333,855	19,541,523	18,701,056	16,842,467
niuth S.S.& Atl.		1,811,824	1 670,947	2,065,711	2,221,375	2,139,255
reat Northern			15,167,050		16,176,139	14,173,671
owa Central			1,667,377		1,924,396	1,808,896
inn. & St. Louis.	1,992, 450	1,964,572	1,777,341		2,022,062	
t. Paul & Duluth		1,568,534	1,442,187	1,713,760	2,130,711	1,829,761
			-0.000 440			00 000 50-

With reference to the exhibit for December it wil be observed that the comparison of earnings (we are referring now to the country as a whole) is much better than that for November. In the last-mentioned month the decrease was \$4,553,172, or 9.97 per cent; for December it is only \$613,886, or 1.41 per cent. This is the more noteworthy as the grain movement was slightly below that for the corresponding month in 1895, the wheat receipts having been very much less. In cotton the receipts at the Southern outports were 1,185,043 bales against 944,954 bales, while the shipments overland were 227,925 bales against 215,025 bales. One fact should not be overlooked, however; the month contained an extra business day, there having been only four Sandays in December 1896, against five in December 1895. Notwithstand. ing the small falling off in the aggregate, the losses in nearly all sections outnumber the gains. Here is a list of changes exceeding \$30,000, whether gains or losses.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS IN DECEMBER.

Increases.		Decreases.	
Mo. Kans. & Cexas	\$187,692	N. Y. Central	\$392,679
Grand frunk	111,832	Great Northern	235.944
Mex. Central	110,932	Chie. Mil. &St. Paul	193,776
Int. & Gt. Northern		Southern Railway	158,995
Mexican National.	92,945	Northern Pacific	126,724
Chesapeake & Ohio	86, 307	Wabash	104,779
Norfolk & Western	85,083	Texas & Pacific	76,737
Louisv. & Vashy	80,909	Illinois Central	70,206
St. Jos. & Gd. Island	54,080	Burl. C. R. & Nor	61.746
Kan. C. Pr'ts. & Gulf		Denver & Rio Grande.	57,200
Mexican Railway		Ci . N. O. & F. P	44.286
Tol. St. L. & Kan, City.	49,311	Chie. R. I & Pacific	40,708
Clev. in Chic. & St. L.	42,183	Ohio Southera	37,694
Oreg. Rv. & Nav	41,824	Dut. 80 Sh. & Atl	32,921
Mo. Pacific	35,517	Col. Hock. V & Tol	32,277
Georgia & Alabama	33,419	Elgin Jol & Eastern	31,696
		Grand staps. & Ind	30.999
Total (representing		Iowa Central	30,286

Total (representing 23 roads).....\$1,749,553

GROSS EARNINGS AND MILEAGE IN DECEMBER.

	Gr	Mileage			
Name of Road.	1896.	1895.	Increase or Decrease.	1896.	1895.
Alabama Gt.South'n. Ala.N.O.Tex.&Pac.—	\$ 161,381	\$ 179,378	* -17,997	310	310
N. Ori. & N., East	133,066 74,947	159,302 67,287	-26,236 +7,66	195 142	195 142
Vicksb Shr.& Pac Atlantic & Dauville . Atlantic & Pacific.	67,105 42,749	62,499 46,984	$^{+4,606}_{-4,235}$	1º9 278	189 278
Balt. Ches. & Atl Balt. & Ohio Southw.	30+.372 36,400 556,125	297. 95 37,500 545,697	+11,777 $-1.100$ $+10,428$	831 88 921	831 88 921
Birm'ham & Atlantic Buff. Roch. & Pittsb. Burl. Ced. R & No	2,248 257,133 3×2,439	2,144 264,598 444,185	+104 -7,465 -61,746	340 1.136	340 1.136
Chesapeage & Ohio	1,923,000	1,924,616	-1,616 $+86,307$	6.444	6,391
Chie. & East Illinois. Chie. Great Western Chie. Mil. & St Paul.	388.48 379,952 2,570,87	365,457 380,248 2,764,653	+23,029 -296 -193,7 6	521 928 6,151	521 928 6.168
Chie. Peo. & St. Louis	79 731	84 198	-10 465	200	222

is	1		Pross Earnin	ige.	Mi	leage
	Name of Road.	1896.	1895.	Increase of Decrease.	1896.	1895
-	Chie, R. Isl. & Pac.	1,237,13	\$ 1,277,844	-40,708	3,571	3,57
-	Chie. R. Isl. & Pac Chie. & West Mich Cin. Georg. & Ports.	4,77	1 5,431		576	57
96 83	Cin. N.O. & Tex. Pac.	303.629	347,915	+2,500 -44,286	3 3 3 6	33
12	Cinn. Portsm'th & Va Clev. Canton & So	52,114	54,898	-1.034 $-2.784$	210	11
71	Clev. Cin.Ch. & St. L. Clev. Lorain & Wheel			$^{+42,183}_{-25,263}$ $^{-4,017}_{-32,277}$	1,838	1.19
n	Colorado Midland Col. Hock. Val. & Tol	84,99 140,95 205,93 62,62	144,969 239,208 64,188	-4,017 $-32,277$	350 346	32
t	Col. San'ky. & Hock. Colusa & Lake	1,600	64,188	-1.567	2/3	2
V	Denv. & Rio Grande. D. Moines No & West	1,600 550,300 31,880 6,792 101,36 114,143 82,850 23,126	607,500 35,874	+600 -57,200 -3,987	1,666 150	15
	D. Mornes & Kan. C.* Det. Lans'g & North.	101,36	5,5 <b>65</b> 80,486	+1,227 +20,881	112 334 584	334
-	Dul. So. Shore & Atl. Elgin Joliet & East.	82,850	147,064 114,546 26,972	+20,881 -32,921 -31,696	189	18
-	Evansv. & Indianap Evansv. & Richm'd.	4,207	7,102	-3,846 -2,895 -8,576	156 102 167	10
10	Evansv. & Richm'd. Evansv. & T. Haute. Flint & Pere Marq	4,207 94,277 228,207 172,870	7,102 102,848 209,192	+19,015	654	63
0	Fla. Cent. & Penin Ft. Worth & D. City. Ft. Worth & Rio Gr.	93,821 39,075		+18.184 $-7.940$	469	469
10	Gadaden & Att. Uh	800		-11,629 -79	11	1 11
5	Georgia & Alabama	148,944 84,174	50,755	-8,915 +33,419	362	307 268 288
1 6	Ga. South. & Florida Gr. Rapids & Indiana Cin. Rich. & Ft. W.	120 201	167,437	-2,098 $-28,056$	436	430
0	Traverse City. Musk. Gr.R.& Ind.	2,330	35,418 3,197	-3,933	26	86 26 37
9	Musk. Gr. R.& Ind Gr Trunk of Canada. Chie. & Gr. Trunk.*	139,351 31,485 2,330 10,506 1,544,356 18<,536 54,048 6,968 4,668	8,649 1,432,524	+1,957	3,512	3,512
1		18×,536 54,048	1,432,524 177,487 49,702 8,273 3,302 1,492,513	+11.019	330	188
9	Cin. Sag. & Mack* Tol. Sag. & Musk.*.	6,968 4.668	8,273 3,302	$^{+4,346}_{-1,305}_{+1,366}$	117	188 53 117
1	Tol. Sag. & Musk.*. St. No.—S. P. M. & M. Eastern of Minn	1,273,469 137,640	1,492,513	-219.044	3,720 72 256	3,720
	Montana Central Gulf Beaum't & K. C	137,640 166,281 10,031 5,128	138,723 7,201 4,932	-44,358 + 27,558 + 2,830	65	72 256 65 62
,	Gulf & Chicago Illinois Central				3,127	3,127
	Ind. Dec. & Western' Internat'l & Gt. No;	29,498 421,141 178,284	32,979 325,187 155,369	-70,206 -3,381 +95,954	775	3,127 152 775
	Interoceanic (Mex.).† Iowa Central	178,284 129,971		-30,286	531 509	531 497
- 1	Iron Pailway	129,971 4,268 43,262 340,341 118,682	4,405 37,112 329,202 127,330	-137	173	173
	Kanawha & Mich Kan.C. Ft.S. & Mem Kan. C. Mem. & Bir Kan. City & N.W	340,341 118,682	329,202 127,330	+6,150 +11,139 -8,648	961 276	961
	Kan. City & N.W Kan. C.& Beatrice.	43,033 768	370	+13,173 +398 +53,085	153 21	276 153 21
	Kan.C.& Beatrice Kan.C.Pittsb. & Gulf. Kan. City Sub Belt	100.196	47,111 20,829	+53,085	523 35	230 35
	Kan. City Sub Belt Keokuk & Western" Lake Erie All. & So.	29,240 21,647 5,320 287,982	23 383	$^{+8,411}_{-1,736}$ $^{-1,945}_{-22,738}$	148 61	149
	Lake Erie All. & So. Lake Erie & Western. Lehigh & Hud. River.		7,265 310,720 34,322	-22,738 $-1,444$	725 90	725 90
-	Long Island	242,629 112,008	251,596 122,315 40,036	-1,444 -8,967 -10,307	378 372	378 372 166
	Louisv. Evans. & St. L Louisv. Hend. & St. L. Louisv. & Nashville.	38,914 1,938,765	40,036 1,757,956	-1,122 +80,909	2,974	166 2,956
	Macon & Birming'm.	5.572	1,757,956 6,189 3,915	+1.671	97	2,956 97 44
	Manistique Memp. & Charlest'n Mexican Central Mexican National	5,586 147,084 1,010,908	3,915 151,954 899,976	$-4.870 \\ +110.932$	1,860	330
1	Mexican National Mexican Railway!	499 498	396,551 236,330 27,743 149,449 268,344 953,374 2,055,925 73,558 34,158	+92,945 +50,626	321	1,860 1,219 321
11	Mexican Railway! Mexican Southern* Minn. & St. Louis	286,956 31,979 162,847 286,916	27,743 149,449	+4,236 $+13,398$	227 370	370
1 2	Minn. St. P.&S.Ste.M. Mo. Kans. & Tex.sys.	1,141,000	268,344 953,374	$^{+18,472}_{+187,692}_{+26,075}$	1,168 2,197	$\frac{1,168}{2,060}$
1	Mo. Pac. & Iron Mt	2,082,000 83,000	2,055,925 73,558	+26,075 $+9,442$ $+3,311$	4,936 388	4,990 388
	dobile & Birm'gham.	37, 169 368, 291	371,858	-3.577	149 687	149 687
1	Nash. Chat. & St. L J.Y.Cen. & Hud. Riv.	433,899 3,638,168	458,291 4,020,847	-24,392 $-382,679$	905 2,395	902 2,395
1 6	V. Y. Ont. & West Vorfolk & Western	270,803 911,555	298 211	-27,408 +86,082 -126,724	1,570	1,570
10	Northern Pacific	72.853	825,473 1,496,399 80,703	-7,850	4,497 215	4,497 215
10	Ohio River & Char	16,125 40,709 401,161 105,937	19.5371	-3.412 $-37,694$	207 226	207 226 1,059
P	Peo. Dec. & Evansv	401,161 105,937	78,403 359,337 93,272	$+41,824 \\ +12,665$	331	331
P	ittsb. Lisb. & West.		3,860 55,937 131,367	$^{+131}_{-7,107}$	25 183	25 183
P	Pittab. & Western Pittab. Clev. & Tol.	48,830 127,476 54,232	69.8821	-3,891 $-15.650$	227	227 77
9	Pittsb. Pa. & Fair	25,482	23.292	-5,327 $+3,288$ $-15,110$	139	139
B	io Grande South'n. io Grande Western.	201.450	22,194 46,921 182,200	+19,250	180 520	180 520
18	t. Jos. & Gr. Island t. L. Chic. & St. Paul	25.500	20.563	+54.0301	119	119
8	t. L. Kennett & So t. Louis Southwes'n.	6,520 528,000	510,026	+4,937 +1,192 +17,974	1,223	20 1,223
8	t. Paul & Duluth an Fran. & No. Pac.	51.181	111.646	-1.442	248 165	248 165
8	her. Shrev.& South	3,551	54,623 37,469 12,471	+4,633 -8,917	155 20	155 20
	o. Haven & East'n. outhern Railway			+714 -158,995	4,803	37 4,597 176
T	exas & Pacific	32,037 796,949	1,836,571 41,313 873,686	-9,276 -76,737	1,499	1,499
T	ol. & Ohio Central ol. Peoria & West'n.	155,189 75,665	153,630 85,436		248	367 248 451
T	ol. St. L. & K. City	191,242 965,373	141,931 1,070,152 -			1,935
W	est. N. Y. & Penn est Va. Cen & Pitts.	92,547	251,535	-3,5 3	651 152	651 152
W	heel. & Lake Erie isconsin Central	107,634 3 4,389	$\frac{125,533}{289,554}$	$-17,899 \\ +14,83$	247 894	247 894
W	rightsv. & Ten	8,213	8,496	-191	22	22
_	Total (135 roads) 4	2,893,334 4	3,507,2201 -	-613,386 9	7,233 96	3,440
	For three weeks only		lersen are ex	reladed for	h ith ve	279

<sup>928</sup> tearnings of Cate. House thenderson are excluded for both years, 168 For four weeks ending Dec. 26. Earnings for 1896 are for first 222 16 days of December only; road was closed on 17th for the winter.

			111	E CH
GROSS EARNINGS	FROM JAN	UARY 1 TO	ECEMBE	CR 31
Name of Road.	1896.	1005	*	D
Name () Roda.	\$	1895,	Increase.	De rease.
Ala. N. O. & Tex. Pac.— N. O. & Northeast'n	1,528,128	1,651,235		123,107
Alabama & Vicksb'g	1,325 058 608,853 576,723	1,3°9,612 558,943	49,910	74,554
Ann Arbor	1,16 ,426 541,145	558,943 543,564 1,106,235 555,538	33,159 54,191	********
Atlantic & Pacific Balt. Ches. & Atlantic	496 760	3,569,052 503,379		14,393 43,616
Balt. & O. Southwest	6,157,467 23,777 3,339,534	6,448.054 23,109	668	16,610 290,587
Birmingham & Atlantic Buff. Roch, & Pittsburg. Burl. Ced. Rap. & No Canadisa Pacific	3,339,534 4,450,034	3.053.1421	286,392	54,299
CHARADORKO & UDIO	4,450,034 20,678,726 10,372,298	4,504,338 18,941,036 9,798,324	1,737,680 573,974	
Chic. & East'n Illinois Chic. Great Western Chic. Milw. & St. Paul Chic. Peo. & St. Louis	3, 62,132 4,652,032	4.089.572	562,460 744,385	11,656
Chie, Peo. & St. Louis Chie, Rock Isl. & Pac	4,652,032 31,352,583 691,025 15,421,698	30,604,000 935,788 15,353,825	67,873	44,763
Chic. & West Michigan. Cin. Georg. & Portsm'th	1,629,041 61,064 706,356	15,353,925 1,714.126 66,225		85,085 5,164
Cin. Jackson & Mack Cin. N.O. & Texas Pac.	3,3/1,19/	66,225 636,244 3,717,901	70,112	346,704
Cleveland Canton & So.	272,597 703,445	278,630 677,243 13,976,10	26,202	6,033
Cleve. Lorain & Wheel	13,008,622	1,465,537 1,746,013 2,654,489	77,803	968,083 180,715
Colorado Midland Col. Hock. Val. & Tol Col. San'ky & Hocking	1,823,816 2,480,924	2,654,482 872,549 18,2 · 7		173,559 65,741
Dany & Rio Grande	80-,808 19,591 7,221,114	7,276 : 68	1,314	55,254
Des Moines No & West.	7,221,114 441,480 112,881	7,276,568 380,366 95,808 1,139,750	61,114 17,073	
Det. Lansing & North'n. Dul. So. Shore & Atl Elgin Joliet & East		1,139,750 1,511,824	25,745 92,719 106,025	
Evansy. & Indianapolis.	1,904,543 1,278,103 286,529	1,511,824 1,172,078 302,309		15,780
Evansv. & Richmond* Evansv. & Terre Haute. Flint & Pere Marquette.	113,533 1,056,615 2,587,083	111,868 1,095,861 2,505,704	1,665 81,379	39,346
Fig. Cent. & Peninsular. Ft. Worth & Denv. City. Ft. Worth & Rio Gr'de	2,587,083 2,002,885 1,004,604	1,898,464	104,421	82,098 75,580
Gadsden & Atalia Un	336,511 10,604	412,091 9,327 1,357,760	201,115	75,580
Georgia & Alabama	1,558,875 866,082	495,417	370,665	*******
Ga. South'n & Florida Gr. Rapids & Indiana Cin. Rich.& Ft. Wayne.	882,779 1,895,186	830,384 2,074,842 447,605	52,395	179,65 i 54,564
Traverse City	393,041 44,283 121,917	116.401	297 5,516	34,304
Chic. & Gr. Trunk Det. Gr. H. & Milw.*	3,047,972	17,754,+63 2,707,233 976,459	715,216 340,739	
Great Nor. St. P. M. & M.	929,261 15,771,861 1,933,743	14,890,328	831,533 258,361	47,198
Eastern of Minnesota.  Montana Central Gulf Beaumont & Chie.	1,933,743 1,926,489 97.315	1,675,382 1,560,676	365,-13	******
Gulf & Chicago	47,860 21,857,914 445,294	74,037 46,851 21,814,347	1,009 43,567	*******
Indiana Dec. & West." Int. & Great Northern	445,294 3,522,384	21,814,347 463,424 3,278,229	244.155	15,530
Interoceanic (Mex.); Iowa Central	3,522,384 2,290,321 1,716,741 44,148	2,240,087 1,679,702 49,443	50,234 37,039	*******
Iowa Central. Iron Railway. Kanawha & Michigan. Khansac C. Ft. 8.4 Mem. Kan. City Mem. & Bir. Kansas City & N. W. Kan. City its & Guif. Kansas City Sub. Belt. Keokuk & Western.	461,359	455,390 4,476,949	5,969	5,295 42,229
Kan. City Mem. & Bir Kansas City & N. W	461,559 4,434,720 1,188,873 296,604	1,124,437 252,575	64,43t 44,029	*******
Kan. City & Beatrice. Kan. City Pitts. & Gulf.	809,021		2634	
Kansas City Sub. Belt Keokuk & Western'	381,822	5:2,335 277,769 368,937	276,686 62,791 12,885	20,551
L. Erie Alliance & So Lake Erie & Western Lake Shore & Mich. So.	3,343,164	81,000	******	175.940
Lehigh & Hudson River	20,205,932 393,779 3,935,059	433,453 4,043,584		810,103 39,704 108,525
Louisv. Evansv. & St. L. Louisv. Hend. & St. L.	1,488,800 455,592 20,247,340	1,505,434 444,585	11,007	16,634
Macon & Birmingham	62.135	72,035	438,142	9,90
Manistique Memphis & Charleston. Mexican Central	116,225 1,328,163 10,203,007	117,229 1,266,93 9,494,247	61,227 709,760	1,003
Mexican National Mexican Railway!	3.215.253	9.494,247 4,464,324 3,180,396	750,929 116,62t	*******
Mexican Southern* Mich. Cent. & Can. So	3,297,022 530,960 13,918,000	470,816 13,651,000	167,000	*******
Minneapolis & St. Louis Minn. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	1 902 950	1,964,572 3,132,884	28,278 546,930	******
Missouri K. & Tex. sys. Mo. Pacific & Iron Mt Central Branch	3,679,814 11,746,244 22,012,000 781,000	11,060,135 22,672,004 621,473	159,527	630,064
Mobile & Birmingham	339,759	295,688	43.071 219,568	
Nash. Chatt. & St. L N. Y. Cent. & Hud. Riv.	3.711,892 5,004,913 44,075,028	3,492,324 4,871,863 44,338,889	133,050	263,961
N.Y. Ontario & West'n Norfolk & Western	3,~50,901 11,004,400 18,717,816	3,726,193 9,607,306 19,088,646	124,718 1,402,094	270 020
Ohio River & Charleston	965,639 186,855	887,271 186,818	78,368	370,830
Peoria Dec. & Evansy	885,370	774,512 926,77	******	88,176 41,407
Pitta Lisb & West	632,349	44,814 621,217	11,132	1,138
Pittsburg & Western Pittsb. Cleve. & Tol	1,659,946 736,041 380,012	891,074	31,121	49,285 155,033
Quincy Omaha & K. C Rio Grande Southern	380,012 294,711 447,396 2,400,892	348,89 260,190 453,312	34,321	5,916
Rio Grande Western St. Jos. & Grand Island.	800.100	689,420	8,472 165,616	
St. Louis Chic. & St. Paul St. Louis Southwestern. St. Paul & Duluth	297,847 4,867,518	276.691	21,156	188,966
San Fran. & No. Pacine.	297,847 4,867,518 1,534,572 744,691	5,056,484 1,568,534 811,704		33,962 67,0 3 40,392
Sherman Shreve. & So South Haven & East'n Southern Railway		355,335 19,644 18,818,529	8,143	245.407
Texas Central	27.787 18,573,122 292,322 6,798,785	18,818,529 316,583 7,015,307		24,361 216.522

Name of Road.	1896.	1895,	Increase.	Decr an
Toledo & Ohio Central. Toledo Peoria & West'n. Fol. St. L. & Kan. City. Wabash. West N. Y. & Pa. Wheeling & Lake Erie. Wisconstin Central. Wrightsv. & Tenn	944,146 2,177,216 11,963,902 3,059,66 1,310,498	\$ 1,838,777 991,2 0 1.847,24 12,650,904 3,812,976 1,365,19 4,573,42 85,728	\$ 329,963 7,236	9 44,186 47,19
Total (132 roads)	523,269,279	516,039,310	15,188,261 7,229,969	

\* For three weeks only in December. † Includes St. Louis Alton & Terre Haute for 1896 and 1895. † To December 26.

ROADS REPORTING FOR ELEVEN MONTHS.

Jan. 1 to Nov. 30.	1896.	1895.	Increase.	Decrease
	. 8	- 8	*	8
Adirondack	178,817 521,36	180,462		1,64
Alabama Midland*	0 1 10 997	44 - 687	74,678	
Allecheny Valley	2,142,287 75,900	2,355,637	*******	21 ,35
Atch. Top. & Santa Fe	26,925,39	26,095,111	829, 81	8,13
Atch, Top. & Santa Fe. Atlanta & West Point.	426,601	382,544	43,9 7	
augusta Southern*	64,37	45,538	18,780	*******
Bangor & Aroostook	659 939	676,4	******	17,57
Buh & Hammondsport	35,575 503,365 493,059	32,235	3.34	
Brunswi k & Western*	503,365	424,977	73,38	
Buffalo & Su-quehanna Carolina Midiand	55,360	39 4,45	99,60	******
Cantral of Georgia		46,455	98,329	******
Central of Seorgia Central of New Jersey.	4,665,004 11,634,355 46,195 466,226	12,045,474	30,349	411,11
Charleston Cl. & Sut	46,195	39,95	6,344	****
Charleston & S.v	466,226	4:9.850	26,367	*******
Chicago Burl. & Quicey	31,721,403 29,730,719	30,736,470	484 933	******
Chicago & North West. Chicago & North. Pac.	29,730,719		842,106	*******
Chicago & North. Pac.	749,400 7,496,239 9,75 693,267	702,749	45,65	*******
	7,496,239	6,849,640	646,599	******
Cumberland Valley'.	693 967	7,46	2,2 4	******
Detroit & Mackings	376,858	710,090	40,50	14,82
Eria.	29,563,958	336,346 28,115,395	448.563	*****
Erie Bureka Springs*	50.998	53,986	**0.003	2,99
Filehburg	6,743,637	6,783,393		39,75
Hoosac Tunnel & Wil	41,009	43,037		1,49
Ind. Ills. & Iowa	682,057 260,107	43,037 699,70		17.61
Ind. Ills. & Iowa Jacksonv. Tam & K.W.*	260,107	331,843		71,73
Lehigh Valley!	19,514,660	18,564,454	950,200	**** **
Lexington & Eastern*	166,080	175,47)	** ****	9,39
Los Angeles Terminal Mexicau Internat'i	85,177	137,593	000 400	52,41
Mexican Northern	2,667,097 662,00*	2,378,669 624,778	288,428 37,230	
donterey & Mex Gulf*	935,180	1 027,373	31,230	92,19
Monterey & Mex Gulf* N. Y. Susqueh & West	2,067,752	2,06×,320		56
AOLIHOMSTOLI OL CLA	52,042	42,483	9,549	
Northern Central	5,766,48	5,946,844	*****	180,36
Oregon Impt. o.*	33,017	20.65	6,422	
Oregon Impt. o	2,720,563	2,709,327	11,236	
Pennsylv - East, Lines Western Lines	56,904,272 32,9 0,300	58,987, 7 35,750,000		2,0 43.30 2,8 39,70
Peoria & Eastern	1,553,028	33,730,000	******	2,8 49,70
Petershure	508 937	1,820,103 498,747 17,780 961	10,190	267,08
Petersburg Philadelph a & Read.*.	508,937 16,885,701	17,730 9:1	20,100	845,:6
Coal & fron Co.*	18,936,684	19,9 18,31		1,061,63
Phil. Read. & N-w Eng	18,936,684 632,292 642,4+0 313,403	706,365 671,583	******	74,07
Rich. Fred. & Potomac	642,4+0	671.583		29,12
Rich & Petersburg	313,403	312,95	444	******
st. Louis & San Fran		3,503,930 1,794 089 2,746,248 151,151	100,008	
San Ant. & Aran Pass. Sav. Fia. & Western*	1,499,017 2,422,588 161,*29 44,342,437 396,551	1,794 085	104,945 26,320 10,378	******
Silver Sprgs O & Gulf	181 198	131 131	10 97	
Southern Pac. (5 r'ds)	44 342 432	46,090.15	10,376	1,747,71
pokane Fails & North	396,551	254,24	142,302	1,141,11
Stony Cl & Catak, Mts		41.09		2,54
Summit Branch'	788,835	968.56		179,72
Lykens V. lley*	788,835 724,563 20,962,543	968,56° 605,28± 20,411,753	119,281	
Union Pac. (6 roads)	20,962,943	20,411,753	550,590	
Union Pac Den. & Gulf	2,829,124	2.230.324		1,20 2,74
Waco & Northwestern. West Va. & Pittsburg*. Western of Alas ama*	243,153	245,90 318,757 431,016	*******	2,747
west va. & Pittsburg".	326,826	318,757	×,064	******
	469,676		38,660	
Total (73 roads)			6,208,157	
Net decrease (1.00 p. c.)	*******		*******	4,053,05
Miles of road	54,925	54,515	413	******

NOTE —An asterisk (') affixed to the name of a road indicates the figures have been furnished only for the ten months to October 31. † For year ending November 30.

# CURRENCY REFORM IN JAPAN.

A FULL SUMMARY OF THE REPORT OF THE CURRENTY COMMISSION.

THE QUESTIONS DISCUSSED AND THE CONCLUSIONS REACHED RE-GARDING THE USE OF GOLD AND SILVER IN EUROPE—THE EFFECT OF THE SILVER STANDARD IN JAPAN AND THE ANTICIPATED RESULTS OF THE ADOPTION OF THE GOLD STANDARD.

(From the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin.)

A full summary of the findings of the currency commission appointed by the Japanese Government in 1893 has just been received by the Japanese Legation at Washington and translated, by the courtesy of the Legation, for the "Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin." It has been known in this country that the commission failed to reach a complete agreement when it completed its work in March, 1895, but the very fact of this lack of agreement has prevented the knowledge of other details of the work and conclusions of the commission. The commission was appointed under an Act of Parliament by the Emperor and consisted of public officials, bankers, merchants and professors, chosen

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from among the most eminent in their several professions. The commission was appointed in 1893 to investigate the

The commission was appointed in 1893 to investigate the following questions:

1. The causes and effects of the recent change of ratio between gold and silver.

2. The effects of the change upon Japan. And, 3. Whether such change necessitates the reform of our present currency system, and, if so, to determine what new standard of currency shall be adopted and how it shall be done.

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As these questions covered quite a wide field of inquiry the commission at its first meeting held October 25, 1893, selected a special committee to make preliminary investigations into the first two questions. The special committee thereupon took up the matter and finished its work March, 1895. It agreed generally to the statements contained in chapters I. and II. affixed thereto, but could not come to an understanding upon the questions covered by chapter III. Accordingly the majority and minority of the commission.

The currency commission on receipt of this report met on several occasions and unanimously indorsed chapters I. and II. It, however, differed on chapter III., and at last after lengthy discussion adopted the chapter by a majority of 10 against 5.

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The commission, excepting one member, was of the opinfont that the change of the ratio between gold and silver was so far beneficial to Japan, and that therefore there is for the present no necessity of changing our currency system. However, it differed on the point whether there will possibly in future arise such necessity. Eight took the affirmative, seven the negative. The commission then proceeded to the discussion about the kind of metal to be made the future standard of currency and the method of carrying out the reform. Six out of eight voted for gold and two for bimetallism. The committee, however, could not reach a conclusion about the method of enforcing the new monetary system. Some urged an immediate change, while others preferred to make only necessary preparations for the future. Some proposed to wait an international arrangement, while others wished to establish bimetallism independently of other nations. other nations.

CHAPTER I.

THE CAUSES OF THE CHANGE IN THE RATIO BETWEEN GOLD AND SILVER AND ITS GENERAL EFFECT.

SILVER AND ITS GENERAL EFFECT.

SECTION I. During about two hundred years, from 1687 to 1873, the ratio between gold and silver did not change very much, the difference in the London market having been between 14\*14 to 16\*25 to 1 per ounce. The rate, however, in March, 1894, was 34\*61 to 1. The ratio in Japan differed independently from other countries during her ages of seclusion. Still we come to recognize lately a marked change in our country in the ratio of the two metals.

(Here follow tables to verify the statement. The same is the case at the end of each following section, paragraph, article, etc.)

our country in the ratio of the two metals.

(Here follow tables to verify the statement. The same is the case at the end of each following section, paragraph, article, etc.)

SEC. II. In China, India and other silver countries the price of silver has changed only slightly as against commodities, with the exception of some tendency in late years to fall even against commodities. But according to the investigations made as to the prices of commodities in England, the United States, France, Germany, etc., gold has advanced remarkably as against commodities.

SEC. III. The following are the principal causes of the change in the ratio of gold and silver:

(1) Increase in production of silver.—Silver was produced in nearly the same quantities until about 1840. But its production for ten years after 1841 averaged 25,000,000 ounces a year, and it has increased so much ever since that notwithstanding the continuous fall of silver after 1873 its production in 1892 was four and a-half times the average amount for five years after 1851. The enormous amount of 128,000,000 yen of silver which Germany is ready at any time to put on the market has the same effect upon the price of the metal as its increased production.

(2) Reduction in cost of production of silver.—It is very hard to find out the comparative cost of production of silver in different ages on account of the difficulty we have in procuring reliable information and in ascertaining the expenses of reducing different ores. Professor Austin estimates it at 2½d, per ounce, while others estimate it at 24d. There is no doubt, however, that the cost has been decreased very much with the progress of the arts of metallurgy and mining and the development of communication. In Japan the decrease in cost of production from 1882 to 1891 is about 4 sen and 1 rin per momme.

(3) Demand for silver as money does not increase in proportion to the increase of its production.—In 1873 Germany and the Scandinavian Kingdom adopted the gold standard. In 1874 the Latin Union alorgated bi

currency since 1875 has been stopped. The absorption of 54,000,000 ounces of silver into the United States Treasury was stopped since October of the same year by the repeal of the so-called Sherman act. Russia has in the same year refused to coin the people's silver in her mints. In July of the same year she prohibited the import into her Central Asiatic regions of all foreign silver coins except Chinese coin called Kwan Hsui Yuan Pao, and later also the import of foreign silver coins in her maritime territories.

(4) Decrease in demand for silver a articles of art.—Lately silver and all silver wares are not liked so much as gold. The duties to be paid in gold upon silver wares being naturally heavy in proportion to the prices of the wares, it has to some extent disturbed the growth of the demand for silver wares. We notice that the consumption of silver for art has in spite of the fall of its price decreased instead of increasing in proportion to the production.

(5) The total amount of silver to be affected in price by the increase or decrease of supply and demand is small in proportion to the increase of its supply.—More than half of silver coins being of a representative character they are higher in price than their face value. Silver used in the arts being also higher in price than its actual value it does not appear in the market even if silver appreciates more or less, and it lies entirely beyond the influence of supply and demand. The only part of this metal which is affected by supply and demand are unworked silver and silver coins having a real price. Therefore the production of silver in enormous quantities must affect very much the price of silver belonging to these classes.

(6) The proportion of increase in production of gold is less

naving a real price. Interetore the production of silver in enormous quantities must affect very much the price of silver belonging to these classes.

(6) The proportion of increase in production of gold is less than that of increase in silver.—Gold was produced in comparatively small quantities until 1840. The production then began to increase until the average amount of production for five years after 1851, upon the discovery of rich mines in California and Australia, became over three and a-half times more than the average for ten years before 1851. The increase has, however, not been so steady after that, and the amount of production in 1893 is only about one a-half percent more than the average amount for five years after 1851. Silver on the other hand has, as was seen, multiplied four and a-half times.

(7) Increase in demand for gold as money.—The demand for gold as money increased since 1873, as the necessary consequence of the monetary reforms adopted in Germany and other European countries. The amount of gold coined during twenty years preceding 1870 exceeded its production for the same period by 14,000,000 ounces, while during twenty-two years since 1871 the excess amounted to 39,000,000 ounces,

ounces.

(8) Increase in demand for gold as articles of art.—We notice in Europe, and especially in the United States, the increase of demand for gold for use in the arts.

(9) Growing tendency to accumulate gold.—We notice the fact that several governments, nations, and especially banks, are hoarding gold. This is due to the general tendency to value this metal more highly, and also to the convenience and security with which it can be kept.

Sec. IV. The effects of the change of ratio between gold and silver.

and silver.

EFFECTS UPON SILVER COUNTRIES.

PART I.

EFFECTS UPON SILVER COUNTRIES.

ARTICLE 1. Increase of exports.—There is no question that the change of ratio between gold and silver stimulates exports. This is due first to the fact that the prices of commodities in silver countries being practically low as against those in gold countries, the former have great advantage over the latter with respect to export. Besides silver countries have an advantage in competing with gold countries in the same articles made in both countries.

ART. 2. Rise in prices of commodities.—As has been seen, gold has not only appreciated very much as against prices of commodities, but also against silver, while silver has not depreciated much as against commodities. However if the demand for silver shall become less in the future and its price decline more, the prices of commodities will rise. This rise will be enhanced by the increase of money consequent upon the increase of exports from silver countries.

ART. 3. Light burden of debtors and taxpayers.—It is quite an advantage to everybody to borrow money and pay it after a decline. The borrower, as a matter of fact, gets money having more purchasing power and pays in money with less purchasing power.

ART. 4. Good condition of agriculture.—The change in the ratio of the two metals causes the rise in prices of agricultural products. Farmers can get more income and pay taxes easier than before. Besides the lightening of their burden and the rise in price of their farms induce them to make improvements and encourage them to wider cultivation.

ART. 5. Development of commerce and industry.—The

tion.

ART. 5. Development of commerce and industry.—The increase of exports and the inducement offered to merchants to purchase, and manufacturers to make more, by reason of the rise in prices of commodities lead to general prosperity in commerce and industry. We notice this feature in India, especially in the growth of her cotton mills, before the change of her monetary system. As regards China, we have no reliable statistics, but her i ndustry has, we have no doubt, greatly developed lately.

ART. 6. Increase in revenue from taxes and other sources.—The tax upon consumption, the income tax and other

revenues, such as from posts, telegraphs and railroads, in crease with the increase of production and the prosperity of commerce and industry. We notice this fact in India be-fore the change of her monetary system, in Austria, Russia

and Mexico.
ART. 7. Increase in demand for labor.
ART. 8. Increase of national expenditure.—The rise in prices of commodities necessitates the increase of the government funds for purchasing several articles, and the appreciation of gold demands similar increase in government funds for maintaining their offices in gold countries and for payment of their debt abroad. This is especially the case with India, which has to pay large amounts in pounds sterling annually to England. with India, which has to payment of with India, which has to payment in annually to England.

ART. 9. Distress of those when the case where the case where the case where the case where

who receive fixed wages.-This ART. 9. Distress of those who receive fixed wages.—This is naturally the case when daily expenses increase with the rise in prices of commodities. Wages go up sooner or later; but as they do not go with the same speed as the rise in prices, laborers have to suffer, at least for a time.

ART. 10. The disadvantages to creditors.—This is just the opposite case to that of debtors.

ART. 11. Growth of speculative enterprise.—When prices high the decomposite and industry against a favorable as

go high and commerce and industry assume a favorable as-pect, business transactions are generally enlarged and new enterprises are contemplated. A reaction must, however,

enterprises are contemplated. A reaction must, however, take place and often leads to panic.

ART. 12. Rise in prices of commodities imported from gold countries and decrease in imports.—As long as the prices of commodities in gold countries do not decline as much as or commodities in gold countries do not decline as much as the difference of the two metals, silver countries have to pay higher prices for goods imported from gold countries. In other words, the prices of goods from gold countries have so far risen in silver countries. We notice that the change in ratio of gold and silver which has been especially great these two or three years decreased imports from gold countries.

#### PART II.

#### EFFECTS UPON GOLD COUNTRIES

ARTICLE 1. Profits to creditors.—The effect of the change of ratio between gold and silver upon gold countries are just the opposite to those upon silver countries. The price of commodities having fallen, gold has more purchasing power than before. According to the investigations made in gold countries the prices of commodities have fallen from 100 in 1873 to 70 in 1894, so that the purchasing power of money has increased 429 per cent; which is the direct profit to creditors.

ART. 2. Fall in prices of commodities imported from silver countries.—The prices of commodities in silver countries are rising when there are fluctuations in the ratio of gold and silver. But as the prices do not rise so much as the difference of the two metals, they are still to some extent low as against gold. In other words, gold countries can obtain

against gold. In other words, gold countries can obtain articles cheaper from silver countries.

ART. 3. Decrease of national expenditure.—With the increase of the purchasing power of money the government funds for purchasing articles and for paying debts to silver countries naturally becomes smaller. It has decreased about '429 per cent since 1873.

ART. 4. Depreciation of prices of commodities.—(See Section 2)

ART. 5. Loss to debtors and taxpayers.—This is necessarily the case when they have to pay their debts with money the purchasing power of which has increased after the debt was incurred.

ART. 6. Depression of commerce and industry.—It is quite natural that commerce and industry should not flourish when prices of commodities decline and debtors and taxpayers are in distress. When prices decline day by day

when prices of commodities decline and debtors and taxpayers are in distress. When prices decline day by day
merchants hesitate to purchase and manufacturers to make,
and then the general depression follows. This is true in
England, where commerce and industry do not prosper and
cotton and other industrial business have been retarded.
It is also the case in the United States, where a panic occurred in 1893; 640 banks closed during the year, large
numbers of factories closed and trade in general was suspended. In Germany, also, the same depression was felt
and a silver commission was appointed to investigate this
matter. matter.

ART. 7. Decline of rate of interest.-When prices decline and commerce and industry are depressed the apprehension of failures prevents capitalists from investing money in new enterprises. Besides, as capital invested in silver countries

enterprises. Besides, as capital invested in silver countries will be withdrawn more money will be left unemployed, the demand will decrease and at last the rate of interest will fall.

ART. 8. Distress of farmers.—The income of farmers decreases, and the prices of land fall together with the fall in prices of agricultural products. This distress is, moreover, enlarged by the heavier burden upon the taxpayers.

ART. 9. Decrease in revenue.—The revenue from taxes on consumption, from income tax, from posts, telegraphs and railroads, increases very slightly in comparison with silver countries.

ART. 10. Distress to employers.—This is naturally the case with the employers who have to pay wages and salaries to the employees with money the purchasing power of which has increased. As especially wages do not only fall with the prices of commodities, but generally take the contrary course, employers have to restrict their business. Any attempt on their part to decrease wages will be met with strikes or some other form of opposition.

ART. 11. Decrease in demand of labor.—This is naturally the case with the depression of agriculture, industry and

Many also go out of employment and paupers commerce. ART. 12. Increase of imports from silver countries

ART. 12. Increase of imports from silver countries.—As gold countries can buy goods cheaper from silver countries, their consumption of the products of the latter countries increases and the balance of trade with these countries generally goes against the former. This is to be seen in the trade returns of England, the United States, Germany, France, etc. The capital invested in silver countries from gold countries may to some extent account for this feature, but there is no doubt that the cheap importation from silver countries is one of the causes. countries is one of the causes.

#### PART III.

EFFECTS UPON THE RELATION OF GOLD AND SILVER COUNTRIES.

ARTICLE I. Stagnation of trade between gold and silver countries.—This is the necessary consequence of the constant fluctuations in exchange quotations, and it sometimes even stops the trade entirely.

os the trade entirely.

Decrease of capital investment from gold to silver
s.—When the ratio of the two metals is fluctuating. countries.—When the ratio of the two metals is fluctuating gold capitalists hesitate to invest capital in silver countries and sometimes even try to withdraw funds already invested. The results are that the field of investment becomes narrow in gold countries, and that the supply of capital becomes less in silver countries.

#### CHAPTER II.

THE EFFECTS ON THE RECENT CHANGE OF RATIO BETWEEN GOLD AND SILVER UPON JAPAN.

Japan, as all other silver countries, partakes of the same advantages and disadvantages.—Besides the effects mentioned in Articles I to 12 in Part I, and Articles I and 2 in Part III. of Section 3 of the preceding chapter, respectively, we notice that the prosperous condition of commerce and industry led the people in general to adopt a higher mode of living, even tending to some luxury. Another feature which has not specially been mentioned as an effect upon silve countries in the foregoing paragraphs, and which is very plainly to be seen in Japan, is the growing import of silver. This may be due to the annual increase of exports from our country, but is also due to the fact that Japan is the only This may be due to the annual increase of exports from our country, but is also due to the fact that Japan is the only country in the East having its mint opened to free coinage. tThe annual reports of the director of the mint clearly show he increase of requests made to the mint for coining silver. CHAPTER III.

#### Conclusions

(1) Radical change in the relative prices of gold and silver.—There is no question that there has been an unparalleled change in the relative prices of gold and silver during the last quarter of a century. In 1873 the average price

alleled change in the relative prices of gold and silver during the last quarter of a century. In 1873 the average price of silver in London was 59½ pence per ounce; that is to say, the ratio of gold and silver was 15.92 to 1; while in March, 1894, silver valued at 27½ pence, i. e., 34.61 to 1. It is a necessity of primary importance to study whether the cause of this change lies in the appreciation of gold of in the depreciation of silver, or in the change in the value of both gold and silver. Mere comparison of their relative values is not sufficient for this study. The investigation of prices of commodities both in gold and silver countries must be carefully made.

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prices of commodities both in gold and silver countries must be carefully made.

(2) Gold appreciated more than silver depreciated.—In examining the rise and fall of the prices of commodities, we see that they have fallen considerably in gold countries during the last quarter of a century, while they have not changed very much in silver countries, except as regards some tendency to rise during these last two or three years. There being many causes which affect the prices of commodities, we cannot attribute this rise or fall only to the fluctuations of gold or silver. Yet we may say that the considerable fall of prices of commodities in gold countries in general shows the equally remarkable rise of gold as against silver, while the rather stationary condition of prices of commodities, with some tendency to rise in silver countries, shows that silver has only lately begun to decline as against gold. We therefore conclude that the considerable fall in prices of commodities in gold countries is mainly due to the rise of gold, and that the small rise in prices of commodities in silver countries mainly to the small depreciation of silver.

Some explain the fall of prices of commodities in gold

Some explain the fall of prices of commodities in gold countries in another way. They say the application of science, the invention of new machinery, the facilities of communication, etc., increased the production by reducing the cost, and thereby caused the fall of prices of commodities. We of course admit that this is true, and is also true with gold as with all articles of commerce. But even support the commodities is the commodities of commerce of the commodities are the commodities. posing that gold was an exception, that its cost of production was not lessened under some counteracting influences. and that gold was not produced in large quantities, we may say that, as a matter of fact, the production of other articles increased before, as it did during, the last quarter of a century, while prices declined, especially during the last 25 years. Moreover, it is also to be seen that prices declined considerably during the last two or three years, while the application of science, etc., did not advance to the same decrease at the same time.

application of science, etc., did not advance to the same gree at the same time.

For convenience sake, let us compare the period of years from 1851 with another period, from 1871 down to the present (1895). The increase in the supply of gold during the former period, upon the discovery of gold mines in California and Australia, had depreciated gold and caused a rise is

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prices in commodities. However, the growth of industry followed this rise in prices of commodities, and the increase of articles consequent upon the growth of industry balanced the increase of money and kept the economic world in harmony. On the contrary, matters progressed entirely differently in the latter period after 1871; the demand for gold increased with the reform of the monetary systems of different countries, gold thereupon appreciated; prices declined, and at last caused the depression in agricultural, industrial and commercial business. But we are in doubt whether production has greatly increased in the latter period over the former.

(3) The chief cause of change in the ratio of gold and silver is the increased demand for gold in several countries.—There are many causes of the radical changes in the ratio between gold and silver. But the most important one is, no doubt, the increase of demand for gold as money. In 1873 Germany adopted the gold standard and absorbed enormous quantities of gold. Other European countries have, in succession, changed their monetary systems and adopted gold as their standard of money. The Powers forming the Latin Union first restricted, and then prohibited entirely, the coinage of silver in order to prevent the influx of this metal. Italy and the United States resumel specie payments. Austria made gold the standard. India changed her monetary system. The United States abolished the silver-purchasing law. It is quite evident that the demand for gold as money has increased as a necessary consequence of these changes. It is also no wonder that people began to respect gold more than ever, to use it more in arts, and then to accumulate it as much as possible. The production of gold was not indeed small, but the increasing demand caused it to appreciate.

Although silver, on the other hand, was rejected by many countries, it seems that its price has not changed as much as that of gold. When, however, we notice the rise of prices

In arts, and tells to appreciate.

Although silver, on the other hand, was rejected by many countries, it seems that its price has not changed as much as that of gold. When, however, we notice the rise of prices of commodities in silver countries, we are compelled to say that silver has even depreciated as against commodities. Silver did not depreciate as much as gold appreciated. Above all, the change in the ratio of gold and silver is due to the appreciation of gold.

(4.) The change in the ratio of gold and silver gives advantages to the silver countries and disadvantages to the gold countries.—The price of commodities is the most important factor in the economic world; its rise promotes agriculture, industry and commerce; its fall, the reverse. Every person who holds merchandise hastens to dispose of it, and every person who holds money will hesitate to part with it whenever there is any likelihood of the fall in prices of commodities. The fact is that the merchandise will decline and the money will rise the longer it is kept. Accordingly, the money-owners, creditors and others who have to receive fixed sums of money will gain, and the merchandise holders debtors, taxpayers and others who have to pay fixed sums of money will lose. The loss thus incurred by the merchants, etc., is the cause of the decline of industry and the depression of the market. The prices of commodities have been falling these 20 years in gold countries, and general complaint has for so long a time been heard, particularly in England. In 1885 the commission on tradal depression, but in trying to trace up to the cause of depression, but in trying to trace up to the cause of depression, but in recessary to investigate also the merits of their monetary system. This work, however, being entirely beyond the sphere of their power they recommended their Government to appoint another commission to investigate into the matter. The recommendation was adopted, and next year (in 1886) the commission on gold and silver was appointed. They agreed th

metallism.
Germany has suffered similar misfortunes. The silver commission appointed last year (1894) have unanimously concluded that the depreciation of silver is injurious both to her home and foreign trade, but that it is impossible for any one Power panitain the prine of this metal. The depression having been so general in all the gold countries they are studying the question with keenest attention. Economists and business men are now gradually inclining to bimetallism, and even those who advocate the gold standard admit that it is necessary to find a wider field for the use of silver. commission appointed last year (1834) have unanimously concluded that the depreciation of silver is injurious both to her home and foreign trade, but that it is impossible for any one Power to minimize the price of the transmission having been so general in all the gold countries they are studying the question with keenest attention. Economists and business men are now gradually inclining to bimetallism, and even those who advocate the gold standard admit that it is necessary to find a wider field for the use of silver.

The state of affairs in silver countries is entirely opposed to that in gold countries. The general tendency toward a rise in the prices of commodities naturally encounted the growth of home industry.

(13.) Tendency to find a wider field for the light prices of goods practically amounting to the same use of silver.

The state of affairs in silver countries is entirely opposed to that in gold countries. The general tendency toward a rise in the prices of commodities naturally encountries and the growth of home industry.

(13.) Tendency to luxury.—When business prospers and income increases and debts are readily paid, thus balancing the loss above montioned.

(11). Prevalence of speculative enterprise.—This is generally true both in gold and silver countries when business prospers. To prevent this we have, however, only to rely upon the vigilance of bankers and the economic world in general.

(12). Rise in prices of goods practically amounting to the same the high prices of goods practically amounting to the same the imposition of high duties stimulates on the other hand the growth of home industry.

(13.) Tendency to luxury.—When business prospers and income increases the mode of living goes higher and even becomes luxurious. But this can be checked only by the monetary reform, there had been great financial difficulty on the part of the Government on account of the fall of silver.—The Commission on Indian Currency has counted this as one of the things resulting the account is a liver countries

ver, but agriculture, industry and commerce had, on the other hand, been greatly developed.

The greatest injury which falls upon silver countries by reason of this change in ratio of gold and silver is the increase of national expenditure. Such countries as have large amounts of bonds as against gold countries, or which have a large indebtedness to be paid in gold, have to suffer very much by reason of the appreciation of gold. India has accordingly changed her monetary system. So ne silver countries on the American continent have suspended the payment of gold bonds. These disadvantages are, however, rather limited only to countries having large indebtedness and do not prevail universally in all silver countries.

It is most convenient for studying the comparative advantages and disadvantages in gold and silver countries to look to the actual state of affairs in a country having both systems. England and India are an example. Both are under the British rule, but as regards the monetary system one different from each other in standard; the change in the ratio of gold and silver affects one country just in the opposite direction to that in which it affects the other. In India export is increased, agriculture and industry developed, the demand for labor multiplied and revenue advanced; while England presents an exactly opposite state of affairs. In England the revenue, which does not decrease much in amount, has as much more purchasing power than before as the fall of the prices of commodities, and it even could produce some surplus. However, the depression of agriculture, industry and commerce is the decay of the source of revenue, and the British Government has naturally to suffer the consequences. The trouble in India is, on the other hand, not on account of her agriculture, industry and commerce is the decay of the source of revenue, and the British Government has naturally to suffer the consequences. The trouble, but she will, like her mother country, suffer from general depression in agriculture, industry a

ment was not even confident of the stackers of all where if we see that a Secretary of State has openly declared in the House that the change was rather of an experimental nature.

(5.) Our country has made great economic progress.—Although this is due naturally to the intelligence and energy of our nation, the remarkable progress made during these few years must rest greatly upon the change in the ratio of the two metals. One of the most gratifying features of our recent economic progress is the manufacturing of goods formerly imported from abroad and even their export to foreign countries. We—have to get a large supply of raw materials for such manufacture, but it is far more profitable to us to buy them than to import manufactured goods. Besides, every facility which Japan has for industrial enterprise and the high prices of imported goods are great inducements to the development of our agri ulture, industry and commerce presents the most satisfactory condition, as explained in Articles 4 and 5 of Part 1, Section III., Chapter I. However, loss follows profit, especially in the affairs of economy. The former resulting in Japan from the change in ratio of gold and silver is not very small as the latter is large. But if we compare the benefits mentioned in Articles 1-7 with the losses in Article 8 et seq. it becomes very plain that we need not be too much afraid of such losses. Some short explanations are given in the following:

(8). Increase of national expenditures.—There is no doubt, that this is one of the losses we have to suffer. But fortunately we have not a large debt in foreign bonds nor many government expenses to be paid in gold, and such small is losses may be met with rather easily by the increased revenue mentioned under Article 6.

(9). Distress of those who receive fixed wages.—This trouble, however, will becounter balanced by the increased demand for labor consequent upon the growth of business.

(10). Loss of creditors.—This follows naturally the decrease in the purchasing power of money. But

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observe in Japan that the import of silver is increasing, and the requests for its coinage are greater than ever. This is not, however, to be counted as an evil in our country, as such feature is the necessary consequence of the balance of trade in our favor, and also of the requests from Hong Kong. Singapore and other Strauts settlements to make their coins.

(15.) Stagnation in commercial dealings with Japan and gold countries.—The constant fluctuation in the foreign exchange market causes stagnation in our trade with gold countries. But if we see to the prosperous condition of our late foreign trade we might say that such fluctuation has only affected commerce temporarily.

only affected commerce temporarily.

(16.) Decrease of capital investments from gold countries.—Only a small amount of foreign capital has been invested. The withdrawal of such investments therefore affects our market only in a slight degree. The change of ratio between the two metals has, as stated above, had a good effect upon our country. But we do not think that the fall of silver and the rise in prices of commodities are absolutely beneficial to our country, especially as the fall of monetary standard will disturb our business. Believing, however, that the decline of silver will not be unlimited, and observing the advantages and disadvantages resulting to our country from such changes, we conclude that we de-rive more advantage and less disadvantage than the gold

rive more advantage and less disadvantage than the gold countries.

The report of the minority also deals with the particulars mentioned in the foregoing. They, like the majority, admit the advantages and disadvantages accruing to the gold and silver countries from the change of ratio between gold and silver. But they differ in this way, that while the majority lay more importance upon the advantages to Japan the minority view it in another light, and fear the disadvantages rather than the advantages will predominate. The report of the minority concludes in the following words: "The effects of the change of ratio between gold and silver upon Japan are both advantageous and disadvantageous. The increase of exports and the prosperity of industry and commerce thereby stimulated are the most important of the advantages, while the distress of laborers and the stagnation of foreign trade are among the chief disadvantages. The increase of exports, however, invites more and the stagnation of foreign trade are among the chief disadvantages. The increase of exports, however, invites more
imports of silver, inflates the currency, raises the prices of
commodities and at last will result in the excess of imports
over exports. The change of ratio between gold and silver
being injurious to all countries, many new schemes will be
proposed to remedy the evils, and very often great economic
disturbances will be raised in consequence. It is therefore
very necessary on our part, in view of such disturbances, to
seek the future advantage of our country instead of temporary and alluring benefits, and to establish a sound and
steady financial system which will conform to the proper
order of things and which will be in harmony with the
monetary systems of the Powers having the greatest economical relations with our country.

# DEBT STATEMENT DECEMBER 31, 1896

The following statement of the public debt of the United States on December 31 1896 is made up from official figures issued on that day. Lower down we give an interesting exhibit of the bonds issued in aid of the Pacific Railroads, and the Treasury cash holdings, all of the same date.

INTEREST-REARING DERT DECEMBER 31, 1806

	sterest Amou syable. issue	intim	ount outstar Coupon.	
Continued at 2 p.o.				25,364,500
4a, Funded loan, 1907Q	.— J. 740,909		69,245,150	
4s, Refund's certifie's Q 5s, Loan of 1994Q 4s, Loan of 1925Q	F. 100,000	,000 59,432,050		100,000,000 102,315,400
Total, excluding Pac.	1.291.248	400 675,590,400	171.723.400	947,364,696
\$1,000, \$10,000, coupon, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, coupon, DEBT ON WHICH Funded Loan of 1891, m Old debt matured prior a	conson, \$50, \$10 I INTEREST I	00, \$5.0, \$1,000, HAS CEASED S ber 2, 1891 \$37	INCE MAT ov. 30.	
Debt on which intere		NO INTERE		1,383,070 26
	edemption acco	unt	84,438 14 875,934 00	6,681,016 00 54,347 50 8,878,333 50 6,890,504 14
Aggregate of debt be	aring no interes	t	\$37	2,502,201 14
Classification of Debt	Drc. 31, 1896,	ULATION. Nov. 30, 1896.		ncrease or Decrease.
Interest bearing debt Debt, interest ceased Debt bearing no interest.	\$47,364,690 1,384,070	26 1,591 620	26 De	Inc. 170 00 c.204,550 + <b>0</b> c.332,054 00
Total gross debt Cash balance in Treasury	1,221,249,961 225,320,379	40 1,221,126,257 95 225,857,098		2.1°3,704 00 2,963,281 18
Total net debt	992,929,581	45 995,769,158	93 Dec.	2,8 19,577 48
The foregoing fi 1896 (interest-beari 249,961 40 and a n Treasury) of \$992,95	ing and nor let debt (g	interest-be	aring) of	\$1,221,-

Pacific Railroad bonds are never included in the official total of the Government debt. The status of these obligation to-day is as below. Methods of book-keeping make the official record unintelligible to most readers, and hence we have brought together in our compilation the leading facts relating to the subject.

BONDS ISSUED IN AID OF PACIFIC RAILROADS BONDS ISSUED IN AID OF PACIFIC RAILBOADS.

-Bark issuet and - Bark issued and - Bark .64,623,512 79,155,845 11,002,000 9,712,000 29,904,952 14,004,500 Total ...

The cash holdings of the Government as the items stood November 30 we take from the Treasury statement of that date. The net cash balance given below is the same as deducted above in reaching the net debt.

CASH IN THE TREA	SURV.		
Gold-Coin	+120,634 597	66	
Bafs	04,505,3-4	FB -	\$175.203,963 S
Silver-Dollars	394 / 81 572	100	
Subsidiary coin			200 044 44
Bars Paper-United States notes.	85 318 : 68		200,615,584 1
raper-United States notes	35,645,059		
Treasury notes of 1890			
Gold certificates	1, 93,350		
Silver certificates	14.5%7,70% 5: 0,000	000	
Certificates of deposit (Act June 8, 1872)	44 07 G DGO		151 052 044
National bank notes.  Other-Bonds, interest and coupons paid, await-	14,2,8,909	90-	151,357,340 8
Other-Bonds, interest and coupons paid, await-	90,802	-	
ing reimbursement	1,108 88-		
I .mor coin and fractional currency			
Deposits in nat'l bank depositaries—gen'l acct,	12,3-4,251		39 300 011 11
Disbursing officers' balances	3,774,901	80 -	17,286,644 3
Aggregate		- 1	853,463,551 R
DEMAND LIABILIT	TES		ton of a colony of
Gold certificates	#89,279 T89	00	
Silver certificates Certificates of deposit act June 8, 1872	8108 8 504		
Certificates of deposit act June 8, 1872	M-830 · + 0		***************************************
Treasury notes of 1890			580,809,578 <b>0</b>
Fund for redemp, of uncurrent nat'l bank notes	8 1 15.164		
Ontstanding checks and drafts	2,670,851		
Disbursing officer ' balances	27,110,573		
A gency accounts, &c	5,007,009	40-	44,333,598 97
Gold reserve			
Net cash balance 128,320,379 95.	** ********		229,320,379 %
Aggregate			553 463 551 00
Net cash balance in the Treasury November 30, 1 Net cash balance in the Treasury December 31, 18	96		228,357,099 47 228,320,379 95
Tot can being the the fremonty becember by			
Increase during the month			49 042 OJE 10

#### IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR DECEMBER

The Bureau of Statistics has issued a detailed statement of the foreign commerce of the country for the month of December, 1896 and 1895, and for the twelve months ending December 31 in 1896 and 1895, as follows:

r	MERCHA	NDISE.	
-	1896.—Exports—Domestic	December. \$116,124,334 1,093.765	12 mos. end. Dec.31, \$9 +0,871,256 19, +07,161
1	Total	\$117,227,102	\$1,005,878,417
	Imports-Free of duty Dutiable	\$31,897.303 26,059,701	\$3 21,931,526 353,604,707
	Total	\$57,9 >6,009	\$630,556,233
	Excess of exports	\$59,271,093	\$325, (22,184
1	1895.—Exports—Domestic	\$91,076,330	\$807,742,415 17,117,721
ı	Total	\$92.529,117	\$321,360,136
l	Imports—Free of duty Dutiable	\$29,432,767 32,749,280	\$334,816,131 416,853,216
ı	Total	\$62,201,047	\$801,669,347
	Excess of exports	\$30,328,970	\$23,190,789
1	GOLD COIN ANI		***************************************
1	1896.—Exports	\$405,856 2,572,271	\$56,742,844 10 :,766,438
1	Excess of imports	\$2,166,415	846,023,594
	1895.—Exports		\$104.605,023 32,538,736
1	Excess of exports GOLD IN		\$72,036,287
1	896.—Exports	\$15,970 227,076	\$209,621 1,963,124
1	Excess of imports	\$201,196	\$1,753,503
	895 Exports	\$7.156 110,217	\$362,379 1,857,656
1	Excess of imports	\$103,061	\$1,495,277
١.	SILVER COIN AN		202 222 224
•	896.—Exports	\$6,819,545 1,279,401	\$63,079,336 12,504,577
	excess of exports	\$5,539,744	\$50,514.759
1	895.—Exports	\$5,159,537 883,489	\$53,833,153 11,2:6,007
E	excess of exports	\$4,276,048	\$42,547,146
1	896.—Exports	\$101,285 1,661,0 9	\$993,405 17,730,230
	xeess of imports	\$1,539,721	\$16,736,375
	895.—Exports	\$105,913 1,637,445	\$377,933 13,037,340
	-		

IV.

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ity.— 1, 1899.

1,650,566

1,001,500

stood f that

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08,989 52

15,584 15

57,340 8

36,644 39 33,551 28

09,578 00

33,598 97

20,379 65 3,561 98 57,093 47 10,379 95

3,211 48

BER.

ent of

ending

Dec.31, 71,256 07,161

78,417
31,526
04,707
56,233
22,184
42,415
17,721
60,136
16,131
53,216
69,347
90,789

42,841 66,438 23,594 05,023 38,736 66,287 09,621 63,124 53,503 62,379 57,656 95,277 79,336 04,577

## THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET FOR FIVE YEARS.

We have compiled in a convenient form, from our own journal and from the books of money brokers, and give on the pages which follow, a comprehensive record of all departments of the New York money market for the last five years. This is the only attempt ever made to preserve that department of business affairs in a shape fitted for ready reference. The publication of the statements in this form was begun by us last year and the comparison was extended back so as to cover a number of past years. We new bring the data down to the end of 1896.

The tables require but little explanation. We begin with the call loan branch of the market, giving the range for each week at the Stock Exchange and the average, and also the minimum for call money at bank and trust companies. Following call loans we give time money, reporting under that head separately transactions at 30 days, 60 days, 90 days, and four, five, six and seven months, all representing choice collateral. Finally, the rates for commercial paper are presented: first, double-name paper divided into choice 60 to 90 day contracts, ordinarily known as bills receivable, and choice 4 months paper, known as commission house acceptances, and then single-name paper, divided into three classes. A complete monthly review of the money market during 1896 was furnished in the Chronicle of January 2 1897, pages 9 to 17, but as a matter of convenience we annex here a brief reference to the situation each month.

January—Market still affected by the panic the previous December caused by the Venezuslan incident, but gradually returning to normal conditions. Large return flow of currency from the interior and heavy gain in the money holdings and surplus reserve of the Clearing House banks. February—Opening of bids for Government loan. Part of the proceeds of loan left with the banks. Money market not disturbed. March—Further payments on bond subscriptions, and money holdings of banks diminishing, but money rates easy. April—Resumption of gold exports, but cash holdings of banks again increasing. May—Very heavy gold exports, but continued inflow of currency from the interior. Call money at 1½ 22 per cent. June—Final payment on Government loan. Government gold reserve rapidly declining. Flurry in stocks causes a slight stiffening in money. July—Nomination of Bryan. Banks replecish Government gold reserve. Syndicate stops gold outflow. August—Money market strained. Issue of Clearing House certificates suggested but none made. Gold imports. Commission charged for loans. September—Large shipments of currency to interior, but heavy inflow of gold from Europe gives some relief. October—Approach of election produces great tension. Money difficult to obtain. Banks place 10 million dollars at disposal of Clearing House Loan Committee to relieve stringency. November—Election of McKinley restores normal conditions. Money hoardings released, Gold becomes a drug. December—Money holdings of banks increasing, and deposits and loans at highest point of year.

#### MONEY MARKET AT NEW YORK-RATES IN 1896.

896.	CAL	L LO	ANS.			TI	ME LOA	NS.			1	COMME	RCIAL	PAPER.		189
	Stock Ex		At Banks&	30 days.	days,	90 days.	Four Months	Five Months	Six Months.	Seven		e-name.		ngleam		
EEK nding			Range.	Range.		Range.			Range.		60 to 90 days.	Choice Four Months.	Prime Four Months.	Prime Six Months.	Good 4 to 6 Months.	End
. 4.			6 -		Nom	inally 6	per cent	for all d	ates.	-	6 -	6 -	6 -7	6 -7	7 -9	Jan.
11.	2 -6	410	6 -8			• 6	44				6 -	6 -	$\frac{6}{6}  \frac{-7}{-7}$	$\frac{6}{6} \frac{-7}{-7}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & -12 \\ 7 & -12 \end{array}$	
	3 -4 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 3 -6		6 -			**	**				6 -	6 -	6 - 7	6 -7	7 -12	
	212-8		6 -			44	14	- 11			6 -	6 -	6 -7	6 -7	7 -9 7 -8	Feb.
15.	212-7 3 -4	4	5 -6						6 -	-	6 -	6 -	6 -	6 -	7 -8	
29.	3 -5		4 - 4 - 5	4	4 -5	41g-51g 41g-	412 6		41 <sub>2</sub> 6 5 -	5 -	6 - 5 -51a	6 - 5 12 6	$\frac{6}{5} - \frac{1}{2} - 6$	$\frac{6}{5^{12}-6}$	619-7	
	3 -4	312		3 -	3 -	312-	1 -	4 -	4 -		434-5	5 -512	5 -512	5 -519		Mch.
	$3 - 41_{2}$ $21_{2} - 41_{2}$		4 -	312-		4 -	412-		412-5	412-5					$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
28.	$3 - 31_2$	34	312-4	4 -	4	4 -	412-	112-	412-5	412-5			$5^{12}-6$	512-6	$ 61_2 - 7 $	
11.	3 -412		312-4	4 -		4 -	412-	412-		412-5				6 -	612	Apr.
18.	212-312	3	3 -312	4 -	4	4 -	112-		412-	412-5		54-6 54-54	6 - 519-6	6 - 519-6	6 -612	
7 23.	212-3		$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$	312-		312-	4 -		4 -	412-	5 -	5 -534	512-6	519-6	6 -612	
9.	2 -3 2 -4	234	212-3	3 -						4 -	410-431	412-512	5 -510	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		May
16.	$2^{1}$ $9-3^{1}$ $2$ $2$ $-2^{1}$ $2$	3 23 <sub>8</sub>	3 -	3 -			312-	4	4	412	412-434	412-514	$5 - 51_2$	5 -512	512-6	
30.	119-2	2 8	2 -	3 - 21 <sub>2</sub> -			31 <sub>2</sub> - 3 -			41 <sub>2</sub> . 4 - 41 <sub>2</sub>	4 -412	$4^{1}2 - 5^{1}4$	$\frac{5}{4} \frac{-5}{2}$		$5^{1}2-6$ $5^{1}2-6$	
e 6.	112-2 112-2	134	2 -	210-	210-	3 -	3	312-	312	4 -412	4 -412	414-434	$4^{1}9-5$	412-5	51,4-6	June
20.	2 -3		212-	21 <sub>2</sub> -			3 31 <sub>2</sub> -			4 -412		419-5			$5^{1}2-6$ $5^{1}2-6$	
27.	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	134	2	3 -	3 -	312-	312-	4 -	4	1 -			419-5		512-6	
	$\frac{2}{1} \frac{-4}{-2}$		3 - 11 <sub>2</sub> -2	3 -			31 <sub>2</sub> -	4 -412	4 -		412 -	412-512	$\frac{5}{2}$ $-\frac{5}{2}$	5 - 519	512-6	July
18.	112-3	214	213-	3 -	319-	312-	4 -	412-	419-	=	5 -519	5 -512 $512-6$	5 <sup>1</sup> 9-6	$5^{1}9-6$	6 -7	
25.	$1^{1_2}-3$ $1^{1_2}-2^{1_2}$	21 <sub>2</sub> 13 <sub>4</sub>	212-	310-					6 -	6 -	5 -	512-6	519-6	512-6	6 -7	
8.	112-6	314	3 -	-			oer cent		51g-6 riods.		519-6 519-6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6 -7		7 -8	Aug.
15. 22	2 -8 3 -6		6 -	6 -	16 - 1	6 -	6 -	6 plus a	commiss	sion.	8 for yer	y choice.	othergr	ades uno	quotable	
29	3 -15	6	6 -		com. for	1 + 2 ner	cent cor	nmission	-		9 -10	for best.	44	**	**	Sept.
t. 5.	3 -12		6 -		3 + 1 com 3 + 1 com	mission	-	-6+	2 commis	sion	9	44	44	66	**	Sept.
19.	3 -8	6	6 -		+ 1 com	mission —6 plus	a comm	ission -	commis	s10n	9 -					
26.	3 -6		6 -				-627-				7 -	7 -		-80 9-		
10.	3 -12		6 -	6	ner cent	nominal	_lenders	unwilli	ng to los	n	612-7	7 -71g	7 -71g	7-71g	8 -9	Oct.
17.	2 -9 3 -10	642	6 -		per cent		-7@ 9-		8 00 101	-			8 @10-	per cent		
31	6 197	43.75	7 -8	-Some	husiness	at 19 no	-7@10-	r givty t	o ninety	dare			7 @10-			
7.	4 -96	15	6 -	-Som	business e busines	s at 6 pe	r cent fo	r three t	o six mo	nths-	6 -	6 -	7-9010-	-6e7-		Nov.
21.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		6 -	4	12005 per	cent for	ninety d	avs to st	x month	9	54-6	6 -	6 -	6 -	610-7	
28.	1 -3	212	3 -		3 -	$3^{1}_{2}-4$	312-4	4 -	4 -	-0-5	434-54	419 - 5	419-5	412-5	5 -6	
	1 -3 11 <sub>2</sub> -2		2 -		3 -	319-	319-	4 -	4 -	4 -	319-4	4 -5	4 -5	4 -5	5 -6	Dec.
19.	112-2	13	119-210					312-	319-	319-		$3^{1}_{2}-4$ $3^{3}_{4}-4^{1}_{2}$		319-4 334-410		
31	112 - 2 112-212	2 2	2 -	-	3 -	3 -	312-	1	1 =	1 -	319-4	334-412	331-412	334-412	419-519	

33,153 16,007 47,146 93,405 80,230 86,375 77,933 17,340 99,407

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# MONEY MARKET AT NEW YORK-RATES IN 1895.

1895.	CALL LO	ANS.			T1.	ME LOA	NS.				COMME	RCIAL	PAPER		189
WEEK	At Stock Exch'ge.	At Banksa Trustfo	30 days.	60 days.	90 days.	Four Months.	Five Months	Six Months.	S ren Months.		choice	Si.	ngle-nan	Good	
Ending	Range. Av'ge	-	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	60 to 90 days.		Four Months.	Six Months.	4 to 6 Months.	-
Ending  Jan. 5. 12. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Range.    1   2   2   1   2   2   1   2   2   1   2   2	22	2 lu	2 lu 2 lu 3 lu 3 lu 3 lu 4 lu 3 lu 3 lu 3 lu 3	3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -	3 -3 t <sub>2</sub> -3 t	3 - 3 \( \) 3 - 3 \( \) 3 - 3 \( \) 3 - 3 \( \) 4 - 4 \( \) 4 - 4 \( \) 5 - 4 - 4 \( \) 5 - 5 - 4 - 4 \( \) 4 - 4 \( \) 5 - 4 - 5 \( \) 4 - 5 \( \) 4 - 5 \( \) 5 - 4 - 5 \( \) 5 - 4 - 5 \( \) 5 \( \) 5 - 5 \( \) 5	4 - 4 lg	60 to 90 days.  234-3 234-3 234-3 234-3 234-3 344-4 344-4 4-4 344-4 4-4 224-234 224-234 224-234 224-234 224-234 224-234 224-234 234-3 234-3 234-3 234-3 234-3 234-3 244-3 244-4 244-4 244-3 244-3 244-3 244-3 244-3 244-3 244-3 244-3 344-	Four Months, 3 - 3 12 3 - 3 12 3 - 3 12 1 4 12 1 12 - 5 14 12 - 5	Four Months.  3 - 3 12 3 - 3 12 3 - 3 12 3 - 3 12 3 - 3 12 4 12 4 12 5 14 2 - 5 4 12 5 14 2 - 5 4 12 5 14 2 - 5 4 12 5 14 5 14 5 14 5 14 5 14 5 14 5 14 5 14	Six Months 3 ly 4 3 ly 4 3 ly 4 4 ly 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 1 ly 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 to 6 Months.    4 \( \frac{1}{2} - 7 \)   5 \( \frac{1}{2} - 8 \)   6 \( \frac{1}{2} - 8 \)   6 \( \frac{1}{2} - 7 \)   7 \( \frac{1}{2} - 7 \)	Jan. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
19. 2 26. 2 9. 2 16. 1 • 23. 1 30. 1 ee. 7. 1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	lg 3 lg 3 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 3 lg 3	- 3 - 3 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 3 - 3	- 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	12-4   4 12-4   4 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 12- 3 12- 3	12-4 3 12-4 3 12-4 3 12-4 3 12-4 3 12-4 4	-4 ½ 4 -4 ½ 4 ½-4 ½-4 ½-4 ½-4 ½-1 ½-1 ½-1 ½-1 ½-1	-4 lo 4 -4 lo 4 -4 lo 4 lo 4 lo 4 lo 4 l	$13_{1}-5$ $13_{1}-5$ $5$ $11_{2} 4$ $11_{2} 4$ $1-41_{2}$ $4$ $33_{4}-4$ $4$ $33_{4}-4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$	$-51_{2}$ $5$ $-51_{2}$ $5$ $1_{2}$ $-5$ $4$ $1_{2}$ $-5$ $4$ $1_{2}$ $-5$ $4$ $-11_{2}$ $4$ $-11_{2}$ $4$ $1_{2}$ $-4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$ $4$	12-5 5 12-5 5 -412 4 -412 4 12-5 4 12-5 4	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-7 -7 -7 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Nov. 2 19 26 Nov. 2 16 23 Dec. 7

# MONEY MARKET AT NEW YORK-RATES IN 1894.

	UALL I	OANS.			TI	ME LOA	NS.			•	COMME	ROIAL	PAPER		189
1894.	At	At	30	60	90	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Double	-name.	Si	ngle-nan	ies.	100
WEEK Ending	Stock Exch's Range.   Av'	TrustCo	days.  Range.	days.  Range.	days.	Months.	Months. Range.	Months.  Range.		60 to 90	Choice Four Months.	Prime Four Months.	Six	Good 4 to 6 Months.	WEE Endi
Jan. 6.	1 -112 11	8 2 -210	2 -	212-	3 -	3 -	312-4	310-4	_	312-334	4 -412		_	5 -51g	Jan.
13.	34112 1	2 -210	2 -	2 -	212-3	212-3	3 -312				4 -41 <sub>2</sub> 33 <sub>4</sub> -41 <sub>0</sub>		=	5 -6	
20.	78-110 1 10-110 1	2 -212	2 -	2 -	210-	212-3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			3 -312	334-412	_	_	434-6	1 5
Feb. 3	12-112 1	2 -3 2 -3 2 -3	2 -212	2 -212	3 -	3 -	312-1	312-4	-	310-334		-	-	434-512	Feb.
10.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 -3	2 -	210-	212-	3 -	3 -31 <sub>2</sub> 3 -	$\frac{3}{3} - \frac{3}{2}$	3 -312		$4 - 4 \frac{1}{2}$ $3 \frac{3}{4} - 4 \frac{1}{2}$	=	_	5 -6 41 <sub>2</sub> -6	li
24.	10-110 1	2 -3	2 -	210-	212- 213-	3	3	3 -	-	3 -312	$33_4 - 41_0$	-	-	412-519	
Mch. 3.	l <sub>2</sub> -1l <sub>2</sub> 1 l <sub>2</sub> -1l <sub>2</sub> 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$	2 -	2 -	210-	21 <sub>2</sub> -		3 -4	3 =		$33_4  41_2 \\ 31_0 - 4$	_	_	4 l2-5 l2 4 -5 l2	Meh
10.	1 110 11	2 -3	-	2	21,			3 -		3 -	312-4	-	_	412-512	1
24	1 -110 11	8 2 -	2 -	2 -	210-	3		3 -	3 -	3	312-4	-	-	412-512	
31.	$1 - 11_2 11$ $1 - 11_0 11$	8 2 -3 8 2 -21 <sub>0</sub>	2 -	212-				3 -	3 -		312-4	-	=	41g-51g 41g-5	
Apr. 7.	1 -112 11	2 -	2 -	3	210-	210-	3 -	3 -	3 -	3 -	310-4	-	-	412-5	1
21.	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2 -	2	2 La-	212-			3 -	34-34	312-4	-	-	41 <sub>2</sub> -5 41 <sub>2</sub> -51 <sub>2</sub>	9
May 5.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		110-	5 -	2	210			3 -		3 - 312	Four	to Six	312-512	May
12.	1 - 1	1 -11	1 -	1		210-			3 -		$3 - 31_{2}$	Months		312-5	1
19.	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1						$2^{1}_{2}-3$ $2^{1}_{6}-3$		$\frac{3}{3} - \frac{3}{2}$	312-		$41_{2}$ $-51_{2}$ $41_{2}$ $-51_{2}$	
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9.	1 -110 1	110-2	1 -		112-	0	21a 3		21 <sub>2</sub> - 3 3 -		3 -	312-		412-512	
16.	1 - 1	110-	1 -		2 - 11 <sub>2</sub> -				3 -		3 -	314-		$4 l_2 - 5 l_2$ $4 l_2 - 5 l_2$	
30.	1 - 1	1 -110	1 -	2 -	01	21a-	210-	3 -	3 -	3 -	312-	312-	-4	412-5	3
July 7.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 -110	1 -		2 -				3 -		$\frac{3}{3} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{2}$	312-		$4 l_2 - 5 l_2$ $4 l_2 - 5 l_2$	
21	1 - 1	1 -110		112-	2 -			3 -	3 -	3 -	3 -310	312-	-4	412-5	21
28	1 - 1	1 -110	1 -	110-	2 -	2 -			3 -		314-334	4 -		412-512	Ang I
Aug. 4.	1 - 1	1 -112	1 -						$\frac{3}{3} - \frac{3}{2}$		$31_4 - 33_4$ $31_4 - 33_4$	312-		$4 \frac{1}{4} - 5 \frac{1}{2}$ $4 \frac{1}{2} - 5 \frac{1}{2}$	Aug. 11
18	i -   î	112-2	110	2 -	21	3 -	334-4	334-4	334-4	3 -314	34-34	4 -	414	$41_2 - 51_2$	15
25.	- 1	112-2	110-	2 -					$33_{4}-4$ $31_{2}-4$	3 -314 3	314-334	312-1		$4^{1_2}-5^{1_2}$ $4^{1_2}-5^{1_2}$	Sent 1
Sept. 1.	- 1	110-2	112	2 -		3 -	3 -310		-	3 -312	312-4	312-4	4 -412	412-512	
15.	1 1	112-2	I kom	.7 [	210-			$3 -31_2$	-	3 -312				112-512	12
22	1 - 1	112-2		2 -				312-4	3 -	314-312 3 -312	31g-4 31g-4		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		9
Oct. 6	- 1	1 -2	110-	2 -	2 -	3 -	3 -	3 - 1	-	3 3	312-4	312-4	334-412	412-7	Oct.
13	- 1	1 -	112-		2 -	2 -			212-3			3 -312		412-7	26
20	12-1 1	lo-1		112-	2 -	2 -			3 -	210-234	3 -	3 -	3 -4	412-7	21
Nov. 3	12-1 1	12-112	1 -	2 -	2 -	2 -	210	3 -	3 -	210-234	3 -	3 -	3 -4		Nov.
10	19-1 1	1 -	1 -		212-	212	21 <sub>2</sub> -	21 <sub>2</sub> -	3 -	212-234 234-3			310-4	412-7	11
24	_ i	1		212-	212-		3 - 1	3 - 1	-	231-3	3 -312	3 -312	312-4	412-7	24
Dec. 1.	_3 11 <sub>8</sub>	1 -112	112-2	212-3	212-3	212-3		3 -312	- 01	234-3		3 -312		412-7	Dec.
8 1	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 &$		112-2	112-2	212-		3 -312	3 -312	-	234-3 234-3	-312	3 -312	312-4	412-7	15
15	12-2 112	112-2	110-2	212	212-	210-	3 -312	3 -312	- 1	234-3 234-3	312	3 -312	319-4	412-7	94

189i,

WEEK Ending

Feb.

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May 4

Dec.

1894 WEE

Jan. 6

Apr.

2 May

2 June

2 July 2 Aug.

g Sept.

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Nov.

Dec. 1

MONEY MARKET AT NEW YORK-RATES IN 1893.

		CAL	L LO	ANS.			TIME .	LOANS.	•		COMMI	ERCIAL	PAPER		
1	893.	A Stock Ex		At Banksd	30 days.	60 days.	90 days.	Four Months.	Five Months.	Six Months.		e-name.	single- name.	1893.	
WEEK	ENDING-			Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	60 to 90	Four Months.	4 to 6	WEEK ENDING	g-
	7	4 7	5	6 -	6 -	6 -	6	6 -	6 -	6 -	$51_{2} - 53_{4}$			January	. 7
January	14	$2^{1}9-6$	412	45	4 -	3 -	5 -	5 -	5 -	5 -	514-512				21
		210-5	312	4 -	4	4 -	412-	4 -	5 - 41 <sub>0</sub> -	11g	434-5 410-	$3 - 3 \cdot 2$ $434 - 519$			28
	28	1 -4	3	4 -	312-	3 -		312-	4	1	414-110			February	
February		11 -3	210	4			313-1	4 -110		5 -	5 -	5 -510	51-6		11
		2 -6		4	4	4	410-			5 - !	5 -				18
		212-12		4 -5		419-5		5 -	5 -	5 -519	51g-	$51_{2} - 6$	6 -612		25
	4	3 -12		6 -	-	6 -		6 -		6 -	6 -7 f	or all ch		March	. 4
March	11	2 -60		6 -15			6	6 -		6 -		or all cla			11
	18	119-20		6						6 -		or all cla		******	18 25
	25	17		6 -						6 -		or all els or all els		April	1
April	1	3 -25		6 -						6 -		8 -7			8
- Pro-	8	3 -7		6 - 6						6 -		or all ela			15
		3 -5		5 -6						6 -		or all ets			22
	22	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				510			6 -			or all ela	LISON.		22
	29	4 -40	6						6 -	6 -	51g-6 f	or all ch	isses.		15
Иау	13					6 -	6 -	6 -	6 -	6 -		112-7			13
	20	2 -5			6 -	6 -	6 -	6 -	6 -	6 -		112-8			20
	27	2 -3		3 -4		112-	6						× -10		27
lane	3	2 -5		15						512	6 -612		8 -10	June	10
CHILD	10	2 - 12	412	- 1							6 -612 6 61a-7		7 -9 -10		17
	17	4 -25	7	6		3 -						r all ou			24
	24	3 -25		6 1			6 - com.				8 -15 fe			July	1
ulv	1			6	6+1 e. 6	5+2 C.	b reom.	6 - com.	e com	G -com		or all cla			13
		$3 - 25 \\ 3 - 20$		6 -	0 + 4 6	19 10 %	B - com.	6 + com	6 -00:11.	6 -com.	8 -15 f				15
		-11		6	- 1	Leann	e com	6 - com.	6 -com.	6 -com.	8-6-20.	" for all	classes.		22
	29				6+1 c.* (			6+26.	- 1	6 -com.	9-6-1c.	for all	classes		29
	5	-51		6	- 1	Leom	a com.	6 - com.	6 -com.	6 com.	9-6+1e.	for all	classes.	August	5
Lugust	12	-6	5		- 1	3 - com.	6 - com.	6 - com.	6 +com.	6 -com.	9-6+1c.	for all	classes.		12
	19	2 -6		6 -	- (	+ com.	6 + com.	6+com.	6+com.	6 +com.	9-6+1c.	for all	classes.		19
	26	3 7		6			B + com.				12 -15 fe			September	26
entembe	r 2	26		6 -						6 -	7 -15 fe 7 -12 fe	or all els	18408.	september	9
	9	2 -5		6 -						6 -	8 - 15				16
	10	3 -7													23
	23	2 -5								6		719-8			30
	30	-5	4 3					6 -			619-7	- 10	7 -10	October	7
etober	14	110-3							56			-8	9 -10		14
	21							5 -6	5 -6		514-512		619-7		21
	29	_21 <sub>0</sub>			31g-		112-	5	· - i	5	54-	12-612	6 -7		23
ovember			2 3	3	3 -312		1 419	1 -412	12-512		5 -512	12-6	6 -7	November	
	11	-2				1 -112			-51g			-512			11
	18	1 12		2 -3						319-1		12-5			25
	25	$-1^{1}2$		2 -	$\frac{2}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$	- 1				312-4	312-4	-412	5 -6	December	
ecember	2	-112		212-	2 - 3				312-4 3 -319			-412		December	9
	9		114	2 -	2 -	-						-410			16
	16			2 -3	$\frac{2}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$	-210	2					14-434			23
	23	$\frac{34-1}{78-1}$		2 -3	2 - 2				310-4		3 19-334				30

<sup>\*</sup> In these cases the borrower had to pay the commission indicated in addition to interest.

MONEY MARKET AT NEW YORK-RATES IN 1892.

	CAL	LLU	ANS.			TI2	ME LOA	NS.	•		COMMI	ERCIAL	PAPER	
2. ENDING—			At Banks& TrustCo	30 days.	60 days.	90 days.	Four Months.	Fire Months.	Six Months.	Seven Months.	Choice	Choice	Single- name. Good	WEEK
	Range.	Ar'ge	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	Range.	days.	Months.	Months.	2212711
	2 -5 1 lo-4		3 -4	3 -	312-4	4 -	4 lo-	41 <sub>2</sub> - 41 <sub>0</sub> -	410-		434	$5 -51_{2}$ $43_{1}-51_{4}$	$5^{1}2-6$ $5-6$	Janu'y
16	1 -3	212	3 -4	3	312-	312-	4		412-	-	419-	434 -514	5 -6	1
30	1 -210	2	2 -210	2 -	210-3	210-3	312-4	312-4	312-1	4 =	312-334	4 -410	5 -512	3
13.		200	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2	212-3	212-3	310-410	310-410	319-419	$31_{2}-41_{2}$	312-	4 -	410-510	1
27	112-2	2	2 -210	3 -	3 -		312-	1 -	4 -	4 -	4 -	410-	112-5	2
19	110-2	200	2 -215	3	31	310-	4 -	4	412-	412-	4 -	412-5	5 -6	1
26	110-2	2	2 -210	3	3 -	31	34-	4	4 -	-	4	112-5	5 -6	2
0	112	2	2	210-	3 -	3 -	312-	312	4 -	4	319-	4 -	412-5	
16 23.	11,-2	2 2	2 -210	9 _	210-	24-	3 -		4 -	1 -	319-	4 -112	119-5	1
30	110-2	2	2 -212	2 -	212			312-	4 - 3 lo -4	310-4				May 3
14	1 -2	110	2 -	2 -	2 -	210-3	210-3	319-	310-	4 -	3 -314	319-4	1 -5	1
28	1 -2	110	2 -	2 -	2 -	210-	3 -	3 -	319-	312-	3 -	312-4	1 -5	2
11			112-2	2 -	2 _	210-	2 Lo	3 -	3 -		234-3	314-4	1 -5	June
18	1 -112		11 <sub>2</sub> -2 11 <sub>0</sub> -9	2 -	2 -	212-6				-				1
2.	110-2	131	2 -210	2 - 1	210-	3 - 3	3			- 1	3 - 1	312-4	1 -5	July
16	1 -3	2 1	3	01a-	3 - 1	3 - 1	312-	310-	4 -	- 1	3 -34	334-412	134 519	1
30	1 -2	112	2 -	9 -	210	3 -	3	312-4	312-4	319-4	312-331	4 -1124	112-512	2
6	1 -2			$\frac{2}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$	212-					31.	$3^{1}_{2}$ - $3^{3}_{4}$ $3^{1}_{6}$ - $3^{3}_{4}$	$33_{4}-4$ $33_{4}-4$		August
20.	110-2	134	2 - 1	2 -	210-	3 -				312-4				20
3	2 -6	312	3 -	- 1	3 - 3	312-	1 -	143-	419-		414-412	54-54 3	12-6	Sept'r
17	4 -5	410	5 -		5 -	5 -	512-	6 -	6 -		5 -	519-6 6	612	1
1	3 -4 3 -6					1 -	112-	5 -	5 -	1 11	410-	5 - 1	12-6	October
8	4 -10								5 -	ott	$5 \begin{array}{c} 4^{1}_{2} - 4^{3}_{4} \\ 5 - 5^{1}_{2} \end{array}$	5 -5346 512-6126	12-7	1
22	4 -8	6								ing				29
5	5 -8	6	6 -	5 - 1	5 lg-	549-	3 -	3 (	6 -		5 -512	512-6 6	$-61_2$ .	Nov'r.
19	4 -6	5	5 -512	112-	5 - 1	5 3	5 - 1	512-	512-		5 - 3	5 -512 5	lg-6 .	19
26	3 -6			2 2	5 -	- 1	512- 6	- 1	3 -	1	5 - 1	512-6 6		Dee'r 3
10	4 -512	434	5 -	1 -112				12-	512-		5 - 5	$51_{4}-51_{9}$	12-6	10
24	3 -40 1	10	3 - 9	3 - 16	3 -	6 - 6	- 1	5 - 1	3 -		-	-		24
5	2 9 9 16 23 30 7 11 1 18 22 9 9 16 23 30 6 6 15 27 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Stock Exch'ge.    Range   Ar'ge   Range   Rang	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Stock Exch get   Bankset   Paristo	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Stock Each ge	Stock Exch ge	Stock Exch ge	Stock Each ge	Stock Exclusion   Stock   St	Stock Early general Color   Stock Early general Color	Stock Exchage   Arge   Range   Range	Stock Earth ge.   Dankles   Dank of days.   Dank of

 $<sup>\</sup>delta$  This is the class of paper commonly known as commission house names.

# Monetarn Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, SATURDAY, January 2d, 1897.

The new year is opening with brighter promise than any one expected a little while ago. In every European capital it is believed that an agreement of some kind between England and Russia has been arrived at, and that in consequence there will be a settlement of the Turkish question that may be expected to last for some years. Nobody knows what the agreement between the two Powers is, or what the settlement of Turkey is likely to be; yet that there is an agreement and will be a settlement is almost everywhere thought likely.

The change in Russian policy dates from the recent visit of the Czar to so many European courts, and it was helped on by an indiscreet attempt on the part of the French Government to induce the Czar not to resume specie payments. The attempt naturally gave great offense to the Russian Ministers, and since then there has been much less cordial relations between France and Russia. The misunderstanding, if it can be described as such, will probably prove very temporary, but for the time being it has contributed to change the Russian policy at Constantinople.

There is a very strong belief here that the Cuban question also will be settled. Nothing for certain is known of the alleged intervention at Washington of the French and German Ambassadors, but it is thought that Spain herself is aware that the conflict in Cuba is exhausting her resources, and that she is anxious therefore to bring about a settlement while Mr. Cleveland is in office.

In India, too, things look somewhat brighter. There has been rain over vast areas, and though a great deal more is wanted, much good has been done. It is now hoped that actual famine will be averted, though there must of course be great distress. It is believed that the ravages of the plague in Bombay are exaggerated.

In Australia likewise there has been a very fortunate rainfall, and there has also been a fall in South Africa. The losses there through drought and rinderpest, of both natives and Boers, are very heavy; yet it is believed that the relations between the Transvaal and the Cape Colony are improving, and that the prospects of the mint industry are certainly

During the week money has been in exceedingly strong demand in the City, but that is a very usual experience at the end of a year, and in another week the Bank of England will pay out the quarterly interest on the national debt, and will thus add about 41/2 millions sterling to the supply. Besides, the temporary requirements of the end of the year will be over and immense sums will be set free in the shape of interest and dividends due at the beginning of the new year. During the last four days of the year, however, money was very scarce. The Bank of England lent immense sums at 41% per cent, and on one or two days 4 to 41/2 per cent was charged in the open market. It is estimated that the total borrowings during the past fortnight have been from eight to ten millions sterling, yet Thursday's Bank of England return shows that most of this borrowing was caused by mere shifting of accounts. The India Council, for example, called in from the market two million sterling, and to-day and Monday it will pay out the whole sum as interest. The Joint Stock Banks also have called in large amounts while preparing their balance sheets, and will let out the same in a day or two. The scarcity, to a large extent, is thus artificial, and consequently the discount rate has fallen to about 3 per cent, while in some instances as much as 5 per cent has been paid for money for one day.

The Indian money market is exceedingly stringent, the bank rates in Bombay and Bengal being both 10 per cent, and a further rise is expected very soon. In the native money market about 12 per cent is the minimum, and up country it is said that rates are 15 per cent and higher. It may seem odd, therefore, that the India Council having offered forty lacs of rupees in bills and telegraphic transfers on Wednesday sold only three lacs; the explanation is that the exchange banks find it cheaper to send out rupee paper and similar securities, and that, foreseeing the stringency, they have been providing themselves with exchange for a considerable time past.

In spite of the tightness of the money market, the Stock Exchange settlement which ended on Wednesday evening, and the fact that New Year's Day was a holiday and to-day a half holiday, prices have been exceedingly well maintained throughout the week; indeed in some cases there have been marked rises, especially in British railway stocks and Argentine railway stocks. Foreign Government bonds, too, have advanced, particularly on Paris buying. Paris is exceedingly interested in Spanish finances. It is estimated that the French investments in Spanish securities of all kinds are very little under a thousand million dollars, and Paris is also very much interested in the securities of Turkey, Bulgaria, Roumania and Servia. The prospect, therefore, of both the Turkish and the Cuban questions being settled is a great relief to the anxieties of Paris capitalists.

In the American market there is not much doing by the public. British investors were thoroughly alarmed during the recent campaign, and they have not quite recovered yet. The unsatisfactory traffic returns, the occasional bank failures, and so on, make them shy, while the talk of an extreme protectionist bill that may cause dissension between Republican and Democratic supporters of Mr. McKinley induce caution. But all this will pass away in time, and if a wise currency policy is adopted there will no doubt be a large investment by and by in American securities.

The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, &o., compared with the last three years:

	Dec. 80.	Jan. 1.	1895. Jan. 2	1894. Jan. 3.
Circulation	26,664,135	26,468,425	25,913,775	25,748,110
Pablic deposits	8,384,486	9,934,220	6,898,906	6,237,235
Other deposits	46,351,795	56,536,619	\$8,198,631	31,152,556
Government securities	13,752,969	14,936,164	14,483,039	10,387,433
Other securities	34,563,345	33,985,875	24,045,528	29,384,504
Beserve of notes and coin	24,291,774	35,891,631	23,972,304	15,551,479
Coin & bullion, both departm'ts	34,153,899	44,960,056	83,091,079	24,819,589
Prop. reserve to liabilities p. c.	4434	53	53 5-18	41 7-16
Bank rateper cent	4	2	2	3
Consols, 2% per cent	111 7-16	106 9-16	103 13-16	98 11-16
Silver	29744.	80144.	27 7-161,	31141.
Clearing-House returns		178,975,000	180,319,000	156,326,000

The rates for money have been as follows:

		2		0	pen Mas	ket Rat	es.		Inter	est all leposi	
Lond	lon.	Rate	B	lank Bu	le.	1	rade Bi	ile.	Total	Disc	t H se
		Bank	Three Months	Four Months	Siz Months	Three Months	Four Months	Six Months	Joint Stock Banks.		7 to 14
Dec.	4	4	-	274	234	334	334	314	214	234	234
16	11	4	3 @316	236	234	814	814	334	234	236	254
**	18	4	856.834	334@3 4	3	8%(@4	3%	316	234	3	334
64	24	4	3%@%	336-9-18	3@314	3%	3%@3%	814@396	24	3	314
	91	4	3	3	214	314	334	314	214	214	954

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The Bank rate of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities have been as follows:

Rates of	Dec	. 31,	Dec	. 24.	Dec.	. 18.	Dec. 11.		
Interest at	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate	Open Markst	
Paris	2	2	2	134	2	136	2	134	
Berlin	5	4	5	456	5	474	8	436	
Hamburg	5	4		454	5	5	8	434	
Frankfort	5		5	434	5	8	6	434	
Amsterdam	834		334	234	834	2%	334	3	
Brussels		234	3	214	8	234	8	234	
Vienna	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3%	
St. Petersburg.		594		834		594	6	534	
Madrid	5	4	8	4	8	4	5	4	
A								4	

The quotations for bullion are reported as follows:

GOLD. London Standard.	Dec. 31.	Dec. 23.	SILVER. London Standard.	Dec. 31.	Dec. 23.
Bar gold, fineoz.			Bar silver, fineoz. Bar silver, contain'g	2913 <sub>16</sub>	30 <sup>d</sup> .
Bar gold, parting.oz. Spanish. oldoz. Newoz.	76 019	76 14	do 5 grs. gold.oz. do 4 grs. gold.oz.	30516 3018	3012 30516
U. S. goad coinoz. Germ'n gold coin.oz. French gold coin.oz.	76 34	76 33	do 3 grs. gold.oz, Cake silveroz. Mexican dollars.oz.	32316	3018 3238 2918

Mesers. Pixley & Abell write as follows under date of Dec-

ember 31:
Gold—The Bank has received £95,000, of which £34,000 came from Australia The report that Russia had d cided for the present to abandon the idea of a gold standard and currency caused the open market price to decide to 77s, 1046. Large amounts of bar gold have been bought by Japan and India. Arrivals: West Indies, £73,500; Chill, £23,000; South Africa. £24,400; total, £330,600. Shipments: Japan, £60,000; Bombay, £30,500; total, £155,500. Shipments: Japan, £60,000; Chill, £32,500; total, £155,500; West Indies, £6,700; Chill, £32,500; total, £252,200. Shipments: Hong Kong, £5,000; Bombay, £184,000; total, £189,000.

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Mexican Dollars-Phese com are in strong demand for the Chinese New Year Arrivals: New York, \$35,000. Shipments: Penang, \$4,600; Hong Kong, \$4,000; total, \$5,000.

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first seventeen weeks of the new season compared with previous seasons:

11	APORTS.		
1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.
Imports of wheat, owt. 22, 914,530	23,036,960	22,243,912	21,471,707
	10,419,270	12,198,865	12,000,361
Oats 7,179.23)	4,928,810	5,237,457	4,871,322
Peas	1,068,350	951,798	954,002
1.146.300	1,34 1,810	1,554,994	. 1,624,943
Indian corn20,291,700	13,636,930	7,350,192	9,517,638
Flour 7,501,730	6,430, 100	6,613,834	6,935,043
Supplies available for cons	umption (e	xclusive of	stocks on
September 1):	1895.	1894.	1893.
Wheat imported. cwt. 22,814,530	23,036,960	22, 43,812	21.4 1.707
Imports of flour 7.501.730	6,430,900	6,613,834	6,935,043
Sales of home-grown. 10,019,909	5,315,836	7,441,449	8,681,709
SEIGE OF HOME STONE TO TO TO TO			
Total40,336,169	34,933,696	36,279,095	37,088,459
1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.
Aver. price wheat, week. 304. 91.	25s. Od.	20s. 9d.	268, 64,
Average price, season. 281. 10d.	24s. 7d.	19s. 6d.	26s, 11d.
The following shows the	quantities	of wheat.	flour and
the tollowing shows the	inadom		
maize afloat to the United R			
This week.	Last week.	1896.	1895.
Wheat qrs2,495,000	2,510,000	2,103,000	2,515,000
Flour, equal to grs 36 1.0 10	4 20,000	319,000	302,000
Malse 895,000	885,000	592,000	424,000

2,510,000 4 20,000 885,000 .... English Financial Markets -Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London are reported by cable as follows for the week ending Jan. 15:

LONDON.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Silver, per ounced.	29'116	2911,,	291116	291116	291 6	29:116
Consols., new, 24 p.cts.	1115a	11119	111 16	111111	11113	112
For account	11178	1113	11134	11178	112	11218
Pr'on rentes (in Paris) fr.	102 45	102.35	02.3712	1 2.40	02.4719	102.50
Atch. Top. & Santa Fe.	144	144	144	1419	1439	1419
Do do pref.	2458	2438	2358	2419	245g	2438
Canadian Pacific	5718	5734	57 9	5749	57%	5758
Chesapeake & Ohio	1818	1 = 14	1779	1778	18	184
Ohie, Milw. & St. Paul	7618	76	7614	763	7612	77
Denv. & Rio Gr., pref		48	4278	4279	4314	43
Erie, common		1518	154	1518	154	1518
1st preferred	35	3412	3414	344	3149	3419
Illinois Central	9514	95	9514	9514	951	95%
Lake Shore	157	157	15019	156 4	15612	
Louisville & Nashville.	5014	50	5038	5034	5049	50%
Mexican Central, 4s	6812	6312	6819	6819	6819	6819
Mo. Kan. & Tex., com.	1449	1414	1418	144	144	1414
N. Y. Cent'l & Hudson	974	974	1.74	9714	96 4	964
N. Y. Ontario & West'n		1538	15	1514	15	154
Norfolk & West'n, pref	1749	1719	1714	1738	173a	1738
No. Pac. pref., tr. rects.	344	3418	34	3414	3414	3414
Pennsylvania	5314	534	5314	5318	5318	534
Phila. & Read., per sh.	1378	1358	1358	13%	13%	133
South'n Railway, com.	934	94	958	978	958	934
Preferred	2719	2758	274	273	28	2858
Union Pacific	94	9.4	634	74	714	714
Wabash, preferred	164	1619	1618	1619	164	1619

# Commercial and Miscellaneous News

Bonds Held by National Banks.—The following interesting statement, furnished by the Comptroller of the Currency, shows the amount of each class of bonds held against national bank circulation and to secure public moneys in national bank depositaries on December 31.

_	17. S. Sonds Held Dec. 31, 1896, to Scoure-					
Description of Bonds.	Public Deposits in Banks.	Bank Circulation.	Total Heia			
Currency 6s, Pac. RR	\$375.000	\$9,521,000	\$9,896,000			
5 per ocats, 1894	535,000	15,514,350	16,049,350			
4 per ets., funded 1907	12,135,000	154,626,400	166,761,400			
4 per cents, 1895	1,850,000	37,931,550	29,831,550			
2 per ets., funded 1891	1,033,000	22,592,850	23,625,850			
Total	\$15,928,000	\$240,236,150	\$246,164,150			

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The following are he imports at New York for the week ending for dry goods Jan. 7 and for the week ending for general merchandise Jan. 8; also totals since the beginning of the first week in languary. January.

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For week.	1897.	1896.	1895.	1894.
Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$2,014,273 7,752,649	\$3,183,076 7,754,890	\$3,952,537 5,695,104	\$2,428,818 6,699,382
Total	\$9,766,922	\$10,937,966	\$9,650,641	\$9,128,200
Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$2,014,273 7,752,649	\$3,183,076 7,754,890	\$3,952,537 5,695,104	\$2,428,818 6,639,382
Total 1 week	\$ ,766,922	\$10,937,966	\$9,650.641	\$9,128,200

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Jan. 11 and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK

	1897.	1896	1895.	1894.
For the week Prev. reported	\$8,792,649	\$9,538,642	\$7,616,723	\$7,110,450
		************		
Total 1 week.	\$6,792,649	\$9,538,642	\$7,616,723	\$7,110,450

The following table shows the exports and imports of species at the port of New York for the week ending Jan. 9 and since January 1, 1897, and for the corresponding periods in 1896 and 1895:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Exp	orts.	Imports.	
Gota.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.
Great Britain			\$502	\$502
France	\$36,800	*******	118.80 2.294 10,460	118,800 2,294
Total 1897 Total 1896 Total 1895	\$36,800 4,036,883 2,0+9,300	5,048 925	\$122.066 52,944 11,115	161,919
Silver.	Exp	Exports. In		orts.

Bilver.	Expe	orts.	Imports.		
	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain	\$624,544	\$624,541	845	845	
France	*******		*******	********	
Germany		*******	*** ****	*******	
West Indies	******	*******	3.476		
Mexico	*******	*******	27,634	27,694	
		*******	*******	********	
All other countries.		*******	. 65	65	
Total 1897	#624.544	8624.544	\$31,280	\$31,280	
Total 1896	996.432	1.305.929	17,500		
Total 1895	698,550	1,190,158	21,486	75.804	

Of the above imports for the week in 1897 \$ -3,860 were American gold coin and \$325 American silver coin. Of the exports during the same time \$36,800 were American gold coin.

FOR IGN TRADE OF New YORK—MONTHLY STATEMENT.—In addition to the other tables given in this department, made up from weekly returns, we give the following figures for the full months, also issued by our New York Custom House. The first statement covers the total imports and exports of merchandise and the Customs receipts for the welve months of the last two seasons.

	MERCHAN	MERCHANDISE MOVEMENT AT NEW Y RE				CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.	
MONTH!	Imp	orts.	Exp	0778.	AT NEW YORK.		
	1894,	1895,	1896,	1==5.	tasis,	1895.	
	8			1			
fanuary	44,795,519	46,438.020	88,901,742	28,889,728	10,424,67	12,818,691	
February	40 991,021	38, 439,007	27,377,982	23,621,575	10,077,44	9,342,288	
March	42,985,571	45,383,835	30,003,815	27,804.46	9,32 ,011	9,798,203	
A pril	37,918,059	44,756,001	29,929,852	28,157,980	7,584.03	8,825,022	
Мау	85,638,09	40,537,235	29,882,243	28,043,178	7,360,0-9	8,104,105	
June	36,567,351	38,702,712	30,822,094	25,335,667	7,213,32	7.519,817	
July	33.254.119	47,012,403	30,830.037	25,914,459	8 259 018	10,634,765	
August	32,294,914	43,938,854	28,030,172	28,485,213	6,450,746	10,299,618	
September.	32,619,39:	41,697,882	30,495,168	26,573 648	7,421.22	9,750,892	
October	33,119,146	49,975,928	35,486,78	81,775,958	7.181.42	9,299,378	
November.	32,454,174	39,586,301	32,620,560	29,723,271	6,444,181	7,703,431	
December	38,26 417	40,326,020	35.741,707	33,104,261	7,285,290	8,819,902	
Total	110,21 071	£14 213,631	375,932 854	342. 30,4	7.40 . 7	112 913,107	

The imports and exports of gold and silver for the twelve months have been as follows:

	GOLD	M WEMEN	SILVER-N	EW YORK,		
MONTH.	lmp	orts.	Exp	orta.	Imports	Exports.
	1898.	1895,	1806.	18.45.	1896	1896.
						-
January	7,217,05	798,166	10,538,473	25,216,260	696,8-4	4,300,826
Fabruary	9,791,490	4,842,012	1,909,180	1,353,412	676,292	4,363,858
March	280,10	6,860 178	364,665	3,108 592	733,19	4,209,810
April	706,757	3,589,361	8,272,677	2,974,901	784.47	4,432,010
May	222,0-8	4,548,8-9	18,685,454	1,563,458	78-,25	4,543,575
June	378,885	1,281,994	5,875,013	68,49	9 6,462	3,545,598
July	359,917	298,697	8,998,976	2,210, 7	1.191,471	5,063,469
August	3,560,086	1,234,107	50,5i=0	16,295,750	894,070	4,896,384
September.	30,735,334	500,240	47,865	16,479.50	749,695	4,898,977
October	23,134,791	1,520,438	99,839	1,530,191	8:4.7 P	4,5 7,671
November	4,016,890	180,456	293,201	13.982, 0	86 ,01	4,391,886
December	159,847	803,468	184,095	14.815,%	55 ,5	4,561,681
Total	80,513 216	26,19-,376	50,319,968	99.544,74	9 403,-52	58,715,140

Total... 80.543 216 26,19-,370 50,319,488 169.544,74 0 403,752 33,715,140

— The annual statement of the Home Last lasurance Company is a strong and satisfactory showing of results schieved in a year that has not been the most favorable generally to the life insurance business. The statement is accompanyly to the life insurance business. The statement is accompanyly an extract from the report of Supt. Pierce of the State Insurance Department, in which it is remarked: 'The report of the Examiner snows conclusively that the management of the company is satisfactory and for the best interests of the policy holders.' Some of the totals of the year's business and the conditions of the company at the best interests of the policy holders.' Some of the totals of the year's business and the conditions of the company at the best interests of the folicy holders in 1896 was \$2.054,540.72, the total disbursemen's \$1.705.963.40. The total assets admitted by the I surance Department are \$9.384.857.42. The total liabilities are, \$3.349,112.57, inclusive of the reserve on p licies and deferred divided ds, leaving the strong surplus of \$1,035.744.85. The President of the Home Life Insurance Company 1. George E. Ide, and the other officers are Wm. M. St. John, Vice-President; Ellis W. Gladwin, Secretary; F. W. Chapin, Medical Director; Wm. M. Marshall, Actuary, and Wm. G. Low., Counsel.

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-Martin's Stock Fluctuations for 1896 was issued this week-This pamphlet has for many years been the standard authority for ready reference for range of prices, dividends, etc., for all classes of securities peculiar to the Boston market. Copies may be had at 50 cents from J. G. Martin, 10 State Street, Boston.

— The Home Insurance Company of New York, 119 Broadway, publishes its eighty-seventh semi-annual statement in the advertising department of to-day's Chronicle. The company's net surplus is now \$2,346,268 71, being a net gain of \$640,000 for the year

-\$100,000 Baltimore Traction Company's 5 per cent convertible gold conds are offered for sale by Messrs. Dick Bros. & Co., Philadelphia, at 95 and accrued interest. For particulars see their advertisement in to-day's issue.

Breadstuffs Figures Brought From Page 145.—The statements below are prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending Jan. 9, 1897, and since August 1, for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
	Bhis 196 hs	Bush,60 lbs	Bush, 56 lbs	Bush, 32 lbs	Bush. 48 lbs	Bush,56 lb
Chicago	83,397	102,964	807,214	1,658,159	297,385	60,010
Milwaukee.	70,959	133,142	13,000	70,000	141,145	55,990
Duluth		284,7-7	1,187	323,461	41,748	26,475
Minneap 'lis	1,829	599,620	11,649	231,840		
Toledo	665	53,836	226,411	3 700		4,405
Datroit	850	31,955	5,611	23,930	7,831	
Cleveland	798	60 951	5 603	24,114		*****
St. Louis	16,820	112,:80	666,535	158,400	61.500	4,900
Peoria	0,550	1380	253,650	158 350	58,100	3,000
Kansas City	4.0	67,000	122,030	54,000		*****
Tot.wk.'97	130 656	1,511,*85	2,142.843	2,711,947	607,709	155,380
Same wk. '94	151,347	8,943,445	3,009,075	1,995,014	551,45:	37,954
Same wk. '93	87,505	1,393,793	2,351,935	1,722,277	655,125	48,709
Since Aug.1.						
1896-97	6,392,994	110,5 99,341	78,250,643	91,526,923	25,140,726	4,761,095
1895-96	6,171 807	131,857,2:7	54,673,174	71,789,378	24.8-4,437	2,267,945
1894-95	4 981,49°	105 - 51 49	40,000,401	48.854 690	31,2 0, (12)	1,396,270

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Jan, 9, 1897, follow:

Receipts at-	Flour,	Wheat.	Corn,	Outs,	Barley,	Rye,
New York	122.4 2	224,475	542,759	332, 100	166,547	3,900
Boston	24,444	198,134	234,777	98,075	4 544	1,85
Montreal	6,635		1.590	24,642	6,530	4,90
Philadelphia	41,383	129,541	472,392	104,329	24,000	
Baltimore	74, 131	74 525	1,164,344	419, 354	5,93	94,090
Richmond	1,196	5,756	14,743	8,112	*****	360
New Orleans*	5,965	1,240	455,474	31,000	*****	*****
Total week	280,289	837 6 -1	2,815,899	1,023,142	209,954	105,108
Week 1806	203.5-4	333,571	1,621,095	641.637	94,254	12,791

• Receipts do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports on through bills of lading.

In last week's CHRONICLE the total receipts at seaboard orts for the years 1895, 1894 and 1893 were erroneously ated. The correct figures are given below:

Receipts of— 1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.
Flourbbis. 13,105,802	18,240,283	21,009,739	20,433,261
Wheat bush 68,645,431 Corn 103,291,583 Oats 74,914,062 Barley 13,614,766 Ryo 6,199,517	80,992,966	57,922,250	94,378, 87
	61,777,571	47,52441	61,845,541
	44,483,907	45,008,323	59,304,776
	5,145,391	5,042,267	5,256,978
	584,017	60+,213	1,1-8,169
Total grain 286,655,299	162,983,852	156,102,514	215,924,151

NOTE.-53 weeks in each year.

The total receipts at ports from Jan. 1 to Jan. 9 compare as Gas Securities—Brokers' Quotations. ollows for four years:

Receipts of— Flourbbls.	1897. 280 23 <b>9</b>	1896, 243,584	1895, 229,178	1894. 446,3°9
Wheatbush.	#37,681 2,815,399	383,571 1.624 095	222,667 606 084	876 979
Oats	209.254	641.437 91.254	601,245 101,193	1.000 5×6
Rye "	105,105	12,701	12,043	5,020

Total grain ..... 4.790.581 2.704.348 1.512.422 5.470.110 The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week

CHUINE COU.				THE CHILL	the annexed statement.				
	Wheat,		Flour,	Oate	Rys.	Peas,	Barley,		
Experts from-		branh.	bbls.	baseh.	bush.	bush.	bush.		
New York	265,415	368,039	113,148	335,659	13.019	8,381	325,544		
Breton,	205 929	120,393	18,191	1.5 10	*******	8,483			
Portland	79,928	******	5,704	10,564		112,523	46,525		
Philadelphia	43,222	246,370	25,8/1	*******			*******		
Baltimore	49,101	1,766 143	95,318	762,952	34.2:5				
New Orleans	25,523	910,943	24,777	590	*** ****	*******			
Norfolk		808,550	714				*******		
Newp'rt News		162,000	48,0.0	*******	**** ***				
St. Johns, N. B.			**** ***			******	******		
Galveston	******	213,388	5,297	*******	******		******		
_		decommendence	-	CONTRACTOR COMMITTEE					
Total w'k	669,415	4,0 45 881	338,840	1,111.234	47,304	123,387	374,372		
Same time '36.1,	209,817	2,072,585	370,060	3,012	*******	55,837			

The destination of these exports for the week and since September 1, 1896, is as below. We add the totals for the corresponding periods of last year for comparison:

		lour.	W	heat		Zorn.
Exporte for	Wie's	Sign Yept.	Week	Since Sept.	Week	Since Sept.
speek and since	Jan. 9.	1, 1994,	Jan. 9.	1, 18)6,	Jan 9.	1, 18 6.
Sept. 1 to-	bb/s.	bb/s.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
United Kingdom	234,587	3,648,324	575,812	20,430,514	2,437,917	29,27 ,912
Continent	36 503		23,138	6,255,920	1,610, 31	23, 62,741
8. & C. America.	14 141	352,183	2,400	14,589	495	
West Indies	25,794	42 ,869	******		32,878	
Brit. N. A. Coi's.			4000	10.00 000	5,300	
Other countries	11,835	55,174	65,000	379,393	19,093	1,195,152
	-				-	
Total	398,840		669,415		4,095,884	
Total 1995-96.	370,060	4,786,515	1,299,817	17,374 223	2,074,585	30,749,18

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, Jan. 9, 1897, was as follows:

Wheat,	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barten
In store at— bush.	bush.	bu-h.	bush,	bush .
*** fork 6,195,000	5,647,000	2.796,000	209,000	987.00
Do affoat 1,488,000	416,000	197,000	89,000	419,000
Albany	100,000	150,000	*******	5,000
Buffalo 2,055,000	149.000	295,000	148,000	1,424,000
Do affoat 334,000	225,000	242,000	95,000	65,000
hicago	5,931,000	5,819,000	1,201,000	137,000
Do affoat 50,000	586,000	82,000	******	
411wankee 842,000	4,000	10,000	324,000	99.000
Do affoat	**** ***			95,000
Juluth 8 073,000	8,000	980,000	433,000	273,900
Do affoat 402,000		**** ***	53,000	
foledo 1,201,000	327,000	479,000	124,000	*****
				******
etroit	80,000	27,000	50,600	20,000
On adams		61,030		
32,000 S2,000		*******	*******	105 000
4t. Goule 2,027,000	2.142 000	365,000	64,000	105,000
	138,000	200,000		14,060
Cincinnati	1,000	13.000	6,000	100 000
	638,000	197,000	1,000	130,000
		56,000		49,000
	35,000	140,000	49,000	94,000
	1.305.000	147,000		48,000
	888,000	332,000	94 000	********
	119,000	332,000	24,000	5P,000
		201,000	17,000	*******
Kansas City 488,000	108,000			*******
Saltimore 274,000	1,947,000	946,000	283,000	**** ***
Minneapolis19,069,000	20,000	672,000	60,000	69,000
On Mississippi Biver	232,000		******	******
On Lakes	*** ***	******		**** **
On canal and river	*******	*******	******	
Total Jan. 9, 1897 53,872,000	20.526,000	13,686,000	3,160,000	4,078,00 4
Total Jan. 8, 1497 51,651,000	19,852,000	14,099,000	3,0 (7,000	4.4 03.01
Total Jan 11 1836 45, 45,000	6,181,000	6,369,000	1,532,000	3,731,40
Total Jan. 12 1495 81,6 5,000	11,083,000	8, 463,000	475,000	2,024 00
Potal Jan. 13, 1894 8 ,434,000	11,310,000	3,973.000	574.000	2,161,00

Auction Sales.—Among other securities the following, not regularly dealt in at the Board, were recently sold at auction, By Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son:

Shares,
35 N. Y. & N J. Teleph. Co.1234
8 Lenox Bidg. Loan Co., 6
prepaid sh., 2 cumula-
tive sh. \$100 each \$70 lot
150 Citizens' Gas Co. of
Bridgeport, Conn\$700 lot
2 Corn Exchange Bank301
83 Nat. Butchers & Drovers'
Bank1274
120 Met, Life Ins. Co. of N.Y.151
20 Old Corner Wall Paper Co.
of Springfield, Mass \$50 lot
30 Chatham Nat. Bank 296
140 Standard Oil Fr'st 9821a.2623

Kruse & Murphy Manu. facturing Co
facturing Co
United Oil Co
1st 6s, 1944. M&N 974 100 Etna Coal & Iron Co. 6s, 1945. Aug., 1893,
1st 6s, 1944. M&N 974 100 Etna Coal & Iron Co. 6s, 1945. Aug., 1893,
000 Etna Coal & Iron Co. 6s, 1945. Aug., 1893,
6s, 1945. Aug., 1893,
apons on 8
000 Dulath Transfer Ry.
1st da, 1921. JaJ 50
100 Elmira Munic'i Imp.
1st cons. 5s. 1942. A&O. 31
00 serio of Elmira Mun-
al Imp't Co. for coupons
ded 20
(

City Bailroad Securities-Brokers' Quotations.

5		Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask,
	Atlan. Ave., B'klyn-			D. D. H. B. & Bat'w-Stk.		161
١	Con. 5s, g., 1931 A&O	102	105	1st, gold, 5s, 193z.J&D		
١	Impt. 5s, g., 1934J&J	77	80	Scrip	1101	1023
	Bleek. St. & Ful. F Stk.			Eighth Avenue Stock		
	_ 1st mort., 7s, 1900.J&J		108	Scrip, 6e, 1914	110	1124
۰	Brooklyn Rapid Transit.					335
ŀ.	B'way & 7th AveStock.		200	42d St. Man. & St. N. Av.		50
	lat mort., 5s, 1904.J&D			1st mort. 6s, 1910.M&S		
	3d mort., 5s, 1914.J&J	§108	111	2d mort income 6s.J&J	57	62
	B'way 1st, 5s, guar. 1924	§112	115	Lex. Ave. & Pav, Ferry 5s.	1163	1174
	2d 5s,int.as rent'l. 1905		105	Metropolitan Traction	109	110
1	Conso: 5s, 1943J&D			Ninth Avenue-Stock	158	
	Brookiyn City-Stock		173	Second Avenue-Stock	139	144
	Consol. 5s, 1941J&J	112	114	1st mort.,5s,1909.M&N	108	
	Bklyn, Crosst'n 5s. 1908	101	105	Debenture 5s, 1909, J&J	103	
	Bkl'n.Q'nsCo.&Sub.1st	101	105	Sixth Avenue-Stock	192	- 00
	Bklyn.C.&N'wt'wn-8tk	160		Third Avenue-Stock		161
	58, 1939	\$1071g	110%	lat mort., 5s, 1937.J&J	121	
	Central Crosstown-Stk.	200		Twenty-Third StSt'k.	300	
	1st M., 6s, 1922 M&N	§105	110	Deb. 5s. 1903		102
١	Cen.Pk. N. & E. RivStk.	150	160	Union Ry-Stock		103
	Consol. 7s, 1902J&D	11019		lat 5a. 1942	وا 101	
	Columbus & 9th Ave. 5s.	11634	1174	Westchest'r, let,gn.,5a.	101	102
	Christ'p'r&10th StStk.	150	156			
١	1st mort.,1898 A&Q	101		,		
1						

GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.	GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask
Metropolitan-Bonds	90 107 165 74 100 180 105 215 103 70 411 <sub>2</sub>	93 107 80 103 222 104 73 421 94	Bonds, 6s, 1899 St. Paul Bonds, 5s Standard pref	102 <sup>1</sup> 9 105 192 103 48	198 105 51 82

# Banking and Financial.

Spencer Trask & Co.,

BANKERS, 27 & 29 PINE STREET, 65 State Street, Albany. NEW YORK. INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

> SAMUEL D. DAVIS & Co., BANKERS,

NO. 36 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

SAMUEL D. DAVIS.

CHAS. B. VAN NOSTRAND,

GROBGE BARCLAY MOFFAT.

ALEXANDER M. WHITE, JE

MOFFAT & WHITE,

BANKERS, NEW YORK INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

IV.

Baries bush 967.00 419,00 5,000 424,600 65,000 137,000

99 000 95,000 274,000

105,000 130,000 49,000 94,000 48,000

5P,000 69,000

076,00 193,01 31,40 124 00 161,00

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25 lot 5

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31

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161 1024

144

161"

102

Ask. 175

K.

# The Bankers' Gazette.

D					

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable	Books closed. (Days inclusive.)		
Railroads (Steam).					
Augusta & Savandab	219		Jan. 1		
Ga. R. & Banking (quar.)	23	Jan. 15	Jan. I	FO	Jan. 14
Hant. & Broad Top., com	343		Jan. 17	•	
Nash. Chatt. & St. L. (quar.)	2*		Jan. 24		
Portland & Rochester	3	Jan. 15	Jan. 1	to	Jan. 15
Brooklyn City (quar.)	219	Jan. 15	Jan. 10	to	Jan. 15
Columbus (O.) Street (quar.)	1	Feb. 1	Jan. 22	to	Jan. 31
New Orleans & Carroliton (qr.)	112	Jan. 20		to	
St. Charles St., New O., La. (qr.).	13	Jan. 23	Jan. 13	to	Jan. 22
Continental	10	On dem.		to	
Emilie City	3 5	On dem.		to	
Farragut	3	On dem.		to	
Home	5			to	
Williamsburg City	10	On dem.		to	
Calumet & Hecla Mining	85 }	Feb. 10		to	
Consol't'n Coal. Balt., Md (an'l)	2	Feb. 1	Jan. 27	to	Feb. 1
Street Ry. & Ill. Properties pref		Feb. 1	Jan. 21	to	Jan. 30

<sup>\* 1</sup> p. e. of this is November dividend deferred.

# WALL STREET, FRIDAY, JAN. 15, 1897-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation .-- In the ab sence of developments affecting the general situation, Wall Street has been largely interested this week in events of limited significance. Prominent among these was the defeat of the bill for funding the Union Pacific Railway indebtedness to the Government. This action was construed to foreshadow a heavier assessment on Union Pacific stock in the reorganization than had been contemplated, and had a depressing effect.

The unfavorable condition of the bituminous coal trade is having its natural fruitage, and the earnings of some of the bituminous coal roads suggest the desirability of an adjustment of the relations governing this industry.

The importance of the facts shown by the Bureau of Statistics in its recent statement of the foreign trade of the United States can hardly be over-estimated. The statement shows a very large increase in the exports of cotton, breadstuffs and mineral oils. These facts sufficiently account for the abundant supply of foreign exchange. The surplus, however, is readily absorbed by investors, and the amount thus held is reported to be increasing.

The investment demand for securities, especially of highgrade bonds, has been pronounced this week, although the offerings of such securities are limited. Government bonds and the better class of railway bonds have been firm as a result of these conditions.

Money is growing more and more abundant. This is a natural consequence of the largely increased deposits and cash holdings. Rates for both call and time loans are lower.

The open market rates for call loans during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 11/2 to 2 per

stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 1½ to 2 per cent. To-day's rates on call were 1½ to 1½ per cent. Prime commercial paper is quoted at 3 to 4 per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed an increase in bullion of £1,076,190, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 50·50, against 44·98 last week; the discount rate remains unchanged at 4 per cent. The Bank of France shows a decrease of 3,343,000 francs in gold and 597,000 francs in silver.

The New York City Clearing-House banks in their statement of Jan. 8 showed an increase in the reserve held of \$15,617,800 and a surplus over the required reserve of \$43,991,450, against \$33,286,950 the previous week.

	1897. Jan. 9.	Differen'sfrom Prev. week.	1896 Jan. 11.	1895. Jan. 12.
	8		*	*
Capital	60,772,700 74,858,100		61,122,700 73,017,100	
Loans & disc'nts.	491.116,200	Dec. 259,700		489,682,600
Circulation	18,907,800	Dec. 692,300		
Net deposits		Inc. 17253200 Inc. 550,700		555,402,800 75,512,700
Legal tenders	104,1 8,000	Inc.14467100		105,130,200
Reserve held		Inc .15017800		
Legal reserve	137,009,550	inc.4,313,300	122,817,200	138,850,700
Surplus reserve	43,991,450	Inc.10704500	27,183,100	41,792,200

Foreign Exchange.—The foreign exchange market has been steady to firm, with all offerings readily absorbed by remitters and investors. The easy condition of the money market favors holding long bills here until maturity.

To-day's actual rates of exchange were as follows: Bankers sixty days' sterling, 4 8434@485; demand, 4 87%@4 57%; cables, 4 88@4 88%.

# Posted rates of leading bankers follow:

January 15.	Sixty Days. Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London. Prime commercial. Documentary commercial. Paris bankers' (francs). Amsterdam (guilders) bankers. Frankfort or Bremen (resiohmarks) b'kers	4 84 @4 84 4 4 83 2 @ 4 84 5 19 3 6 5 18 11 16 40 @ 40 14 2 40 4 2 40 5 4

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannah, buying 1-16 discount, selling par; Charleston, buying 1-16 discount, selling 1-16 premium: New Orleans, bank, \$1 50 premium commercial, par; Chicago, 50c. per \$1,000 discount; St. Louis, par@25c. per \$1,000 premium.

United States Bonds.—Government bonds have advanced. Sales at the Board include \$90,500 4s, coup., 1925, at 1201/2 to 1211/3; \$42,000 4s, coup., 1907, at 1111/4 to 1113/4; \$7,500 4s, reg., 1907, at 1103/4 to 111; \$1,000 5s, coup., at 1141/4, and \$2,000 currency 6s, '98, at 1031/6 to 1031/4. The following are closing quotations:

	Interest Periods		Jan. 11.	Jan. 12.	fan. 13.	Jan. 14.	Jan. 15.
2s,reg.	QMch.	* 954	* 954	* 95 4	* 95%	* 954	* 95
4s, 1907reg.	QJan.	1104	111	*110%	*110%	*110%	*110%
4s, 1907 coup.	QJan.	*1114	11119	11136	*1113	*11139	11130
4s, 1925 reg.	QFeb.	1203	*1204	*12019	*12058	*120%	"x197
	QFeb.						
5s, 1904reg.					*11418	411418	*x127
5s, 1904coup.	Q Feb.	11414	*114	*114	*11419	*11418	*11416
6s, our'oy,'98reg.	J. & J.	*10278	1034	*10278		*102%	1027g
6s, our'ey,'99reg.	J. & J.	*106	*106			*106	*106
4s, (Cher.) 1896.reg.					*103	*10314	
4s, (Cher.) 1897.reg.					*103	*1034	*1034
is, (Cher.) 1898. reg.					*103	*10314	*1034
4s, (Cher.) 1899. reg.	March.	*10219	*1024	*103	*103	*1034	*1034

This is the price old at the morning board, no sale was made

United States Sub-Treasury.—The following table shows the daily receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury during the week.

			1	Balances.	
Date.	Receipts.	Payments.	Coin.	Ooin Vert's.	Ourrency.
			8	8	
Jan. 9	2,211,063		122,590,584	1,587,068	50,538,514
** 11	3,614,034	4,628,693	122,568,371	1,631,624	49,501,493
" 12	2,416,179	4,061,565	122,585,174	1,506,473	47,964,455
" 13	3,698,065	4,365,169	122,653,377	1,612,452	47,123,538
" 14	5,938,489		122,62 +,461	1,544,930	48,288,950
" 15	4,445,797	5,971,481	122,678,508	1,634,147	46,624,902
Total	22,223,626	26,950,951			

Coins.-Following are the current quotations in gold for

COIMB.	
Sovereigns\$4 85 #84 88	Fine silver bars 64 % 7 - 6578
Napoleons 3 85 3 88	Five francs 93 0 - 951
X X Reichmarks, 4 74 0 4 78	Mexican dollars 50% - 514
25 Pesetas 4 77 @ 4 83	Do uncom'cial 010
8pan, Doubloons.15 55 15 75	Peruvian sols 45582 - 46
Mex. Doubloons. 15 50 215 75	English silver 480 @ 486
Fine gold have now ale neam	II & trade dellare _ 85.0 75

State and Railroad Bonds.—Sales of State bonds at the Board include \$13,000 Tenn. Settlement 3s at 80, \$24,000 Virginia fund debt 2-3s of 1991 at 61½ to 62 and \$10,000 Virginia fund debt 2-3s of 1991 at 61½ to 62 and \$10,000 Virginia 6s, deferred trust receipts, stamped, at 6½.

The railway bond market reflects a steadily increasing demand for investment securities. The business in this department has been well distributed, and includes a considerable proportion of high-grade issues. The market has been firm, and changes in quotations, although unimportant in some cases, are generally to a higher level. The active list includes Atchison, St. Louis & S. F., Mo. Kan. & Texas, Kansas Pacific, Texas & Pacific, Rio Grande West., Burlington & Quincy, Rock Island, Union Pacific, North West., Chic. & No. Pacific, Mil. & St. Paul, Duluth & Iron Range, Ore. Ry. & Nav., No. Pacific, St. Paul M. & O., Chic. & Erie, Wabash, Erie, Ches. & Ohio, Riobmond & Danville, Southern Ry., Reading, Lake Shore, New York Central and West Shore bonds.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The market for

Shore bonds.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The market for stocks has been dull and narrow throughout the week until to-day, when there was more activity than of late and a general advance in prices. The most prominent feature of the railroad list was Wheeling & Lake Erie, which declined on rumors of the financial condition of the company and the possibility of a receiver. The preferred stock, which sold last week at 30½, dropped to 12, and the common declined from 6½ on Monday to 2½ on Thursday. Union Pacific 1 st 25½ points on Monday, when it was announced that the funding bill had been killed in the Lower House of Congress. Central of New Jersey recovered 2½ per cent of its recent decline. Delaware & Hudson Canal has continued weak on limited offerings. Manhattan Elevated has fluctuated over a range of 4 points and closes with a net gain of 3½.

Elevated has fluctuated over a range of 4 points and closes with a net gain of 3%.

The miscellaneous list has generally advanced. Chicago Gas gained 3½ per cent on the expectation that the consolidation of the companies will be effected. U. S. Leather preferred advanced 2½ points on dividend rumors and reports that the annual statement of the company will show that its financial affairs have improved. Tenn. Coal Iron & Ry. was strong on new accessions to the directory. American Sugar has gained 3% points on relatively limited transactions.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE-ACTIVE STOCKS for week ending JAN. 15, and since JAN. 1, 1897.

NE			LOWEST DO		TOURS JOI	week enting JAN. 19, 6	Sales of	
Saturday,	Monday,	Tuesday,	Wednesday,		Friday.	STOCKS,	the Week,	Range for year 1897. [On busis of 100-share lots.]
Jan. 9.	Jan. 11.	Jan. 12.	Jan. 13.	Jan. 14.	Jan. 15.		Shares.	Lowest. Highest,
14 14	13% 14%	14% 14	4 5144 143	14 144	1419 1439	Active RR. Stocks. At.Top. & S.Fe, allinstal. paid Do pref.	3,855	134 Jan. 8 143 Jan. 4
23% 23%	2278 2349	23 23	3 23 9 237 3 3 3	36 1	34 36	Atlantic & Pacific	2,710	22 Jan. 11 24 Jan. 15 Jan. 13 Jan. 14
17 177 184 19	17 17	1478 16 *1849 19	18 184	15 154	1412 15	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	5,805 945	14 Jan. 15 18 Jan. 8 154 Jan. 7 194 Jan. 4
56 56 *45 47	*55% 561g	*55½ 56 45 45	19 *553 564	*5578 563	444 444	Canada Southern	200 620	56 Jan. 9 56 Jan. 8
100% 102 *14% 15%	10019 101	*100 4 101	19 101 4 1013		XIUI 102	Central of New Jersey	3,461	994 Jan. 7 1024 Jan. 6
174 174	174 174 1165 165		19 174 173		17% 18	Uhesaneake & Ohio	5,069	164 Jan. 4 15 Jan. 7
*160 71% 71% *40 50			le 72 723		7214 7416 40 50	Chicago & Alton Chicago Burlington & Quincy Chicago & Eastern Illinois	39,409	693 Jan. 5 741 Jan. 15
*95 101	*95 101	*90 101	*90 93	*90 95	*90 95	Do pref. Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul		\$35 Jan. 8 \$95 Jan. 8 724 Jan. 5 75 5 Jan. 15
5131 1314		61314 131	4 \$130 9 130 4	131 131	131 131	Do pref. Chicago & Northwestern	999	131 Jan. 6 131 Jan. 6 1024 Jan. 2 1033 Jan. 6
\$153 153	151 151 665a 663a	153 153	5153 154			Do pref. Chicago Rock Island & Pacific	144	153 Jan. 12 153 Jan. 12 65% Jan. 5 65% Jan. 15
66% 67 48% 48% *130 137		49 49 *130 137	8 4919 491		130 137	Chicago St. Paul Minn. & Om. Do pref.	6,890	47 Jau. 2 50 Jan. 15 §133 Jan. 7 \$135 Jan. 11
*130 137 28% 284		28 28	2512 2814			Cleve, Cincin, Chic. & St. L Do pref.	1,225 100	26 9 Jan. 2 29 Jan. 15
*17 18 *50 57	417 17 <sup>1</sup> 9 48 57		1619 174	16 17 *48 57	\$164 164 46 57	Columbus Hocking Val. & Tol Do pref.	1,225	16 Jan. 14 18 Jan. 8
1104 1114		1104 111	9 1114 1113		111 1113	Delaware & Hudson	11,438	110% Jan. 11 1214 Jan. 6 155 Jan. 11 157 Jan. 6
155 157	100 100	100 100			*114 12 *42% 43	Denver & Rio Grande	200	1110 Jan. 8 5124 Jan. 5
1419 144			14% 14%	\$15 15	15 15 §334 344	Erie	1,030	14% Jan. 11 154 Jan. 7
*33 345	*27 31	27 31	9 334 339 20 20 *27 31	*19 22 *27 31	204 21 27 31	Do 2d pref.	383	20 Jan. 13 21 Jan. 15
*118 123	*118 122	*118 122	*118 122	118 122	118 124 93 9 934	Freat Northern, pref	794	924 Jan. × 93 s Jan. 13
*92 93 5 *7 8 *25 26	9278 9278 •719 8 2519 2519	*719 8	749 74	\$25 26	25% 25%	lowa Centralpref.	150 250	74 Jan. 13 74 Jan. 4 25 Jan. 4 25% Jan. 15
•17 184	*17 1819		16'9 1919			Lake Erie & Western	525	67 Jan. 12 69 Jan. 4
1524 1524	1524 1524		9 151 1527	15219 15219	15278 1527e	Lake Shore & Mich. Southern. Long Island.		152 Jan. 2 1527 Jan. 5
55 55 48% 494	484 494	4578 49		4919 4919	494 50%	Louisville & Nashville. Louisv. New Albany & Chic.	21,758	4758 Jan. 5 50% Jan. 15
**************	14 14		* 14			Do pref. Manhattan Elevated, consol	17,213	\$14 Jan.   \$14 Jan. 4
87 19 87 110 110 110 1	87 883 1094 1094		87% 89% 109 109	*105% 110	*109 110	Metropolitan Traction Michigan Central.	250 155	10-3 Jan. 2 10-9 Jan. 5
*18 20 *76 78	18 20	91 91 *18½ 20	19% 19%	*184s 194s	1812 20	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	19 Jan. 6 194 Jan. 6 577 Jan. 6 78 Jan. 12
*46 47	*76 80 *46 47	\$78 78 46 47	*76 80 *46 47	*76 79 *46 48	\$77 77 <sup>1</sup> 9 *46 48	Do 2d pref.	2,160	
13% 13% 29% 20%	13% 13% 294 30	13% 13° 29% 30	30 4 30 4	13% 13% 30 30%	13% 14% 30% 31 20% 21%	Do pref.	7,78 7,298	28 y Jan. 4 31 Jan. 15
\$214 214 \$214 214	2038 2078 *20 2219	204 20		20% 20% 21% 21%		dissouri Pacific	470	20 Jan. 4 21 g Jan. 8 21 g Jan. 14 22 g Jan. 12
4 45	* 45	* 45	45	45	* 45	Vashv.Chattanooga&St.Louis New England	1 000	92% Jan. 5 94% Jan. 11
94 94 *1119 1219	934 946	\$94 94 1119 121	937 937	*93 94	9378 9378 *11 9 12 4	New York Central & Hudson. New York Chicago & St. Louis	1,288	11% Jan. 5 11% Jan. 13
*26 28	*65 75 *26 28	*26 28	87219 7219 25 28	*25 28	*65 75 *27 29	Do 1st pref. Do 2d pref. New York New Haven & Hart.	*****	\$72 Jan. 13 \$74 Jan. 13 27 Jan. 1 2 Jan. 7
*177 1784	140 147	*177 179 144 148	143 1478	\$17619 178 *1458 15	1478 1478	New York Ontario & Western.	3,266	176 Jan. 11 178 Jan. 4
*919 10 25 25	244 244	*9 10 *24 25	24 24	244 244	24 9 24 9	New York Susq. & West., new. Do pref.	1,390	9 Jan. 7 9 Jan. 7 23 Jan. 9
*114 11% *16% 174	*1110 11% *1619 17~	*1110 111	*1658 17	*1116 1134 *1636 17	*1148 1158	Norf.& Western, all instal. pd. Do pref., tr. etfs. all ins. pd. Nor. Pacific Ry. voting tr. etfs.	2222	***** *** **** **** **** **** ****
13 13 13 9 32 33	\$18 131g 327e 33%	1378 14 3278 331	13% 1378 33 3349	\$134 134 334 334	334 314	Do pref.	2,321 5,823	13 9 Ja 1. 2 14 9 Jan. 6 32 9 Jan. 5 34 9 Jan. 15
*14 24 39. 39	*14 24 §3×4 39	*14 24 39 19 39 1	*13 24 *38 4 40	*13 24 \$33 38	393 41	Or. RR. & Nav.Co. vot.tr.etfs. Do pref., vot. trust.etfs. Phila. & Reading all inst. pd.	1,937	\$ 15 Jan. 15 \$ 15 Jan. 15 3 % Jan. 8 41 Jan. 15 264 Jan. 5 274 Jan. 2
264 2678 124 124	26 % 26 % 12 ½ 12 ½	26% 27 12% 12%		26% 27 134 134	13 9 13 9	Pittaburg Cinn. Chic. & St. L.	21,159 590	264 Jan. 5 274 Jan. 2 24 Jan. 11 132 Jan. 15
*45 53	45 53	*45 53	*45 64	*45 53	*45 53	Do pref. Rio Grande Western	100	117 Jan. 15 118 Jan. 2
*117 118 <sup>1</sup> 9 *55 62	*55 62	*117 1184 *55 62	*55 62	117 118 9 55 62		Rome Watertown & Ogdensb.	24	
*5 54 *35 36		*34 lg 35 l	*3419 36	*5 51 <sub>2</sub> *341 <sub>9</sub> 36	*3410 36	St. L. & San Fr., vot. tr. ctfs. Do 1st pref.		35 Jan. 5 35 Jan. 2
124 13	4 131g	*12 13 43 43	\$124 124 *44 44 *10 109	124 134 44 43 104 104	*124 134 *44 44	Do 2d pref.	100	44 Jan. 6 4% Jan. 19
594 94 20 25	*9% 10% *20 25	20 25	2119 2219	*21 9 23	104 104 224 24	St. Paul & Duluth	300	10 Jan. 6 104 Jan. 15 20 Jan. 4 2 19 Jan. 13
	*112 116	112 112 112 112	*80 90 *112 116	*80 85 *112 116	112 116	at Paul Minn & Manttona	4	112 Jan. 14 115 Jan. 8
112 116 1319 1419 1938 934	134 134	914 94	938 939	1378 1378 938 919	919 934	Southern Pacific Co	1,770 2,739 10,306	13 g Jan. 13 14 4 Jan. 2 94 Jan. 11 97 Jan. 8 26 Jan. 4 284 Jan. 15
26% 27	2619 2658 9 916	2619 274 949 94	*9 4 93g	9 94	930 930	Texas & Pacific	2.050 88,555	85a Jan. 2 95a Jan. 7
819 878 229 249	9 918 614 878 42 3	619 74 *2 24	2 24	67e 71e 21e 21e	*2 219	Union Pacific Denver & Guif.	150	24 Jan. 14 24 Jan. 6
*154 164	638 638 1558 16	16 164	16 16	16 16	16 1638	Wabash	2,198 3,615	6 Jan. 4 6 Jan. 13 15 Jan. 4 16 Jan. 15
6 618 2419 2714	519 618 2358 254	358 54 1618 22	14 16	24 34 11 13	24 34 124 144	Do pref. Wise. Cen. Co., voting tr. ctfs		2 g Jan. 15 6 g Jan. 3 11 J n. 11 29 Jan. 5
*2 219	*2 219	*2 24		*2 24			400	2 Jan. 6 2 Jan. 6 12 Jan. 4 1 3 Jan. 6
*1219 14	*13 1419 554 554	13% 13% 55 55	55 55	55 56	*14 15 56 564	American Cotton Oil Co Do American Spirits Mfg. Co	1.030	544 Jan. 2 564 Jan. 6
*544 57 127 13 29% 29%	134 1338 284 30 m	13 4 13 4 *27 30	\$28 to 28 to	134 134 527% 27%	13 <sup>1</sup> 2 13 <sup>7</sup> 8 29 29 113 <sup>1</sup> 8 115	Do pref. American Sugar Refining Co.	1,325	11% Jan. 5 1.5% Jan. 15 26 Jan. 5 30% Jan. 11 110 Jan. 5 1 5 Jan. 15
11114 11174	101 1014	1114 1124	2101 102	1115 1135 1015 1015		Do pref.	1,257	110 Jan. 51 5 Jan. 15 100 Jan. 7 102 Jan. 15 76 Jan. 15 7 Jan. 14
101 4 101 4 774 784 *104 105	7819 79 105 105	784 794 1044 1054	7819 7918	106 1 106 1	x76 7749 1	Do pref.	1,249 1	103 lg Ja t. 10 10d lg Jan. 14
743 754	7404 75	74% 75%	75% 76	11 <sup>1</sup> 9 11 <sup>3</sup> 4 75 <sup>3</sup> 8 77 <sup>4</sup> 4	774 784	Bay State Gas	42,695	103 g Ja c. 15 103 g Jan. 14 114 Jan. 7 133 Jan. 6 734 Jan. 5 78 g Jan. 15
334 334	139% 140% 32% 33%	139% 140% 33 33%	83% 34	334 344	337 344 (	Consolidated Gas Company Seneral Electric Co	9.140	36½ Jan. 2145% Jan. 6 32½ Jan. 11 34% Jan. 4
*874 89	\$23 23 48 *8719 8534	8484 884	2438 2438 58918 8918	24 lg 24 lg 587 k 89 k	2410 2510 1	Vational Lead Co	208 5	324g Jan. 11 34% Jan. 4 23 Jan. 8 25 g Jan. 15 87% Jan. 14 5894g Jan. 15
24 24	234 244	244 244	244 244	24 24 5	2419 2514	North American Co	300	4 Jan. 2 4 Jan. 4 24 Jan. 9 25 4 Jan. 15
15419 15410	154 4 154 4 8	154 155	155 155	*90 lg 155 l4 156 lg	157% 159	Pacific Mail  Pipe Line Certificates  Pullman Palace Car Company  Niver Bullion Certificates	1,4461	52 Jan. 2 155 Jan. 15
104 104	1058 1058	105 105	10% 10%	*64% 65% \$10% 10%	10/9 11/42	Tandard Robe & I wille	8,000 . 1,853	10 s Jan. 4 11 4 Jan. 15
26% 27%	26% 27¼ 8¼ 8¼	9 9	2818 2878 9 9	284 2878 878 878	1 88 188	Inited States Leather Co	700	25 Jan. 4 30 Jan. 15 8 Jan. 11 9 Jan. 2
59% 60 *24% 25	59 59% 825 25	5978 6138 2418 2418	61 61 19 2438 2412	61 6138		Inited States Rubber Co	1,244	58 4 Jan. 7 61 4 Jan. 13 24 Jan. 5 25 Jan. 6
475 76 8378 844	6754 754 834 844	*74 76 83 83 4	*74 76 831 <sub>9</sub> 837 <sub>8</sub>	7519 7519 8338 8338	974 74 8319 8458 V	Do pref. Vestern Union Telegraph	8,100	75½ Jan. 14 76% Jan. 5 824 Jan. 4 84% Jan. 15

\* These are bid and asked; no sale made. § Less than 100 shares.

LIMI

To

NEW YORK SPOCK EXCHANGE PRICES (Continued)-INACTIVE STOCKS.

(‡ Indicates actual sales.)

INACTIVE STOCKS	Jan.	. 15.	Range (sa	les) in 1897.	INACTIVE STOCKS.	Jan.	15.	Range (sai	es) in 1897
Indicates unlisted.	Bid.	Ask.	Lowest.	Highest.	¶ Indicates unlisted.	Bid.	Ask.	Lowest.	Highest.
Ratiroad Stocks.					Miscellaneous Stocks.				
- 4 gaganahanna100	172				Adams Express100		155	150 Jan.	155 Jan
		11	878 Jan.	9 Jan.	American Bank Note Co ¶	4119	43	****	
	124 4		23 Jan.	2412 Jan.	American Coal25	111	125	125 Jan.	125 Jan
		6			American Express 100	1110	111	110 Jan.	111 Jan
Boston & N. Y. Air Line pref100	:105		105 Jan.	105 Jan.	Amer. Telegraph & Cable 100	85	90	90 Jan.	914 Jan
Boston & N. L. All This product	4	6			Brooklyn Union Gas100	400		85 Jan.	88 Jan
Brooklyn Elevated 1	163		224 Jan.	-2210 Jan.	Brunswick Company	80			
- Fall Roughment of Fill South S. 100	10.4	65	53 Jan.	58 Jan.	Chie. June. Ry. & Stock Yards. 100			****	
	71	76	os san.	Jo Jau.					
Burl. Cedar Rapids & Nor100	11	5	Ali- You	# "T.	Colorado Coal & Iron Devel100	101	1		040 7
		0	4 la Jan.	5 Jan.	Colorado Fuel & Iron100	124	244	24 Jan.	24% Jan
was Torgin & Wheel, prelimento	1414		****	****	Preferred100	*****		****	
manaland & PHESDUTE	100	170			Col. & Hock. Coal tr.rets.all pd. 100	4	44	44 Jan.	436 Jan
pes Moines & For Dodge100	184	*****	84 Jan.	84 Jan.	Commercial Cable100		155	1	
Preferred100	50				Consol, Coal of Maryland 100	:374		374 Jan.	374 Jan
muth 80. Shore & Atlantic ¶ .100	34				Detroit Gas 100			20 Jan.	20la Jan
minth 50. Bhore & Atlantic		10			Edison Elec. Ill. of N. Y 100	1015	103	101% Jan.	103 % Jan
Preferred ¶100	39	45	39 Jan.	40 5 Jan.	Edison Elec. Ill. of Brooklyn. 100				
Evansville & Terre II. pref50					Edison Elec. In. of Brooklyn100	057		CAN. Tom	OF "
Print & Pere Marquette100	*****			****	Erie felegraph & Telephone100	6578	6619		65 Jan
Preferred100	******		****	****	Illinois Steel100	137		31% Jan.	39 Jan
fanawha & Michigan	5	7	****	****	Interior Conduit & Ins100	*****			
Fackuk & Des Moines 100	20	3			Laclede Gas100	:23	234	23 Jan.	24% Jan
Preferred	134	1478			Preferred100	70	80		
farican Central	18		8 Jan.	8 Jan.	Maryland Coal, pref100	40	55		
lexican National tr. etfs100	114	150	1 3 Jan.	1 % Jan.	Michigan-Peninsular Car Co 100			12 Jan.	12 Jan
orris & Essex 50	:165		164 Jan.	1631a Jan.	Preferred100			50 Jan.	50 Jan
Y. Lack, & Western100	120	*****	119 Jan.	12018 Jan.	Minnesota Iron100	150		50 Jan.	51 Jan
orfolk & Southern					National Linseed Oil Co100	14	144		01 041
hio Southern 100		5			National Starch Mfg. Co 100	5	7	5 Jan.	5 Jan
BIO BOULDERN ALL DA 100	:15	1 -	1418 Jan.	15 Jan.	New Central Coal100	5	8	o san.	0 941
r. Sh. Line & U.N.tr.rec., all pd. 100	2	210	2 Jan.	219 Jan.	Ontonio Gilmon Marin	201		10 Ton	100 7-
eoria Decatur & Evansville 100	2	2.3	a g Jan.		Ontario Silver Mining100	1019		10 Jan.	10% Jan
soris & Eastern 100	200	1.00	100	1.30 ****	Oregon Improv't Co. tr. rects 100				
1tts. Ft. W. & Chie. guar 100	166	170	165 Jan.	166 Jan.	Pennsylvania Coal 50	300			
itts, & West, pref50			****		Quicksilver Mining100	1134		1% Jan.	14 Jar
OC	181	186			Preferred100		12		
o Grande Western pref 100					Standard Gas, pref. ¶ 100			102 Jan.	102 Jar
oledo & Ohio Central100	20	35			Tennessee Coal & Iron, pref100				
Preferred100	50	7.5			Teams Pacific Land Trust 100				****
ol. St. L. & Kan. City	*****				U. S. Express100	:40		3919 Jan.	40 Jar
Destarred f					Wells, Fargo Express	96	99	97 Jan.	
Preferred ¶	******	******		****	Mone, Laten Pabless	51(1)	9.9	. 31 Jan.	1 99 Jan

JANUARY 16, 1897.]

15.14 15.14 15.15 15.15 15.15 15.15 15.15 15.15 11.15

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# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES .- STATE BONDS JANUARY 15.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bia.	Ask.
Alabama-Class A, 4 to 51906 Class B, 5a	104 103		Missouri-Fund1894-1895 North Carolina-6s, oldJ&J			Tennessee—6s, old1892-1898 6s, new bonds1892-8-1900		
Class C, 4s	96 94		Funding act	*****		do new series1914 Compromise, 3-4-5 6s1912	*****	*****
Arkansas—6s, fund, Hol. 1899-1900 do. Non-Holford			Chatham RR	*****		8s	775	80
7s, Arkansas Central RR Louisiana—7s, cons			Consolidated 4s	100 122		do 41es1913 Penitentiary 41es1913	******	
Stamped 4s1914	95		South Carolina—4 28, 20-401933 6s, non-fund	102	110	Virginia funded debt, 2-3s1991 6s, deferred t'et rec'te, stamped	6114	65

New York City Bank Statement for the week ending Jan. 9, 1897. We omit two ciphers (00) in all cases.

BANKS. (00s omitted.)	Capital	Surpl's	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits
Bank of New York.	\$2,000.0	\$1,916.0	\$12,440.0	\$2,060.0	\$1.870.0	\$12,720,0
Manhattan Co	2.050.0	2.146,2			3,808.0	16,722,0
Merchants'	2,000.0				3.021.2	
Mechanics'	2,000,0	2,209.4	9.183.0	1,118,0	2,339,0	9,267.0
America				2.357.2	3,510,6	
Phenix	1,000.0		4.097.0		834.0	
City	1.000.0		23,529,4		6,558,1	
Tradesmen's	750.0	86,5	2,057,6		511.5	1,865,9
Chemical	300,0		23,275.4		4.614.9	
Merchants' Exch'ge	600.0	185,9		824.7	752,4	5,139,7
Gallatin	1,000,0	1,648,0	6,146,7	558,0	1,396,2	
Butchers' & Drov'rs'	300.0	209.8	1,230,1		149,5	1,222,4
Me hanics' & Trad's	400.0				540.0	
Green wich	200.0	158.4	938,1	115.3	231.1	940,4
Leather Manufac'ra.	600,0	495.9	3,476,2	342.6	1,454,2	4,182,3
Seventh	300.0	105,4	1,326,4		330.9	
State of New York.	1,200,0	500.9	3,250,2		614.4	
American Exchange	5,000,0	2,482,1	24,103,0		5,616,0	
Commerce	5,000.0		22,959,8		5,072,9	19,288,3
Broadway	1.000.0		5,522.4		924.5	
Mercantile	1,000,0				1.743.9	
Pacific	422,7	482.5	2,281.5	412.5	738.8	
D 1.11	200,1	204,0	W, WO 1, 0	2000	100,0	0,020,0

Butchers' & Drov'rs	300.0	209,8	1,230,1	154.1	149.5	1,222,4
Me hanics' & Trad'		278.6	1.850.0		540.0	2.210.0
Greenwich	- 200,0	158,4	938.1			940.4
Leather Manufac'rs	600,0			342,6	1.454.2	4.182,3
Seventh	300.0	105,4		251.3	330.9	1,800,9
State of New York		500.9			614,4	2,571.3
American Exchange	5,000,0				5,616,0	
Commerce	5,000,0	3,672,8	22,959,8	2,029,6	5,072,9	19,288,3
Broadway	1.000 0	1.665.5	5,522.4		924.5	
Mercantile	1.000.0				1.743.9	7,916,4
Pacific	422.7	482.5	2.281.5	412.5	738,8	
Republic	1.500.0	938,6	11,502,6	2.301.9		
Chatham	450.0					
Peoples'	200.0	235.7	1,508,4	257,0	796,7	2,609.1
North America	700.0	593,0	5.861.3	870.3	831.5	
Hanover	1,000.0					
Irving	500.0		2.807.0	264.8	553.9	
Citizens'	600.0	413.6	2,708,4	488.9		
Nassau	500.0		2,140.8	187.8		
Mark at & Fulton	900.0		5,698,6	590,2		
Shoe & Lea her	1.000.0		3,119,0	372,6	525,8	3,240.7
Corn Exchange	1.000 0		9,177,5	1,357,1	1,577,0	
Continental	1,000.0	231.8	4,691,6	556,0	1.805.1	6.455.9
Oriental	300.0	406,8	1.743.6	152.7	396.7	1,700.0
Importers'& Trad'rs	1.500.0	5,715,3	22,225,0			
Park	2.0000	3,253.5	24,068,8	5,771,5	6,316,4	31,833,3
East River.	250 0	141,2	1,143.6	152,3	396.3	
Fourth	3.200 0	2,110,3	20,044.6	2,816,4	4.154.5	22,334,2
Central	2.000 0	549.3	8,839,0	1,215,0	3,517.0	11.617.0
Second	300.0	662,6	4,469.0	819.0	1.133.0	5,726,0
Ninth	750 0	350.1	3,181.9	364.0	1,696,5	4.624.4
First	500.0	7,035,2	24,320,1	3.552,2	3,618,7	24,860,5
Third	1,000.0	260.6	8,333,2	1.482.5	1.073.5	9,233,6
Third. N. Y. Na.'l Exch'ge.	300.0	71,7	1.313.9	133.1	192.6	1,203,5
DOMOLA	250 0	601,5	2,811,0	422.0	750.0	
New York Connty.	1 200 0	422,7	2,418,2	582,9	291,5	3,125,7
German American	750 0	293.0	2,561,0	197,7	770,1	2,695,4
Chase	500.0	1.500.0	15,932,6	3.868.4	2,139,4	19,774,1
Fifth A venne	100.0	1.087.6	6,973,4	1,163,0	1,125,1	7,858,0
German Exchange	200.0	606.6	2,452,3	268,6	663.3	3,180,3
Germania	200.0	679.9	3,218.9	514.7	318.9	4,001.9
United States	500.0	589.8	5,390,0	1,054,9	691.1	
Lincoln	300.0	615.0	5,492,7	831,2	1.270.9	6.492.2
Garneid	200,0	708,3	3,483.5	820.4	797,0	4,564,9
FIXED	200.0	314.2	1,596,5	208.2	268.8	1,661.8
Bank of the Metron	300.0	803.2	4,446,7	801.0	1,167,2	5.986.5
West Side	200.0	323.4	2.044.0	170.0	446.0	
Seaboard	500.0	301,5	5,748.0	748.0	1,682,0	7.447.0
Bixth	200.0	347,1	1.658,0	178,0	210.0	1,403,0
Western	2,100,0	420.6	11.771.8	837.5	2.645.9	11.960.0
First Nat. R'klyn	300.0	940,7	5,039,0	747.6	1.022.3	5,562.0
Nat. Union Bank	1,200,0	581,8	8,747.1	1,551,7	352.9	8,285.5
Liberty Nat. Bank	500.0	236.7	2,367.0	304.2	352,8 377,1	2,408,7
N. Y. Prod. Exch'ge.	1,000.0	318.1	3,283,1	566,9	311.2	2,949,2
Total	60,772,7	74,888,1	491,116,2	76,893,0	104,108,0	548,038,3

Total............ 60,772,7 74,888,1 491,116,2 76,893,0 104,108,0 548,038,2

BANES.	Capital of Surplus.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.	Oirc'l'n	Clearings
N. Y.*	\$	*	8	*	8	8	\$
Dec. 12	134,521,4	483,503,5	76,648.1	84.109.5	516,605,0	19,841,3	576,340,8
" 19	134,658,1	487,016,0	77,251,6	86,920,6	523,589,9	19,797,1	623,405,2
	134,658,1			89,001,2	525,837,2	19,760,0	489,251,3
Jan. 2	135,660,8	491,375,9	76,342,3	89,640,9	530,785,0	19,600,1	525,331,5
" 9	135,660,8	491,116,2	76,893,0	104,108,0	548,038,2	18,907,8	710,293,4
Bos.							
Dec. 26.,		164,850 0		8,572,0	151,681,0	9,963,0	74,963,3
Jan. 2		166,322,0			155,302,0	9,896,0	95,372,4
" 9	69,351,8	168,294,0	10,974,0	7,456,0	158,506,0	9,958,0	104,887,5
Phila.							
Dec. 26		100,409,0		70,0	99,426,0	7,040,0	51,353,3
Jon. 2		100,333,0		96,0	102,444,0	7,176,0	52,575,2
" 9	35,263,0	100,382,0	35,1	04,0	103,449,0	7,081,0	71,160,5
a III'a am	de tour alm's	ama 2 a all 41	6				

\* We omit two ciphers in all these figures. + Including for Boston and Philadelphia the item "due to other banks".

### Miscellaneous and Unlisted Bonds:

Miscellaneous Bonds.		Miscellaneous Bonds.	
Amer. Spirits Mfg., 1st 6s		Int. Cond. & Ins. deb. 6s	*****
Br'klyn Un. Gas. Ist cons. 58.	107 b.	Manhat, Beach H. & L. g. 4s.	
Ch. Jun. & S. YdsCol.t.g., 58		Metropol. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s	105 b
Colorado C & I. 1st cons.6s.g.	100 8.	Mich. Penin, Car lat 5s	
Col. C. & I. Devel. gu. 58		Mutual Union Teleg6s, g.	
Colorado Fuel & LGen. 5s.		Nat. Starch Mfg. 1st 6s	9930
Col. & Hock, Coal & I6a, g.		N. Y. & N. J. Telep. gen. 5a	
Cons. Gas Co., Chic1st gu. 5s		Northwestern Telegraph-7s	******
Consol. Coal conv. 6s		People's Gas & C. / lst g. 6s.	108 b.
Det. Gas con. 1st 5	78 b.	Co., Chicago 32d g. 6s.	105 b.
Edison Elec. Ill. Co.—1st 5s	1105ab.	lat cons. g. 6s	100 b.
Do. of Bklyn., 1st 5s		Standard Rope & T. 1st g.6s.	75 lab.
Equit. GL., N. Y., cons. g.5s.		Income 5s	26 b.
Equitable G. & Flet 6s	9712b.	Sunday Creek Coal 1st g 6s.	
Henderson Bridge-lat g. 6s.		U. S. Leather-S.f. deb.,g.,68.	112 b.
Illinois Steel deb. 5s		Western Union Teleg7s	
Non-conv. deb. 5s		Wheel. L. E. & Pitts. Coal 1st5s	******
NOTE - 10.21 indicates pulse !		rice deked * Latest price this	

# Bank Stock List-Latest prices this week. (\*Not Listed.)

BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.	BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.	BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.
America	315	330	Garfield	500		N. Y. Co'nty		
Am. Exch	171	175	German Am.	108		N.Y.Nat.Ex		
Bowery			German Ex*.		360		108	112
Broadway	228	240	Germania	350		19th Ward		
Butch.&Dr	125	135	Green wich	165		N. America.		132
Central	125	130	Hanover	315	330	Oriental	175	195
	325		Hud. River	165			170	
Chatham	290	305	Im.& Trad're	525	550			265
Chemical	4000	4400	Irving	140	160	People's	200	
City		700	Leather Mfs'			Phonix	104	110
Citlz-ns'		135	Liber y'	128		Prod.Ex.*	115	
	175	200		750		Re-ublic	145	155
	200	204	Manhattan		220	Seaboard	168	177
Continental.		140	Market& Ful		240	·econd	425	
	290	305		180	195		100	
East River		300	M'chs' & Tra'		135	Shoe & Le'th	90	93
	200		Mercantile	160	175	Stateof N.Y.	109	
Fif h Ave		3300	Merchant.'		140	Third	95	101
	250	3300	Merch't. Ex.	110	120	Tradesm'n's.		93
	2500		Metropol's	425		Union	197	207
First N., S. I.				100			180	195
	120	175		153		Un'd States.		200
14th Street	170	170					114	118
Fourth	170	185	N. Ams'dam.	199	050		275	110
Gal in	300	330	New York	230	250	A GHT STUD.	210	

# BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE STOCK EXCHANGES.

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE STOCK EXCHANGES,													
Active Stocks.							1 -				of the	Range of	sales in 1817
¶ Indicates unlisted.	Jan. 9	3. 3	an. 11.	Jan.	12. Jai	nesday, 1. 13.		sday,	Jan.	15.	Week, Shares.	Lowest.	Highest
Atch. T. & S. Fey (Boston) . 100		- 1	3% 137 5 25		1418 14	14	14	14	1419	1412	3,111	13% Jan. 1	1 14 Jan.
Atlantic & Pac. 100 Baltimore & Ohio (Balt.).100			5 ·25 0 60		1519 *	. 164	*1449	154 594	*14 <sup>1</sup> 2	154	330	18 Jan. 174 Jan. 594 Jan. 1	8 374 Jan. 8 174 Jan. 3 624 Jan.
Baltimore & Ohio (Balt.) 100 Balt. City Pass'ger 4 25 Baltimore Traction 4 25	*17	1		17	17   17	e 171e	174	174	17	17	302	17 Jan. 1	A LY W Jan.
Baitimore Trac'n¶(Phil.). 25 Boston & Albany (Bosion).100 Boston & Lowell "100			0 210		10 210	210	210	210	210	173 <sub>8</sub>		209 Jan.	a ZIU Jan.
Boston & Maine. 100		4 16	4 1644	165 1	65 165	207 165	206 164 19		165 1	207 165	92	162 Jan.	2 165 Jan
Central of Mass " 100	*10				*10	******	*10		*10 *56	12 58		104 Jan. 57 Jan.	7 10 a Jan
O. c.Bur.& Quin. " 100 Onic.Mil.& St. P. (PAU.).100	716 7	150 7	078 714	7139	713 72 744 74		7219	721 74	721a	74 la 7559	6.261 7.500	69le Jan.	6 57 s Jan. 5 74 s Jan. 4 75 s Jan.
CINO CO &G. VOL. L.C	******		7% 7%	1	74 7	74 24	74	84	8 233s	810 24	4,148 1,385	73 Jan. 73 Jan. 214 Jan.	8 4 Jan. 4 24 Jan.
Out. St.Ry.of Ind¶ " 100 Fitchburg pref. (Boston). 100 Lehigh Valley (Phila.). 50 Metropol'n Trac.¶ " 100	914 9 304 3 110 11	14 9	14 92 04 304	914	92 911 304 30	92 304	91 30	91 lg 30%	91	91 to 303a	234 6,226	91 Jan. 1 29% Jan. 1	
Metropol'n Trac. 1 100	110 11				74 7					10	100	109 Jan. 1	2 110% Jan.
Waw England " 100						9 700	******		*40	75 <sub>8</sub>			
Preferred 100 Sorthern Central (Bal.). 50 Sorthern Pacific (Phila.)100	*60	6	61 68		68	68	*60 68	68	68	65 69	14	60 Jan. 68 Jan. 1	61 s Jan. 68 Jan.
	*133e 13	138 43	34 134 27 334	*33	14 6 13 3 33 6 33 3	8 33%	323	134 324 177	334	334	101	334 Jan. 1	144 Jan. 335 Jan.
Old Colony (Boston) 100	*176 4 177 5178 52 13% 13	17	7 177 178 5218	177 1° 5178	52   517	177 5219	52	524	524	524	3,880	176 Jan. 1	524 Jan
Pennsylvania (Phila.). 50 Phil. & Reading.; 50 Philadelph. Trac. 50	68% 68	48 6	79 52 19 39 137 18 4 68 78	13%	1371	134	691	13 b	1351613 6919	694	3,988	66% Jan.	1378 Jan.
Union Pacific(Boston).100 Union Traction(Phila.). 50	878 8	8	35g 8	6 9	714 60		10	10	74	74 104	762	64 Jan. 1: 87 Jan.	9 Jan. 104 Jan.
Miscellaneous Stocks. Am. Sug'r Refin. ¶ (Boston)	111% 111		4 1114	1115 11		113	1114		11341				115 Jan.
Preferred	100% 101 209 2 209	101	1014	101 to 10 209 to 20	1014	101 b 210	2094	102	102 1 2094 2	02	517 1	004 Jan. 6	102 Jan. 2104 Jan. 100% Jan.
Bost & Montana. " 25	974 98	36 86	98	98 8	9 99	29/9 4	98	991	99 1	0038	15,998	944 Jan. 2	100% Jan.
Calumet & Hecia " 20	340 340			347 4 31	619 8 19    334	350 <sup>63</sup> 16	337	340		40	682 3	6 Jan. 11	8 Jan. 350 Jan. 60 Jan.
Onnton Co (Ball.).100 Oonsolidated Gas " 100	614 61	4 '6			11 61	294	614	614	614	6219	546	60% Jan. 6	624 Jan.
Blee.Stor. Bat'y¶(Phila.).100 Preferred ¶ "100	284 28	30		3078 3	9 29		29	29	30%	29 31	90	27% Jan. 7 30 Jan. 5	31 Jan.
Brie Telephone. (Boston). 100 General Electric. 100	*65¼ 66 *33¼ 34				657 3 334	3319	66 34	86	34	861e	1,618	84 4 Jan. 4 32 % Jan. 2	34 4 Jan.
Dlinois Steel " 100	76 77 33 37	*75	₽ 36		5 334	77	754 32	75 4 34 9	75 4 35	754	2,754	74 Jan. 2 314 Jan. 11	38% Jan.
Lemson StoreSer. " 50 Lehi'h Coal&Nav. (Fhila.) 50	21 4 23 41 4 41	22	1 <sub>2</sub> 23	2212 2	3 *224	23	221g	22 4		23	596	20 Jan. 6	23 Jan.
H. E. Telephone (Boston).100 * Pa. Heat, L. & Pow(Phila.)	102	109	102	102 10	2 102	102	1014	102	101 4 10		339 1	014 Jan. 2	102 Jan.
Unit'd Gas Imp.¶ " 50 Welsbach Light¶ " 5	71% 71	71	5 717a	7178 7	238 724	724 463	724 45	7238	724	721g	1,254	71 Jan. 6	72 le Jan. 1
West End Land (Boston) Bid and asked prices; no	*17g 2	*1	78 2	*179	3 *17		*178	2	2	2	150	42 Jan. 4 178 Jan. 5 ec., all instal.	2 Jan. 1
	1	1	li.	_			Bid.	1	11				1 (
Prices of January 15.	Bid.	-	Boston		nds. as. 24 m. 5	a1939	-	73	People	o's Tr	Bonds	perts. 4s., 194	3 974 98
Atlanta & Charlotte (Bail.). Boston & Providence (Boston).	100 91 <sup>3</sup>	265	Burl. &	Mo. River	as, 2d m. 5 Exe npt 191 185,192 r. 1st 5,192	6s, J&J	1164	117	Perkic	men,	1st ser.,	5s.1918, Q-	J 98 100
Camden & Atlantic pl. (Phila.).	50 31		Plain Chic. B	48	. 1at 5.19	10, J&J	95	98	Gen.	mor	t., 4 g		J 814 81
lst preferred (Balt)	50 49	50	2d m	ort. 6s	19	18, J&D	99	993	lat p	ref. in	ncome, 5	g, 1958, Feb	1 47 47
Central Ohio (Balt.) Chicago & West Mich. (Boston).	100 5 100 145	10	Chie. B	url & Qui	nov 4s .19	22. F&A	92	95 98	3d p	ref. in	come, 5	, 1958, Feb.	334 33
Connecticut & Pass Connecticut River Consol. Tract.of N.J. (Phila.).	100 245	147 250	Chic.4	W.Mich. g	4s191 on. 5s, 19	21, J&D	43	45	Cons	ol. m	ort. 7a	1911, Jal	128
Delaware&BoundBr. "	100  1684		Current	t River, 1	ont, 5s. 19 st, 5s. 199 n M. 7s. 19	7, A&O	50	55 70 60	Impi	OVOL	entM.6	g., 1897, A&C	103 103
Filnt & Pere Marq(Boston). Preferred	100 10 100 30	12 32	E astern	1 lst mor	t 6 g.1906	Mas.	91184	119	Tern	inal :	38, g	1911, J&1 g., 1897, A&6 ed, 1922, M&1 1941, Q.—F 48, 1917, A&6	111 1114
Preferred	50	51	Unsta	mped, 1s	t, 6s, 1933 1st,5g,,193 on, 6s, 192 ,1st,2s,192 B., 7s.,194 ist, 7s.,194 ,1st,6g,193	s, end.	124	128 127	Pitts.	C. & S	t. L., 78.	1900, F&2	110
Preferred	50	24 <sup>1</sup> 9 53	K.C. C.	S. & M. of	n. 6s, 192	65,A&O 8, M&N	79	80	Behuyi	. H. B.	5100,161 5	g.1935, J&I	103
Kan. C'y Ft.S. & Mem. (Boston). Preferred	1001 25	50	K.C. Me	m. & Bir. Jo. & C.	1st, 2s, 192 B., 7s 19	17, M&8 07, J&J	119	120	Bot	Term	inal lat : -Baitim	ore. F&A	******
Maine Central (Boston).	100 129	130	Louis., I	& Ft 8., 1 Ev.&8t.L.	lat, 7s19 ,1st,6g.19	05, J&J 16,A&O	100	103	Atlant	a & Ch ore B	elt, 1st, 5	78, 1907. Ja. 1911. M.A.	11719 93
Mine Hill & S. Haven. (PAMa.).	50 54	*****	Mar. H.	-6 g	193 6s192 l, 4 g19 mes, 2 g, no mes, 3s, no	5, A&O	85	90 108	Balt. T	ractio	n. 1at 5s	1929. M&	10919
Forth Pennsylvania.	50 843		Mexica:	n Central	mes, 2 g, no	n-oum.	15	661s	Exte	n. &	mpt. 6s	1901, M&8	105
Pennsylvania & N. W. (Phila.).	100 15	17	2d con	N.Eng., 1	mes. 3s, no	n-cum.	\$1184	73,	Baltim Pitta	ore &	Ohio 4 g	., 1935, A&C 1925, F&A g.1926, JA	102
hiladel, & Erie(Boston).	00	17	1st me	ort. 68	st, 7s, 190 n.6s192	05, J&J	\$112 g	114 831g	Beger	n Isla	oertifica	g.1926, J&I tes, 6sJ&I	
Preserred	100 25 100 94	50	Inc. 6	d. lat.6e	190	2.MAN	61041	15 106	Do. N	faryla	and Cons	true., 5s	9910 100
Preferred		******	2d, 5s	_,,	189	S.F&A	95	97				ells., 5sJ&J g.1990, J&J g.1916, J&L	40
Fast End (Roston)	50 643	25	D -	nde -Di	iladalah					-e- = 660	19 K	1020 MAG	40
Vest End(Boston).	50 643 50 88	65 881g	Atlantic	ndsPh City 1st	iladel 25 58, g., 191	o, Man	10419	105	Cent. O	hio, 4	1 at Se	1929 MAN	11110
Vest End(Boston). Preferred Inited Cos. of N. J (Phila.). Vest Jersey	50 64% 50 88 100 242 50 46	65 881g 2421g 461g	Atlantic Buffalo Catawia	nds.—Pho City 1st Ry. con. 1 sa, M., 7	iladel 1h 58, g., 191 lst, 58 190	9, M&N 1931 0, F&A	10419	105	Cent. P	285.,	1st 5s	1930, M&S 1932, M&N 1922, J&D	11112
Vest End(Boston). Preferred		65 881 <sub>9</sub> 2421 <sub>9</sub> 461 <sub>9</sub>	Atlantic Buffalo Catawis Choc. O Citizens	nds.—Pho City 1st Ry. con. 1 ssa, M., 7 kla. & Gu St.Ry.of	190 189 njiladel 14 5s, g., 191 lst, 5s190 lf, prior li ind.,con.!	9, M&N 9, M&N 1931 0, F&A en 6s 58.1933	104 <sup>1</sup> 9 109 108 75	105	Cent. P	285.,	1st 5s 1st 5s Aug.ext.5 v., 1st 5-	1932, M&N 1922, J&E 5s.1910, J&J 6s.1917, J&J	11112
West End	100 2	15 15	Columb.	St. Ry,,	lst, con. 5	a.1932	*****		Cent. Cont. F City & Charl. Col. & Georgia Ga. Car	ass., Sub., Dol.&. Freen & Al	v., lat 5- a.,lst pf.: or. lat 5	68.1917, J&J 58.1945,A&O z1929, J&J	1111 <sup>1</sup> 2 111 107 110 <sup>1</sup> 4 110 <sup>1</sup> 4 79 80
Vest End. (Boston). Preferred " Inited Cos. of N. J. (Phila.). Vest Jersey & Atlan. " Vestern N.Y. & Penn " Visconsin Central. (Boston). Preferred " Word's Nash. & Roch. " MOGELLANEOUS.	100 2 100 115	15 120	Columb.	St. Ry,,	lst, con. 5	a.1932	85%	86	Cent. Cont. F City & Charl. Col. & Georgia Ga. Car Georgia Geor. S	hio, 4 ass., Sub., Col.&. Green a & Al a Pac. o. & F	v., let 5- a.,let pf.: or. let 5 ; let 5-6s la., let 5	58.1917, J&J 58.1945,A&O g1929, J&J h1922, J&J 81945, J&J	1111 <sup>1</sup> 3 111 107 110 <sup>1</sup> 4 111 100 <sup>1</sup> 4 79 80 111 93
Vest End. (Boston). Preferred	100 2 100 115 25 24	15 120 120	Columb Columb Consol. Del. & E Easton & Eleo. & I	St. Ry,, O. Cross Tract. of l 3'd Br'k, 1 & Am. 1st People's T	lst, con. 5c town, 1st, 5 N. J., 1st, 5 st, 7s. 1926 M., 5s. 1926 rac. stock.	51932 5.1933 6.1933 5, F&A 0, M&N	85 % 125 107 %	36 1084	Cent. C Cent. F City & Charl. C Col. & C Georgia Ga. Car Georgia Geor. S North.	hio, 4 ass., Sub., Col.&. Green a & Al . & N a Pac. o. & F Cent.	v., 1st 5- a.,1st pf. or. 1st 5- a. 1st 5-6s la., 1st 5-6s	58.1910, J&J 68.1917, J&J 58.1945, A&O g1929, J&J 51922, J&J 81945, J&J 1900, J&J 1904, J&J	1111 <sup>1</sup> 3 111 107 1104 111 1004 79 80 111 93 112
Vest End. (Boston). Freferred	100 2 100 115 25 24 50 54	15 120 120	Columb Columb Consol. Del. & E Easton & Eleo. & I	St. Ry,, O. Cross Tract. of l 3'd Br'k, 1 & Am. 1st People's T	lst, con. 5c town, 1st, 5 N. J., 1st, 5 st, 7s. 1926 M., 5s. 1926 rac. stock.	51932 5.1933 6.1933 5, F&A 0, M&N	85 % 125 107 % 7278	86 108 <sup>1</sup> 9 73	Cent. C Cent. P City & Charl. C Col. & G Georgis Ga. Car Georgis Geor. S North. Series	hio, 4 Pass., Sub., Col.&. Green & Al Ca Pac. O. & F Cent.	v., 1st 5- a.,1st pf.: or. 1st 5- 1st 5-6s la., 1st 5-6s	58.1910, J&J 58.1917, J&J 58.1945, A&O g1929, J&J 1922, J&J 81945, J&J 1904, J&J 1926, J&J	11113 1111 107 1104 111 1004 79 80 111 93
Test End. (Boston). Preferred Inited Cos. of N. J. (Phila.). West Jersey West Jersey & Atlan. West Jersey & Atlan. Western N.Y. & Penn Isoonsin Central. (Boston). Preferred MISCELLANEOUS. Illoues Min'g, asst pd(Boston). Liantic Mining lay State Gas ¶ western N. J. (Boston). Liantic Mining lay State Gas ¶ western Land lentennial Mining wetternial Mining The cort Wayne Elect E	100 2 100 115 25 24 50 53 10 4 10 31 25 1	15 120 15 120 1 241 <sub>4</sub> 57 <sub>8</sub>	Columb. Columb. Consol. Del. & F. Easton & Elec. & B. Elmir. & Hestony	St. Ry,, O. Cross Tract. of 1 3'd Br'k, 1 & Am. 1st People's T Wilm., 1 dille M. &	lst, con. 5 town, 1st, 5 N. J., 1st, 5 st, 7s. 190 M., 5s. 192 rac. stock, st, 6s. 191 F., con. 5	1.1932 5.1933 5.1933 5.F&A 0,M&N tr. otfs 0,J&J. 6.1924	85% 125 107% 7278 117 110% 106	36 1084 73	Cent. P Cent. P City & Charl. Col. & Georgis Ga. Car Georgis Geor. S. North. 68 8eries 4-198 Pitts. & Souther	onio, 4 ass., Sub., Col. & Correct a & Al c & N a Pac. Cont. a A, 5	aug.ext. v., lat 5- a., lat pf.: or. lat 5-6a la., lat 5-6a la., lat 5	58. 1917, J&J 58. 1917, J&J 58. 1945, J&J 1. 1922, J&J 8. 1945, J&J 1900, J&J 1926, J&J 1926, J&J 58. 1898, J&J 1934, J&J	1111-5 1111 107-1103-1111 1004-1111 1004-1111 93 112-1123-1123-1123-1123-1123-1123-1123-
Test End. (Boston). Freferred (Phila.). Inited Cos, of N. J. (Phila.). Vest Jersey (Phila.). Vest Jersey & Atlan. Vest Jersey & Atlan. Vestern N. Y. & Penn Isoconsin Central (Boston). Freferred Freferred Freferred Freferred Illonez Min'g, asst pd(Boston). tlantic Mining	100 2 100 115 25 24 25 24 10 34 10 34 25 11 25 11	15 120 15 120 1 241 <sub>4</sub> 57 <sub>8</sub>	Columb. Columb. Consol. Del. & F. Easton & Elec. & B. Elmir. & Hestony	St. Ry,, O. Cross Tract. of 1 3'd Br'k, 1 & Am. 1st People's T Wilm., 1 dille M. &	lst, con. 5 town, 1st, 5 N. J., 1st, 5 st, 7s. 190 M., 5s. 192 rac. stock, st, 6s. 191 F., con. 5	1.1932 5.1933 5.1933 5.F&A 0,M&N tr. otfs 0,J&J. 6.1924	85% 125 107% 7278 117 110% 106 112	36 1084 73	Cent. P Cent. F City & Charl. (Col. & C Georgia Ga. Car Georgia Geor. 8 North. 88-104 4-198. Pitts. & Souther Virginia	ohio, 4 ass., Sub., Col.&. Green a&Al . & N a Pac. o. & F Cent.  & A, 5	aug.ext. a., 1st pf.: or. 1st 5 g. 1st 5-8s Ta., 1st 5 6s	58.1917, J&J 58.1945, A&O 58.1945, A&O 5.1929, J&J 1.1922, J&J 1.1900, J&J 1.1904, J&J 1.1925, J&J 1.1925, J&J 1.1994, J&J 1.1994, J&J 1.1996, M&S	111 <sup>1</sup> 3
Test End. (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Preferred (Phila.). West Jersey (Phila.). West Jersey & Atlan. West Jersey & Atlan. Western N.Y. & Penn Western N.Y. & Penn Western N.Y. & Penn Word'st. Nash. & Roch	100 2 100 115 25 24 25 24 10 34 10 34 25 11 25 11	15 120 15 120 1 241 <sub>4</sub> 57 <sub>8</sub>	Columb. Columb. Consol. Del. & F. Easton & Elec. & B. Elmir. & Hestony	St. Ry,, O. Cross Tract. of 1 3'd Br'k, 1 & Am. 1st People's T Wilm., 1 dille M. &	lst, con. 5 town, 1st, 5 N. J., 1st, 5 st, 7s. 190 M., 5s. 192 rac. stock, st, 6s. 191 F., con. 5	1.1932 5.1933 5.1933 5.F&A 0,M&N tr. otfs 0,J&J. 6.1924	85% 125 107% 7278 117 110% 106 112 102% 102%	36 108 <sup>1</sup> 9 73	Cent. Cont. F City & Charl. Col. & Georgis Georgis Geor. Series 498 Pitts. & Souther Virginit 2d Sec. 3d Sec.	onio, 4 'ass., Sub., Sub., Col.&c. Green & Al & Al & Pac. Cent.  Conn Is a Mid ries, 6 ries, 6	sugart. v, 1st 5- a.,1st pf. or. 1st 5- g. 1st 5-6s la., 1st 5- 6s s.	58. 1917, JdJ 58. 1917, JdJ 58. 1945, A&O 2. 1929, JdJ 8. 1945, JdJ 1900, JdJ 1904, JdJ 1925, A&O 78. 1898, JdJ 1906, MdS 1916, MdS 1916, MdS 1916, MdS 1916, MdS	1111-3 111 107 110-4 111 100-4 79 80 111 93 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11
Test End. (Boston). Preferred	100 2 100 115 25 24 25 24 10 34 10 34 25 11 25 11	219 15 120 1 2414 578 419 334 2 12 75 1819 30	Columb Columb Consol. Del. & E Easton & Elec. & I Elmir. & Heston Hunt. & Lehigh 2d 6s, Gener Lehigh V Lehigh V	St. Ry,, O. Cross: Tract. of i Tract. of i Am. 1st People's T t wilm, 1 ille M. & Br'd Top Nav. 44s gold al mort. 4 Val.Coal 1 Valley, 1s	lst, con. 5 town, lst, 5 town, lst, 5 N. J., 1st, 8 st, 7s. 190 M., 5s. 192 Tac. stock, 8t, 6s. 191 F., con. 5, 6	s1932 s.1933 s.1933 s.1933 s.784A D, M&N tr. otfs D, J&J s1924 s5,A&O 4, Q—J 7, J&D 4, Q—F 33,J&J 8, J&D 0, M&8	85% 125% 10719 7278 117 11019 106 112 10214 102 95 10312	36 108 <sup>1</sup> 9 73	Cent. Cont. F City & Charl. Col. & Georgis Georgis Geor. Series 498 Pitts. & Souther Virginit 2d Sec. 3d Sec.	onio, 4 'ass., Sub., Sub., Col.&c. Green & Al & Al & Pac. Cent.  Conn Is a Mid ries, 6 ries, 6	sugart. v, 1st 5- a.,1st pf. or. 1st 5- g. 1st 5-6s la., 1st 5- 6s s.	58. 1917, JdJ 58. 1917, JdJ 58. 1945, A&O 2. 1929, JdJ 8. 1945, JdJ 1900, JdJ 1904, JdJ 1925, A&O 78. 1898, JdJ 1906, MdS 1916, MdS 1916, MdS 1916, MdS 1916, MdS	1111-3 111 107 110-4 111 100-4 79 80 111 93 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11
West End. (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Preferred (Phila.). West Jersey (Phila.). West Jersey & Atlan Western N. C. Penn Wisconsin Central (Boston). Preferred (Boston). MISCELLANEOUS. Allouez Min'ig, asstpd (Boston). Atlantic Mining Bay State Gas § Soston Land Pentennial Mining Fort Wayne Elect § Franklin Mining Frenchm'n's Bay L'd Kearsarge Mining Boscola Mining Frenchy and Steel (Phila.). Preferred § (Phila.).	100 2 100 115 25 25 25 24 50 54 10 34 25 11 25 11 25 11 25 11 25 11 25 12 25 12 25 12 27 12 28 12 29 12 00 158 00 29 12	219 15 120 1 2414 578 419 334 2 12 75 1819 30	Columb Columb Consol. Del. & E Easton & Elec. & I Elmir. & Heston Hunt. & Lehigh 2d 6s, Gener Lehigh V Lehigh V	St. Ry,, O. Cross: Tract. of i Tract. of i Am. 1st People's T t wilm, 1 ille M. & Br'd Top Nav. 44s gold al mort. 4 Val.Coal 1 Valley, 1s	lst, con. 5 town, lst, 5 town, lst, 5 N. J., 1st, 8 st, 7s. 190 M., 5s. 192 Tac. stock, 8t, 6s. 191 F., con. 5, 6	s1932 s.1933 s.1933 s.1933 s.784A D, M&N tr. otfs D, J&J s1924 s5,A&O 4, Q—J 7, J&D 4, Q—F 33,J&J 8, J&D 0, M&8	85% 125 107% 727% 117 110% 106 112 102% 102% 103% 131 115	36 108 <sup>1</sup> 9 73	Cent. Cont. F City & Charl. Col. & Georgis Georgis Geor. Series 498 Pitts. & Souther Virginit 2d Sec. 3d Sec.	onio, 4  cass., Sub., Sub., Sub., Sub., Col. & Areen a & Al  cas Pac. Cont.  Cont.  Cont.  A, 5  cont.  con	aug.ext v., 1st 5-4 a., 1st pf or. 1st 5-6 a., 1st 6 a., 1	88.1917, J&d 58.1917, J&d 58.1945, A&D 58.1945, J&J 1.1922, J&d 1.1922, J&d 1.1904, J&d 1.1926, J&d 1.1921, M&S 1.1911, J&D 1.1911, J&D 1.1911, J&D 1.1911, J&D	1111-3 111 107 110-4 111 100-4 79 80 111 93 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11
West End. (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Preferred (Britan). West Jersey & Atlan (Boston). West Jersey & Atlan (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Western N. & Penn (Boston). Preferred (Boston). MISCELLANEOUS. Alloues Mining (Boston). Atlantic Mining (Boston). Atlantic Mining (Boston). Atlantic Mining (Boston). Pranklin Mining (Boston). Fort Wayne Elect (Britan). Prenchm'n's Bay L'd. Carsarge Mining (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Mining Mining (Boston	100 2 100 115 25 24 25 24 25 50 54 10 4 10 4 10 39 25 11 25 11 25 11 25 12 25 12 25 12 25 12 27 12 28 12 29 12 20 12	15 120 1 24 <sup>1</sup> 4 5 <sup>7</sup> 6 4 <sup>1</sup> 9 3 <sup>3</sup> 4 2 12 175 18 <sup>1</sup> 9 30 158 <sup>1</sup> 9 30 124	Columb. Columb. Columb. Consol. Del. & E Easton Clee. & I Elmir. & Heston Hunt. & Lehigh 2d 6s. Gener Lehigh 2d 7s. Consol Newark Forth P.	St. Ry,, Crossis Tract. of Tract. of S'd Br'k, k Am. 1st. People's T t Wilm. 1 t Wilm. 1 t Wilm. 1 t Wilm. A t Br'd Top Nav. 4 s, gold. al mort. 4 Valley, 1s 1.6. Passenge enn. 1st,	lst, con. 5, town, lst, 5, 191, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181	1.1932 18.1933 18.1933 5.F&A 5.F&A 6.M&N 18.1924 18.40 18	85% 125 107% 72% 117 110% 106 112 102% 102% 103% 131 115 105 111%	36 108 <sup>1</sup> 9 73	Cent. O Cent. P City & Charl. (Col. & Charl. (Col. & Georgis Geor. S. North. 68 Series 418. Pitts. & Bothes Virginia 2d See 3d See 4th Se 5th Se 5th Se West V. Wilm. C	Phio, 4 Pass., Sub., Col.&. Green a & Al . & N a Pac. Cont.	Aug. 68  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	58.1917, Jack 58.1917, Jack 58.1945, Adv 58.1945, Jack 1.1922, Jack 1.1924, Jack 1.1904, Jack 1.1926, Jack 1.1925, Jack 1.1925, Jack 1.1934, Jack 1.1911, Mass 1.1911, Mass 1.1912, Mass 1.1914, Jack 1.1914, Jack	1111-9 111 107-1111 107-1111 100-1111 100-1111 93 1112-1112-1112-1112-1112-1112-1112-111
West End. (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Preferred (Britan). West Jersey & Atlan (Boston). West Jersey & Atlan (Boston). Western N. & Penn (Britan). Western N. & Penn (Boston). Preferred (Boston). Word'st Nash, & Roch (Boston). Atlantic Mining (Boston). Atlantic Mining (Boston). Atlantic Mining (Boston). Boston Land (Boston). Fort Wayne Elect (Britan). Franklin Mining (Boston). Frenchin'n's Bay L'd. (Boston). Frenchin'n's Bay L'd. (Boston). Freferred (Britan). Freferred (Britan)	100 2 115 25 24 10 319 25 11 25 5 25 18 25 29 20 00 29 20 00 125 00 122 25 98 00 24 25 14 25 16 25 18 25 25 29 20 158 00 29 29 20 10 158 00 15	15 120 1 24 <sup>1</sup> 4 5 <sup>7</sup> 6 4 <sup>1</sup> 9 3 <sup>3</sup> 4 2 12 175 18 <sup>1</sup> 9 30 158 <sup>1</sup> 9 30 124	Columb. Columb. Columb. Consol. Del. & E Easton Clee. & I Elmir. & Heston Hunt. & Lehigh 2d 6s. Gener Lehigh 2d 7s. Consol Newark Forth P.	St. Ry,, Crossis Tract. of Tract. of S'd Br'k, k Am. 1st. People's T t Wilm. 1 t Wilm. 1 t Wilm. 1 t Wilm. A t Br'd Top Nav. 4 s, gold. al mort. 4 Valley, 1s 1.6. Passenge enn. 1st,	lst, con. 5, town, lst, 5, 191, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181	1.1932 18.1933 18.1933 5.F&A 5.F&A 6.M&N 18.1924 18.40 18	85% 125 107% 727% 117 110% 102 102% 102% 103% 103% 111% 105 111% 105 111%	36 108 <sup>1</sup> 9 73	Cent. O Cent. P City & Charl. (Col. & Charl. (Col. & Georgis Geor. S. North. 68 Series 418. Pitts. & Bothes Virginia 2d See 3d See 4th Se 5th Se 5th Se West V. Wilm. C	Phio, 4 Pass., Sub., Col.&. Green a & Al . & N a Pac. Cont.	Aug. 68  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	58.1917, Jack 58.1917, Jack 58.1945, Adv 58.1945, Jack 1.1922, Jack 1.1924, Jack 1.1904, Jack 1.1926, Jack 1.1925, Jack 1.1925, Jack 1.1934, Jack 1.1911, Mass 1.1911, Mass 1.1912, Mass 1.1914, Jack 1.1914, Jack	1111-9 111 107-1111 107-1111 100-1111 100-1111 93 1112-1112-1112-1112-1112-1112-1112-111
West End. (Boston). Preferred (Phila.). West Jersey (Phila.). West Jersey & Atlan. West Jersey & Atlan. West Jersey & Atlan. Western N.Y. & Penn Western N.Y. & Penn Western N.Y. & Penn Wordern N. & Boston MISCELLANBOUS. Hillones Min'ng, asat pd (Boston). Hantle Mining Lantie Mining Lantie Mining Western N. Western N Western N Lantie Mining Western N Western Mining Prenchin'n's Bay L'd. Garsarge Mining "Pranklin Mining "Pranklin Mining "Pranklin Mining "Prenchin'n's Bay L'd. Garsarge Mining "Button Mining "Innsylvania Steel "Preferred I Winter Mining "Button Mining "Suppose "Innsylvania Steel "Preferred I "Mining "Sattingh. Elec. & M "Pest nouniative "Settingh. Elec. & M "Preferred "Settingh. Elec. & M "Preferred "Settingh. Elec. & M "Preferred "Preferred "Preferred "Settingh. Elec. & M	100   2   100   115   15   15   15   15   15	215 120 1 2414 578 419 2 12 175 1818 30 15819 30 124 99 1 255	Columb. Columb. Columb. Columb. Consol. Del. & F. E-ston & Eleo. & B. E-ston & Heston Hunt. & Lehigh 2d 6s, Gener Lehigh & 2d 7s, Consol Newark Worth Pe Gen. M Patersol Patersol Patersol Consol Patersol Consol Patersol Consol Patersol Consol Conso	. St. Ky., . O. Crossi Tract. of . O. Crossi	lst, con. 5. town, lst,? N. J. 1st,? S. J. S.	1.1932 15.1933 15.1933 5.F&A 15.1933 5.F&A 15.16J 15.1924 15.16J 15.16J 16.1930 16	85%, 125 107%, 7276 117 110%, 106 112 102%, 102%, 103%, 115 105 111%, 120 131 118	105 <sup>1</sup> 9	Cent. O Cent. Cont. Cont	bio, 4 Sab., Sub.,	Aug. 6s P. 1st 5-6.  - 1st 6s.  - 1st 6s.	58.1917, J&d 58.1917, J&d 58.1945, A&D 58.1945, J&J .1922, J&d .1922, J&d .1900, J&d .1926, J&d .1926, J&d .1926, J&d .1926, J&d .1926, J&d .1934, J&d .1941, J&d .1942, J&d .1942, J&d .1943, J&d .1944, J&d	1111-9 111 107-9 1107-9 1107-9 1107-9 1111-9 1112-9 1112-9 1122-9 1124-114-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1
West End. (Boston). Preferred (Phila.). Inited Cos. of N. J. (Phila.). West Jersey	100   2   100   115   15   15   15   15   15	215 120 1 2414 578 419 2 12 175 1818 30 15819 30 124 99 1 255	Columb. Columb. Columb. Columb. Consol. Del. & F. E-ston & Eleo. & B. E-ston & Heston Hunt. & Lehigh 2d 6s, Gener Lehigh & 2d 7s, Consol Newark Worth Pe Gen. M Patersol Patersol Patersol Consol Patersol Consol Patersol Consol Patersol Consol Conso	. St. Ky., . O. Crossi Tract. of . O. Crossi	lst, con. 5. town, lst,? N. J. 1st,? S. J. S.	1.1932 15.1933 15.1933 5.F&A 15.1933 5.F&A 15.16J 15.1924 15.16J 15.16J 16.1930 16	85%, 125 107%, 7276 117 110%, 106 112 102%, 102%, 103%, 115 105 111%, 120 131 118	105 <sup>1</sup> 9	Cent. O Cent. Cont. Cont	bio, 4 Sab., Sub.,	Aug. 6s P. 1st 5-6.  - 1st 6s.  - 1st 6s.	58.1917, J&d 58.1917, J&d 58.1945, A&D 58.1945, J&J .1922, J&d .1922, J&d .1900, J&d .1926, J&d .1926, J&d .1926, J&d .1926, J&d .1926, J&d .1934, J&d .1941, J&d .1942, J&d .1942, J&d .1943, J&d .1944, J&d	1111-9 111 107-9 1107-9 1107-9 1107-9 1111-9 1112-9 1112-9 1122-9 1124-114-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1
Vest End. (Boston). Freferred (Phila.). Inited Cos. of N. J. (Phila.). Vest Jersey (Phila.). Vest Jersey & Atlan Vest Jersey & Atlan Vestern N.Y. & Penn Fusconsin Central (Boston). Freferred (Boston). Freferred (Boston). Liantio Mining (Phila.). Freferred Mining. (Boston). Liantio Mining. (Boston)	100   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	215 120 1 2414 578 419 2 12 175 1818 30 15819 30 124 99 1 255	Columb. Columb. Columb. Columb. Consol. Del. & F. E-ston & Elec. & I. Elmir. & Heston Whut. & Lehigh 2d 6s, Gener Lehigh 2d 7s. Consol Newark Borth P. Gen. & Patersol Consol Collat. Pa. & N. Con. 5s	St. Ky., O. Cross: Tract. of i 3'd Br'k, 1'k Am. 1st People's T t Wilm., 1 t'k Mm., 1st Br'd Top Nav. 4'as gold  "Al-Coal 1 Valley, 1s  1.6  Passenge am. 1st, f. 7s. a Rallway vania gen . 6s, c . 5s, r . Tr. 4's g, Y. Canal	lst, con. 5, town, lst, 5, 191, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181	5. 1932 5. 1933 5. 1933 5. F&A 5. F&A 6. M&N 17. otfs 6. 1924 6. 1924 6. A&O 7. J&D 7. J&D 7. J&D 8. J&D 6. M&S 8. J&D 6. M&S 8. J&D 6. M&S 8. J&D 6. J&D 6. J&D 6. J&D 7. J&D 7. J&D 8. J&D 8. J&D 8. J&D 6. J&D	85%, 125 107%, 7276 117 110%, 106 112 102%, 102%, 103%, 115 105 111%, 120 131 118	105 <sup>1</sup> 9	Cent. O Cent. Cont. Cont	bio, 4 Sab., Sub.,	Aug. 6s P. 1st 5-6.  - 1st 6s.  - 1st 6s.	58.1917, Jack 58.1917, Jack 58.1945, Adv 58.1945, Jack 1.1922, Jack 1.1924, Jack 1.1904, Jack 1.1926, Jack 1.1925, Jack 1.1925, Jack 1.1934, Jack 1.1911, Mass 1.1911, Mass 1.1912, Mass 1.1914, Jack 1.1914, Jack	1111-9 111 107-9 1107-9 1107-9 1107-9 1111-9 1112-9 1112-9 1122-9 1124-114-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1

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Jan. 15

Jan. 18

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JANUARY 16. 1697.]

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES (Continued)-ACTIVE BONDS JANUARY 15 AND FOR YEAR 1897.

RAILROAD AND	T100 00 L1.108		Range (sa	les) in 1897.		Int'st Period	Price	-	les) in 1897
MISCELLANBOUS BONDS.	Period	Jan. 15.	Lowest.	Highest.	MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.			Lowest.	Highest.
Amer. Cotton Oil, deb., 8g.1900 Amer. Spirit Mfg., 1st, 6g.1915	M& S	108 b.	108 Jan. 74 Jan.	108 Jan. 75 g Jan.	Minn.&St.L.—1st con.5s,g.1934 Mo. K. & E.—1st 5s,g., gu1942 M. K. & Texas.—1st, 4s,g.1990	A & O	93	100 Jan. 92% Jan.	1014 Jan. 93 Jan.
Ann Arbor.—1st, 4s, g 1995	A & O	751g 807g	7412 Jan. 7912 Jan.	75 2 Jan. 80 8 Jan.	M. K. & Texas.—1st, 4s, g. 1990 2d, 4s, g	FAA	837 <sub>8</sub> 613 <sub>4</sub>	82 Jan. 593 Jan.	84 Jan. 613 Jan.
Amer. Spirit Mfg., 1st, 5g, 1915 Ann Arbor.—1st, 4s, g 1995 At. T. & S. F.—New gen. 4s. 1995 Adjustment 4s 1995 Ool. Midland—Cons., 4g, 1940 4 & Pac.—Guar. 4s 1937	Nov.	45	4319 Jan.	45 Jan.	2d, 4s, g	MAN		So Jan.	86 Jan.
Col. Midland—Cons., 4g. 1940 Atl. & Pac.—Guar. 4s.—1937 B'way&7thAv1st.con.g.5s'43	TAB	* 43 b.		40 Jan. 118 Jan.	Pac. of Mo.—1st, ex., 4g. 1938 2d ext. 5s. 1938 8t. L.&Ir.Mt.1stext., 5s. 1897	F&A	102 b.	10019 Jan. 10119 Jan.	10019 Jan. 10119 Jan.
Bway&7thAv1st.con.g.58 43	A & O	7412	116 Jan. 74 Jan.	75 Jan.	St. L.& Ir.Mt.1stext., 5s.1897	FAA	102 4b.	10219 Jan.	102 le Jan. 102 Jan.
Union Elevated.—6g1937	A & O	71 78 a.	71 Jan. 78 Jan.	72 Jan. 793 Jan.	Calro Ark. & Texas, 7g.1897	Jap	97 b.	101 lg Jan.	
Bklyn. Un. Gas, 1st, con. 5g. 1945	F&A	107 <sup>1</sup> 2 100 <sup>5</sup> 8	1053 Jan. 994 Jan.	10719 Jan. 1003 Jan.	Mobile & Ohio—New 6g 1927	JAD	7334 118	7319 Jan. 117 Jan.	73% Jan. 118 Jan.
Canada Southern.—1st,5s,1908	J & J M & S	109	108 Jan.	109 Jan. 106 Jan.	St. L. & Ir. Mt. 1 st ext., 5s. 1897 2d, 7g	J&J	67 <sup>1</sup> 2 127 <sup>1</sup> 2b.	66% Jan. 127½ Jan. 100 Jan.	6719 Jan. 1273 Jan.
Central of N. J.—Cons.,7s, 1899	Q-J M & N	1063b. *1134b.	10658 Jan.	106% Jan.	Consol., 5g	A & O	101 b. 102 b.	1017a Jan.	100 Jan. 102 Jan.
General mortgage, 5g1987	J&J	116 <sup>1</sup> 8 104 b.	11519 Jan.	11619 Jan.	1st, coupon, 7s1903	J&J	117 b.	1174 Jan. 1064 Jan.	11812 Jan. 10719 Jan.
Leh.& W. B.,con.,78,as d. 1900 mortgage58.1912	MAN	90 a.	104 Jan.	104 Jan.	1st, coupon, 7s	MAN	111 20.	111% Jan.	111% Jan.
Am. Dock & Imp., 581921	JaJ	100 lgb.	114 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan. 100 Jan.	114½ Jan. 100% Jan.	West Shore, guar., 4s2361	Jaj	1053b.	1174 Jan. 105 Jan.	106 Jan.
Ches. & Ohio.—Ser. A, 6g. 1908	AGO	120 <sup>1</sup> 4b. 119 b.	118 g Jan.	120 Jan. 1194 Jan.	N. Y. Chie. & St. L.—4 g 1937 N. Y. Lack. & W.—1st, 6s 1921	J&J	130 b.	1034 Jan.	106 Jan.
1steonsol., 5 g	Man	754	107% Jan. 734 Jan.	110 Jan. 754 Jan.	N.Y.L.E.&W.—1st,con.,7g.1920	M & B	115 b. 140 b.	139 19 Jan.	140 Jan 134 Jan.
R. & A. Div., 1stoon., 4g.1989	J&J	100 861ab.	97 Jan.	100 Jan. 86 Jan.	N.Y. N. H. & H.—Con. deb. otfs.	AGO	140 b.	1331 <sub>9</sub> Jan. 135 Jan.	134 Jan. 135 Jan.
Eliz, Lex. & Big. San., 5g. 1902	MAS	* 9919b. 1151 <sub>2</sub> b.	100 Jan.	100 Jan. 115 <b>%</b> Jan.	R.W. & Ogd., consols, 5s. 1922 West Shore, guar, 4s 2361 N.Y. Chek. & W 1937 N.Y. Lack. & W 1958 N.Y. Lack. & W 1958 N.Y. L. & W 1950 Long Dock, consol., 6 g. 1935 N.Y. N. H. & HCon. deb. cifs. N.Y. Ont. & WRef. 4s, g. 1992 Consol., 1st, 5s, g 1939 N.Y. Sus. & W. 1strof., 5s, g. 1937 Midland of N.J. 6s, g 1937 Midland of N.J. 6s, g 1937	Mat 8	91 108 b.	88% Jan.	91 Jan. 1084 Jan.
Debenture, 5s1913	MAN	9719b.	OT Ton	9719 Jan.	N.Y.Sus.& W.1stref.,5s, g.1937	JAJ		100 Jan.	102 Jan. 117 Jan.
Convertible 5s1903 Denver Division 4s1922	F&A	96 b.	100 <sup>1</sup> e Jan. 94 Jan.	100% Jan. 96½ Jan.	Norf.& W.—100-year, 5s,g. 1990	J&J	114	†63 Jan.	163 Jan.
A. A. Deck & Pac.—Guar. 4s. 1937 B'way&TthAv.—lst. 6g. 1934 Broklyn Elev. 1st. 6g. 1924 Gunion Elevated.—6g. 1937 Bilyn Rap. Trans. 5 g. 1945 Bilyn Rap. Trans. 5 g. 1945 Bilyn Lingas. 1st. 6nd. 5g. 1945 Bilyn Whrf&W.H.—lat. 5s. 1988 Conada Southern.—1st. 5s. 1988 Conada Southern.—1st. 5s. 1988 Conada Southern.—1st. 5s. 1983 Central for N. J.—Cons. 7s. 1899 General mortgage, 5g. 1987 Leh. & W.B., 2000., 7s. 2s. 1980 Contral Pacific.—Gold, 6s. 1898 Contral Pacific.—Gold, 6s. 1898 Contral Pacific.—6g. 1991 Lateonaci., 5 g. 1992 General 4'ss. g. 1992 General 4'ss. g. 1992 General 4'ss. g. 1992 General 4'ss. g. 1992 His. Lex. & Big. San. 5g. 1992 hie. Burl. & Q. Con. 7s. 1993 Debenture, 5s. 1903 Debenture, 5s. 1903 Convertible 5s. 1903 Debenture, 5s. 1903 Convertible 5s. 1903	MAS	*118 b.	874 Jan.	8819 Jan.	Midland of N. J., 68, g. 1910 Norf.&W.—100-year, 58, g. 1910 No. Pacific—1st, coup. 6g, 1921 General, 3d, coup., 6 g. 1937 Consol. mortgage, 5 g. 1939 No. Pac. Ry.—P'rlien ry. &l. g. 48 General lien 3 s when issued.	J & D	7919	113 Jan. 17712 Jan.	114 Jan. †79½ Jan.
Han. & St. Jos.—Cons. 6s. 1911 Chic. & E. III.—lats. f. 6s. 1907 Consol. 6g	A & O	113 lgb. 123 b.	1241g Jan.	124 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan.	No.Pac.Ry.—P'rlien ry.&l.g.4s	Q-J	8578	15438 Jan. 8519 Jan.	†56 Jan. 861s Jan.
General consol., 1st 5s1937	M&N	1003 <sub>8</sub> 1113 <sub>4</sub> b.	100 Jan. 11018 Jan.	100% Jan. 112 Jan.	No. Pac. & Mont.—6g 1938	MA S	434	51% Jan. 141½ Jan.	534 Jan. †434 Jan.
Chic. Gas L. & C.—1st, 5g 1937	J&J	93 b. 131	93 Jan. 128 Jan.	93 Jan. 131 Jan.	General lien 3s when issued.  No. Pac. & Mont.—6g1938  No. Pacific Ter. Co—6g1938  Ohio & Miss.—Con.s.t., 7s. 1898  Ohio & Southern—1st. 8 g. 1921	L A J	105 102 b.	1041 <sub>9</sub> Jan.	105 Jan.
1st, Southwest Div., 6s 1909	J&J	1151gb.	1151a Jan.	11619 Jan.	Ohio & Miss.—Con.s.f., 7s. 1899: Ohio Southern—1st, 6 g1921: General mortgage, 4 g1921: Oregon Impr. Co.—1st 6g1910: Consol., 5 g1939: Ore. R. & Nav. Co.—1st, 6g. 1909: Ore. R. & Nav. Co.—1st, 6g. 1909: Penn. Co4-19g, co.qp1921:	MAN	87 b.	85 Jan. †14 Jan.	90 Jan. †15 Jan.
1st, So. Minn. Div., 681910 1st, Ch.& Pac. W. Div. 5s1921	JaJ	112%	115 <sup>1</sup> 9 Jan. 112 Jan.	115½ Jan. 112¾ Jan.	Oregon Impr. Co.—1st 6g1910	A D	89 a.	86 Jan.	89 Jan.
Chie. & Mo. Riv. Div., 5s 1926 Wise. & Minn., Div., 5g 1921	J&J	110 b.	110le Jan	110 Jan. 111 Jan.	Ore. R. & Nav. Co.—1et, 6g. 1909	i & J	1101gb.		† 18 Jan. 1104 Jan.
Terminal, 5g	J&J	1113 <sub>6</sub> b.	110 <sup>1</sup> 9 Jan. 96 Jan.	111 Jan. 99 Jan.	Ore. RR. & Nav. consoi., 4 g. 1946 Penn. Co 4 log, coup 1921 Peo. Dec. & Evansv 6 g. 1920 Evans Division 6 g. 1920	a J	81 <sup>1</sup> 4 109 <sup>1</sup> 4b.	80 Jan. 1094 Jan.	814 Jan. 1094 Jan.
Mil. & Nor.—ist,con.,6s.1913	JAD	117 b.	118 Jan.	118 Jan. †44 Jan.	Peo. Dec. & Evansv.—6 g. 1920 Evans. Division, 6 g1920	M & B	100 b.		100 Jan. 103 Jan.
Chic. & N. W.—Consol., 7s. 1915	Q-F	141	140 Jan.	141 Jan. 117 Jan.	2d mortage, 5 g1926	M & N	271g	2712 Jan.	274 Jan. †814 Jan.
Binking fund, 6s1929	A & O	116	114 Jan.	116 Jan.	Evans. Division, 6 g		474	1614 Jan.	† 47 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan. † 35 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan.
Sinking fund, 38	M&N	110126.	1105 Jan.	109 Jan. 111 Jan.	3d pf.inc., 5 g., all inst. pd.'58	i	34	324 Jan.	†34 Jan.
25-year debenture, 5s1909 Extension, 4s	F&A	10634b. 1021 <sub>9</sub>	106 Jan. 101 Jan.	107 Jan. 1021 <sub>2</sub> Jan.	Rio Gr. Western—1st 4g1939	A J	74 a. 7378	73 a Jan.	74 Jan.
Chic. R.I. & Pac.—6s,coup. 1917 Extension and col., 5s1934	J&J	12919b. 10238	101% Jan.	1025 Jan.	St. L. & San Fr.—6g, Cl. B. 1906	NAN	1131ga.	112 Jan.	† 491 <sub>2</sub> Jan. 112 Jan.
30-year debenture, 5s1921	M & B	95 128½b.	93 Jan. 126 Jan.	95 Jan. 1283 Jan.	General mortgage, 6 g1931 Cons. guar. 4s, g1990	4 0			109 Jan.
Chic. & W.Ind.—Gen.,g.,6s.1932	Q-M A&O	116 <sup>1</sup> 9b. 104 48.	116 la Jan.	117 Jan. 102 Jan.	General mortgage, 6 g., 1931; Cons. guar. 48, g., 1996; St. L. & S. F. Rk. 4g., 1998; 2d. 48, g., income. 1949; 2d. 48, g., income. 1949; 4f. P. M. Dak. Ex., 6g. 1910; 1st consol., 6 g., 1933; 4f. reduced to 4 bg., 2g., 2g., 2g., 2g., 2g., 2g., 2g., 2	M & N	63 69 19	62½ Jan. 69 Jan.	63 Jan. 6919 Jan.
O. C. C. & I.—Consol. 7g 1914	J&D	1301gb.		124 Jan.	2d, 4s, g., income	MAN	25 b. 1184b.	25½ Jan. 116¾ Jan.	25½ Jan. 118¼ Jan.
O.C.C &St.LPeo. & E., 4s. 1940	A & O	75 18 a.	73½ Jan.	75 Jan.	1st consol., 6 g	& J	123 b.	123 Jan.	123 Jan. 1027 <sub>8</sub> Jan.
Income, 48	M & 8	11630.		117 Jan.	Montana extension, 4 g.1937	& D	88 b. 56 a.	87% Jan. 54% Jan.	88 Jan. 56 Jan.
General, 6g	J & D	88 <sup>1</sup> 28.	88 Jan. 85 Jan.	883 Jan. 87 Jan.	Seat. L. S. & E., 1st., gu. 6 1931	& A	35 b.	04.8 num	
1st consol., 4 g	I & J	88 b.	8814 Jan.	111 Jan. 883 Jan.	So. Car. & Ga.—1st, 5 g. 1919 1 So. Pacific, Ariz.—6 g. 1909-10 So. Pacific, Cal.—6 g. 1905-12 1st consol, gold, 5 g. 1937 4 So. Pacific, N. M.—6 g. 1911	& J	93	93 Jan.	93 Jan.
Dul. So. Sh. & Atl.—5g1937 d Edison El. Ill.—1st.con.g.5s.'95	& J	105 4b.	100 Jan.	100 Jan. 1054 Jan.	1st consol., gold, 5 g 1937 4	40	107 b. 1	854 Jan.	108 Jan. 85% Jan.
General, 3-4, g	& J	94 64	93½ Jan. 62¾ Jan.	94 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan. 64 Jan.	So. Pacific, N. M.—6 g1911 J Southern—1st cons. g, 5s. 1994 J	& J	9018	102 Jan. 89 Jan.	904 Jan.
Deny. & Ridger. — 185, 785, 1990; 1st consol. 4 g	A D	51 b. 88 b.	53 Jan. 89½ Jan.	53½ Jan. 90¾ Jan.	Southern—1st cons. g, 5s. 1994 J E. Tenn. reorg. lien 4-5s. 1938 A E. T. V. &G.—1st, 7 g 1900 J	de J	89 10734b. 1	89 Jan. 07 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan.	89% Jan.
Jen. Electric, deb. 5s, g 1922	& D	91 b.	90½ Jan. 66 Jan.	914 Jan. 66 Jan.	Con. 5 g	& J	107490.	07 Jan.	10778 Jan. 111 Jan.
		99-2	99½ Jan.	9912 Jan.			110 D. 1	12 Jan.	112 Jan. 120 Jan.
Ulinois Central.—4s, g 1953 Western Lines, 1st, 4s, g. 1951 Int.&Great Nor.—1st,6s,g. 1919 Red. 1988	M & N	102 b. 11878	174 Jan.	1187 <sub>8</sub> Jan.	Rich. & Danv. con. 8s, g., 1915 J West. No. Carlateom. 6s, g. 1915 J Standard Rope & T., 1st. 6s, 1946 F Tenn. C. I. & Ry—Ten. D. 1st., 6s Birmingham Div., 6 g., 1917 J Texas & Facific—1st. 5 g., 2000 J 2d, income, 5 g., 2000 J 70ledo & Ohlo Cont.—5 g., 1935 J Tol. St. L. & Kan. C.—6 g., 1916 J Union Pacific—8 g., 1988 J	å J	112198.	74 Ton	
2d, 4-5s	a B	74 <sup>5</sup> 8 96 b.	73 Jan. 96 Jan.	74% Jan. 96% Jan.	Tenn. C. I. & Ry—Ten. D. 1st, 6g	40	831eb.	82 Jan.	76% Jan. 82 Jan 87 Jan.
Kings Co. Elev.—1st, 5g. 1925 Laclede Gas.—1st, 5s, g 1919	& J Q-F	40	45 Jan. 93½ Jan.	45 Jan. 94 Jan.	Texas & Pacific—1st, 5g2000 J	& D	8719	85 Jan. 854 Jan.	8712 Jan.
Lake Erle & West.—5g1919 Lake Erle & West.—5g1937 J L. Shore.—Con,op., 1st, 7s.1900 J Consol. coup., 2d, 7s1903 J Lex. Av. & Pav. F. gu. 5s,g.1993 J Lex. Av. & Pav. F. gu. 5s,g.1993 J	& J	115	114 Jan.	115 Jan.	Zd, income, 5 g 2000 a Toledo & Ohio Cent.—5 g 1935 J	& J	105 1	1934 Jan.   195 Jan.	21 g Jan. 105 Jan
Consol. coup., 2d, 7s 1903 J	A B	1 9 10 11	119 Jan.	1194 Jan. 117 Jan.	Tol. St. L. & Kan. C.—6 g1916 J Union Pacific—6 g1898 J	& J	69 b. † 1034b. 1	69 g Jan. 03 g Jan.	69½ Jan. 103¼ Jan.
General mortgage, 4g 1938 J Ouis & Nash.—Cons. 7s 1898 J	Q-J	L10 40.	In Jan.	1173 Jan.	Union Pacific—6 g 1898 J Ext. sinking fund, 81899 A Collateral trust, 4 g1918 A	LOENIT	50 a.	85 Jan.	85½ Jan.
ouls, & Nash, -Cons. 7s 1898	4 0	105 b.	76½ Jan. 105 Jan.	85 g Jan. 105 Jan. 117 g Jan.				00 Jan.	100½ Jan.
N.O & Mobile, 1st, 6g1930 J	& J	100 b.	98 2 Jan.	101 's Jan.	1st consol., 6 g1919 M	I & N	69	67 Jan. 1113 Jan.	11319 Jan. 170 Jan.
General, 6g	4 L	80	1558 Jan.   784 Jan.	1164 Jan.   80 Jan.	Or.8.L.&UthN.—Con.,5g1919	40	65	6312 Jan.	1134 Jan. 1654 Jan.
			11 Jan.	111 Jan.   82 Jan.	Gold 98, Ool. trust notes, 1984 k Kan. Pac.—Den.Div., 6g. 1889 k 1st consol., 6g	LAN	112 1	11% Jan.	36 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan. 112 Jan. 100 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan.
Consol. 6g, tr. receipts. 1916 J Consol. 6g, tr. receipts. 1916 J Manhattan consol. 4s	4 0	941g	93 Jan.		Virginia Mid.—Gen.M., 5s.1936 M Wabash—1st, 5 g	L& N	100 leb. 1	00 Jan. 06 Jan.	100½ Jan. 107 Jan.
2d,6s	AN	105 4b.	05 Jan.	10519 Jan.	2d mortgage, 5 g1939 F West N. Y. & Pa.—1st. 5g. 1937 J	& A	72 lg	7019 Jan.	107 Jan. 7219 Jan 10419 Jan
Consol, 5s	A A N	105 b.	911 <sub>0</sub> 7	20 Ton	Gen. 2-3-4s, gold1943 A	40	47 b.	46% Jan.	104 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan 46 <sup>3</sup> 4 Jan. 106 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan.
Exten. & Imp., 5g1929 F	& A	113 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> b.	12 Jan.	1131 <sub>2</sub> Jan.	Virginia Mid. — Gen. M., 58. 1936) M Wabash—1st, 5 g 1939) M 2d mortgage, 5 g	& J	38 lab.	37 Jan.	138 Jan.
				de made no	from actual sales only. * Latest	nwine ti	his week	4 Thursday	analmta

Note. "b" indicates price bid; "a" price asked; the range is made up from actual sales only. \* Latest price this week. † Trust receipts.

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES-(Continued), -INACTIVE BONDS-JANUARY 15.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
Railroad Bonds. (Slock Exchange Prices.) Alabama Mid.—1st.g., guar1928 Atch. Topeka & San Fran.— Oniosgo & St. Lou.—1st. 6s. 1915			Balt. & Ohio— 5s, gold			Roch. & Pitts.—Cons.1st,6s.1922 Buff. & Susqueh.—1st, 5s, g1913 Burl. Ced.Rap. & No.—1st, 5s.1906	97 121 1174 1084	1064
Cól. Mid. 1st, g., 6s	******	····	Cent'l Ohio Reor.—Ist, 4 ss. 1930 Ak.&Ch.Junc.—Ist, 5,5,5,1930 Brooklyn Elevated—2d, 5s1915 Sesside & B.B.—Ist, 5,5,5,21.1942		45	Consol. & Sollat. trust, 5s1934 Minn. & St. I.,—1st, 7s, gu1927 Ced. Rap. I. F. & N., 1st, 6s.1920 Ist, 5s1921	106	107

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES .- INACTIVE BONDE- (cominacd) - JANUARY 15.

SEW TUBE ST	Віа	1	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
G.Ohio-Col. & Cin. M. 1st, 4 s. 193	-	-	Ev.&T.H (t Varnon 1st 6r.192		-	Northern Pacific—	Bid.	- 488
Cent. RR. & BankCol. g.5a. 198	94		vans. & Indian.—1st, cons192	0		Helena&RedM'n-1st.g. 6a 193	80	
Consol. g., 5s	5 90	91	Plint & P Maganotto-		116	Dul. & Map.—1st,g.6s,tr.rec. 193 Dak. Div.—1st 6s, tr rec. 193 Owur d'Alene—1st, 6s, gold. 191	BT	
Consol. g., 58	8 100	101	Mort., 6s	9 84 6 75	85 80	C. d'Alene-Gen. 1st, g., 6s193 Norfolk & South'n-1st, 5s,g.194	-101	
Oent, Pacific—4346 bonds, 6s. 185 Gold 58, series E	102		la. Cen & Pen.—1st g. 5s191	8		Norfolk & West.—General, 6s. 193 New River 1st 6s	117	4
Land grant, 5s, g193	0	. 1013	t. Worth & R. G.—1st g., 5s192	8 46	48	Imp. & Ext., 6s	111	
Cal. & O. Div., ext., g. 5s191	8 *100	997	2d mort., 78190	0 104 5 964		Imp. & Ext., 6s		
West, Pacific—Bonds, 6s189 No. Railway (Cal.)—1st, 6s.190	9 100		2d mort., 7s	7 1224	126	Scioto Val. & N. E1st, 48,.198	82	83
50-vear 5s	8 90		N. Haven & Derby, Cons.5s191 Hous, & Texas Central -	8		Onio & Miss. — 189: 2d consol. 7s		. 115
Ohes. & O.—Pur. M. fund, 6s. 189	8 102	e 103	Hous. & Texas Central — Waco & N. 7s	3 125 7 1061 <sub>9</sub>		Spring.Div.—1st7s1905 General 5s193	*98	103
Warm Spr. Val., 1st, g. 5s194	1		Cons. g. 6s (int. gtd)	2 102	1023	Ohio River RR.—1st, 5s193 Gen. g5s193	*100	******
3d, 6s	1		Debent. 4s, prin. & int. gtd. 189	7		Omaha & St. Louis.—1st, 4s1937 Oregon & Califor.—1st, 5s, g.192	48	497 <sub>e</sub>
14. 68	3 114	9 1134	1st. gold, 31gs195	1 102		Penn-P.C.C.&St.L.Cn.g.4 28A194	108	109
84 T. Tanks & Chin -24 7s 190	9	. 1124	2-10 g., 48	4		Do do Series B		
Miss. R. Bridge-1st, s. f., 6s. 191 Chie Burl. & Nor.—1st, 5s	2 101		Bilmois Central—lat, g., 4s., 195     1st, gold, 3¹ss	8 100		2d, 7s		136
Ohic. Burling. & Q.—5s, s. f 190	1 103	1054	C. St. L. & N. O.—Ten. l., 7s. 189	7 1024 7 1024		Ch.St.L.&P.—1st,con.5s,g193		
Binking fund, 4s 191	9 107	984	Gold, 5s, coupon195	1197	1204	Gen. 44s, g., "A194		
Plain, 48	5		Gold, 5s, coupon	10019		2d, guar., 7s	100	*****
Onic. & Indiana Coal—18t 58.193 Oni. Mil. & St. P.—1st, 8s, P.D. 189	6 98 107	100	Ind. D. & Spr.—1st 7s, 1906, trus	t		Alleg. ValGen., gu., 4s, g. 1942		*****
2d, 7 3-10s, P. D	8 129 2 127		rects, ex bonds	99	100	Peoria & Pek. Union—1st, 6s.1921 2d mortg., 4 s	*744	78
1 st, I. & M., 7s	7 1254	128	1st, ext., g. 5s	3	90	2d morta, 4 ss		
1st, I. & D., 7s	3 *126 8 1311	133	land. 118. & 10 wa.—1st, g. ss. 1393 1st, ext. g. 5s. 1944 Int. & G. N'n.—3d, 4s, g 1921 Kings Co.—F.El., 1st, 5g., gg. A. 1925 Lake Erie & West.—2d g., 5s. 1944 North'n Ohio—1st, gu. g. 5s. 1944 L. S. & M. Son.—B. & E.—New 7s. '98 Det. M. & T.—1st, 7s 190 Lake Shore—Div. bonds, 7s. 1895 Kal. All. & G. R.—1st gu. 5s. 1938 Mahon'g Coal RR.—1st. 5s. 1938	25	*****	Pitts. Mo. K. & Y.—1st 6s1932 Pitts. Painsv. & F.—1st, 5s1916		
1st, La C. & Dav., 5s	1094		Lake Erie & West.—2d g., 5s. 1941 North'n Ohio—1st. gu. g. 5s. 1945	99%	1014	Pitts, Shen. & L. E.—1st,g.,5s. 1940 1st consol. 5s	994	994
Obleage & Pacific Div. 6a 191	1074	108	L. S. & M.Sou.—B. & E.—New 7s. '98 Det. M. & T.—1st. 7s	105 <sup>1</sup> e		Pitts. & West.—M. 5s, g. 1891-1941		
Chicago & Pacific Div., 6s191	)	108	Lake Shore—Div. bonds, 7s. 1899	108	108%	Rio Grande 80.—18t, g., 581940 8t. Jos. & Gr Is.—2d inc1925 Kan. C. & Omaha—1st, 581927 8t. L. A. & T. H.—Term. 581914	49	
C. & L. Sup. Div., 5s. 192 Fargo & South, 6s, Aseu 192 Inc. conv. sink. fund, 5s. 191 Dakota & Gt. South, 5s. 191 Mil. & Nor. main line—6s. 191	106	*****	Kal. All. & G. R.—lat gu. 5a. 1988 Mahon'g Coal RR.—lat. 5a. 1984 Lehigh V. N. Y.—lat gu.g. 4 as. 1946 Lehigh V. Torm.—lat gu. 5a. 1946 Lehigh V. Y. Coal—lat 5a. gu.g. 1933 Lehigh & N. Y.—lat, gu. g. 4s. 1945 Elmira C. R.—lat. gu. g. 4s. 1945 Guar., gold, 5s.—154 Little Rock & M.—lat, 5s. g. 1937 Long Island—lat, 7s. 1986 Ferry, 1st, g., 4 as. 1922 M. Y. & R. way B.—lat. g. 5s. 1937 2d mortg., 1no. 1937 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1938 Brook! nd. Montal.—lat. 6s. g. 1938 Drook! nd. Montal.—lat. 6s. 1941 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1935 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1935 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1935 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1935 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1935 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1935 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1935 N. Y. B. & M. B.—lat con. 5s. g. 1935	1153		Kan. C. & Omaha—1st, 5s1927	*104	
Dakota & Gt. South., 5s191	*106		Lehigh V.Term.—1st gu. 5s,g.1941	110%	1124	Bellev. & Car.—1st, 6s		
Ohio. & Nor. main line—68191	109		Lehigh & N.Y.—1st, gu. g. 48.1945	92	94	St. Louis So.—1st, gd. g. 4s. 1931	*91	95
Ohio, & Norw. —30 year deb. 5s. 192  Escanaba & L. S. 1st, 6s 190  Des M. & Minn.—1st, 7s 190			Guar., gold, 5s	99	99 4	do 2d income, 5s. 1931 Oar. & Shawt.—1st g. 4s		*****
Des M. & Mun.—1st, 7s.—190 Lowa Midland—1st, 8s.—190 Chie. & Milwaukee—1st, 7s.—1891 Win. & St. P.—2d, 7s—190 Ott. O. F. & St. P.—1st, 5s.—1901 Morthern III.—1st, 5s.—191 Mil. L. S. & W.—Con.deb., 5s. 1907 Mich. Div. 1st. 8s.—1922	101		Little Rock & M.—1st, 5s, g. 1916 Little Rock & M.—1st, 5s, g. 1937			2d, 6s, g., class C	95	113
Win. & St. P.—2d, 7s1900 will, & Mad.—1st. 6s1900	122		Long Island—1st, 7s1898 Ferry, 1st, g., 44s1922	105 83	1034	General 5s	95 <b>8</b>	90
Ott. C. F. & St. P.—1st, 5s. 1900 Worthern Ill.—1st. 5s. 1910	109	112	Gold 4s			Ft. S. & V. B. Bg. —1st, 6s1910 Kansas Midland—1st, 4s, g.1937	106	
Mil. L. S.&W.—Con.deb.,5s.1907 Mich. Div., 1st. 6s. 1924	125		2d mortg., inc	104	1064	8t. Paul City Ry, con. 5s, g 1937 Gold 5s, guar	*85	
Ashland Division—1st, 6s 1925	*127		Brookl'n&Montauk-1st,6s.1911			Gold 5s, guar		
1st, 3 <sup>1</sup> 2s	*61	64	1st, 5s		40	2d mortgage 5s	1054	
Mile. Div. 1st, 6s 1924 Ashland Division—1st, 6s 1921 Ashland Division—1st, 6s 1921 Ist, 24s 1900 Extension, 4s 1990 Ksokuk & Des M.—1st, 5s. 1923	*102 129	104	Louis. & Nash.—Cecil. Br. 7s. 1907 E. H. & Nash.—1st 6s, g1919 Pensaco: a Division, 6s1920 St. Louis Division, 1st, 6s1921	1081g 1124g	111	2d mort., 6s	113	116
8t. Paul & S. C.—1st, 6s1919	130	131	Pensacoia Division, 6s1920	108	1084	Post Minn let die let & 1000	*	1024
Kobruk & Des M.—1st, 5s. 1922 Ohio, St. P. & Minn.—1st, 6s. 1918 St. Paul & S. C.—1st, 6s	1164	1174	2d, 3s	*****		Ass. Minh., 18t 01. 18	*106	1074
Oin Ham. & D.—Con. s. f., 7s. 1905	117		2d, 3s. 1980 Nashv. & Decatur—1st, 7s. 1990 N. f., 6s.—8. & N. Ala. 1910 50-year 5s, g. 1937 Pens. & At.—1st, 6s, gold. 1921	107		Sav.Fl.&West1st, con. g.6s.1934		*****
Cin. D. & Ir'n—1st, gu. 5s, g. 1941	1074	110%	Pens. & At.—1st, 6s, gold1921	96 954	100	Atl. & Char.—1st, pref., 7s1897		
Clev.&Can.—Tr.ctfs.for1st5s.1917	72	78	Collat. trust, 5s, g	104		Colum & Green —let 5-8e 1916		
Cairo division, 4s	******	90	Nash.Flor.&S.—1st, gu., 5s.1937 Kentucky Central—4s, g1987 L. & N.—Lou. C. & L.—g. 4 4s.1931	84	90	E. Tenn. V. & Ga.—Divis. 5a 1930 Rich. & Dan.—Eq. s. f. g. 5s. 1909	*110 98	
Cairo division, 4s	924		ou.&Jeff. Bage Co.—Gu.g.48. 1945	10519	106	Deben. 5s, stamped 1927 Vir's Mid.—Serial ser.A, 6s. 1906	96	******
WhiteW. Val. Div.—1st,g. 4s. 1940 Cin. Wab.&M. Div.—1st,g. 4s. 1991		88	Lou.N.Alb.&Ch.—Gen.m.g.5s.1940 Memphis & Charl.—6s, gold1924	42				
Cln. I. St. L. & C.—1st,g.,4s.1936	93	984	Mexican Cent. Consol.—4s. g. 1911			Series C, 6s		
Onsol, 6s	105	109	1st, cons. income 3s, g1939 Mex. International—1st, 4s,g.1942 Mexican National—1st, g. 6s, 1927			Wash, O.&W.—1st our.gu, 4s, 1924 Fer. As'n of St. L.—1st. 4 4s, 1939		80
Indiana B. & W.—1st pf.7s.1900 Ohio Ind.&W.—1st pref. 5s. 1938 C. Col. Cin. & Ind.—1st, 7s,s.f.1899		1071	Mex. International—1st, 4s,g.1942 Mexican National—1st, 9., 6s.1927 2d, income, 6s, "A"			Ter. As'n of St. L.—1st, 44s.1939 1st, con. g. 5s.—1894-1944 St. L. Mer. Br. Term., g. 5s, gu 1930	105	107 104
Consol. sink. fund, 7s	*****		Michigan Central—6s1909			Texas & New Orleans—1st,7s.1905		
Cleve. Lorain & Wh.—1st, 5s.1933	******	1044	Mortgage 4s	100		Consol. 5s, g	92	
Del. Lack. & W.—Mort. 781938		******	Mortgage 4s	135 4		Consol. 5s, g	121	784
Bel. Lack. & W.—Mort. 7s1907 Syra. Bing. & N. Y.—1st, 7s.1906 Morris & Essex—1st, 7s1914	123 141 108	130	Bouthwest Ext.—1st, 7s1910	122 1	26	rol. Peo. & West.—1st, g., 4s.1997	684	7848
Morris & Resex - 155, 78 1914 Bonds, 78 1900 7s of 1871 1901 1st, con, guar, 7s 1915 Warren - 24, 7s 1900 D.&H.Can Ps. Div., coup, 7s. 1917 Albany & Susq - 1st, gu, 7s. 1906 tet come grape 6	108	109 115 4	10wa Extension, 181, 781910 Pacific Ext.—1st, 6s1910 Pacific Ext.—1st, 6s1921 Mo.K.& Tex.—1st, ext., 5s, g. 1944 Mo.K.& Tof Tex. 1st, gu.5s, g. 1942 Kansas City & P., 1st, 4s, g. 1990 Dal. & Waco—1st, 5s, gu1940 Missouri Pacific —Trust 5s1917 1st coll. 5s. g.	120		Union Pacific—1st, 681896	100 1084	102
1st, con., guar., 7s1915 Warren-2d, 7s1900	138		Mo.K.&T.of Tex.1st,gu.5s.g.1942 Kansas City & P., 1st, 4s,g., 1990	774	77% 70	1st, 6s	1034	100.0
D.&H.Can.—Pa.Div.,coup.7s.1917 Albany & Susq —1st. gu.,7a.1906	143	147	Dal. & Waco—1st, 5s, gu1940 Missouri Pacific—Trust 5s. 1917	77		1st, 6s	75	85
Albany & Susq — 1st, gu., 7s. 1906 1st, cons., guar., 6s	115	147	1st coll., 5s, g		70	Kansas Pacino—1st os. 21895		1084
Deny. Tram way—Cons. 6e, g. 1910	*****		Mobile & Ohio—lat ext., 6s1927	114		1st, 6s, g	25	35
Denv. & R. G.—Imp., g., 5s1928	80	85	St. L. & Cairo—4s, guar1931 Morgan's La. & T.—1st, 6s1920	111				27 24
Det. & Mack.—1st lien, 4s,g 1995	*18		Nash. Chat. & St. L.—2d, 6s 1901			U. P. Lin. & Col.—1st, g., 5s. 1918 Utah & North.—1st, 7s	-98	*****
4s, gold	100	103	Y. Y. Central.—Deb. g. 4s1905	101%		Utan Bouthern-Gen., 781909	*****	
2d, extended, 5s1919	102%		N. J. June—Guar. 1st, 4s1986 Beech Creek—1st, gold, 4s1936	100		Exten., 1st, 7s1909		******
2d, extended, 5s	116		Osw. & Rome—2d, 5s, g., gu. 1915 Utica & Bl. Riv.—4s, g., gu. 1922			Debenture, Ser. A	*21 <sup>1</sup> 9 95 <sup>1</sup> 8	23
5th, extended, 4s	100		Morgan's La. & T.—1st, 6s 1920 1st, 7s 1918 Nash. Chat. & 5t. L.—2d, 6s. 1901 N. O. & No. E.—Pr. I., g., 6s. 1915 N. J. Junc—Guar. 1st, 4s 1936 N. J. Junc—Guar. 1st, 4s 1936 Beech Creek—1st, gold, 4s 1936 Osw. & Rome—2d, 5s. g., gu.1915 Utica & Bl. Riv.—4s, g., gu.1923 N. Y. & Put.—1st, g., 4s. gu.1993 I. Y. M. H. & H.—1st, reg. 4s. 1903 I. Y. & Northern—1st, g. 5s 1927			Det. & Chic. Ext. 1st, 5s, g . 1940 St L.K.C.&N.—St.C.Bdge6s.1905 Vest N.Y.& Pa.,gen.g. 2-3-4s.1943	951s	96
	135	38	I. Y. & Northern-1st, g. 5s 1927	1184 1	21	Vest N.Y.& Pa.,gen.g. 2-3-4s 1943 Income 5s	47	
	105		Y. & Northern—1st, g. 5s. 1927 Y. Y. Susq. & West.—2d, 4 s. 1937 Gen. mort., 5s. g	7319	75 89	Income 5s		
Ook & Impt., lst 6s, cur'oy, 1913  Evans. & T. H.—lst, cons., 6s, 1921	105	10				Wheeling Div., 1st. 5s. g., 19281	35	
1st. general, g., 5s	10/18	10	Spokane & Pal.—1st, 6s1936 St. Paul & N. P.—Gen., 6s1923	1244	V	Extension & Imp, g., 5s1930 Vis. Cent. income 5s1937	50	9

<sup>\*</sup>No price Friday the see are the latest quotations made this week. For Tiscellaneous Bonds—See 3d page precedingt

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3

# Investment Railroad Intelligence.

# RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every STEAM railroad from which regular weekly or monthly returns can be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the period from January 1 to and including such latest week or month.

The returns of the street railways are brought together separately on a subsequent page.

Doine	Latest	Gross Ean	nings.	Jan. 1 to	Latest Date.
ROADS.	Week or Mo	1896-97.	1895-96	1896-97.	1895-96.
		8	8	170 017	\$ 100 400
Adirondack	November. lst wkJan.	25,673	27,113	178.817 25,673 521,363	180.46 27,11
	October	62,832	62,574	521,365	448,68
Ala. N. O.Tex. & N. Orl. & N. E.	4th wk Dec	45,100	44,300	1,325,058	1,399,613
Ala & VICKBO.	LELII WIL INGO	29,100	23,500	604,853 576,723	558,943 543 56
Vicks, Sh. & P. Allegheny Val	November.	21,162	234,260	2,142,287 21,162	2,355,637
Ann Arbor	Hetoher	10.880	15.5 2	70.900	17,90: 84,03
Aton. I. & S. Po.		163,7.4	213,844	1,447,385	1265.0396.114
Atlanta & W. P.	October lst wkJan.	54.65%	54.866	426.601	332,644
Atlantie & Pac.	December.	10,282 309,372	9,805 297,595 8,467	3,525,436	3 569 059
Augusta sout'a. Austin & N' west	October	59.58 54	8,467 24,458	64,375 190,975	45,59 182,097
Rale Ches. & All.	December.	27,805 36,4 10	37,500	486,769	503,379
B.&O. F. O. Riv. West.OhioRiv.	November.	1,645,608 311,-10	5.08 9.36	********	
Tot. system. Bal. & O. Sou'	November.	2,1 7,418 110,049	12.043.829	110,04	122,150
Bangor & Aroost	November.	61,408	122,150 56,749 5,475	658,828 85,575	676,400
Bath & Ham'nds Bir. & Atlantic.	December.	6,108 2,248		23.777	32,235 23,109
Bransw'k&West	October	53,859	49,692	503,363	429.977
Buffalo & Susq.	November.	61,219 49,004	49,692 57,789 42,317	61,219 493,05+	57,789 3 3,451
Buffalo & Susq. Bur.C. Rap. & N. Canadian Pacific	4th wk Dec	110,975	115,831 857,0	4,450,031 320,000	4,50 1,333 357,00
Car. Midiand	November	32 000 5,185	4,890	55,360	46.455
Cent. of Georgia Central of N. J.	November. November.	502,282 1,145,621	519,647 1,279 644	4,665,001 11,634,355	4,566,675 12,045,474
Central Pacific.	October	1,320,358	1,335,228 5,050	10,433,493 46,195	10,874,977
Charlest'næsav.	October	1,320,358 4,780 42,323	34.941	466,226	39,851 439,859
Ches. & Ohio Ches. O. & So. W. Chie. Bur. & Q.d Chie. & East. Iil.	lst wkJan.	1 3636 45 754	191,225	183,679	191,225
Chie. Bur. & Q.d	vovember.	178,572 2,823,309	3,204,987	1,282,5 13 31,221,403 82,013	30,736,170
Unic. Gt. West II	tet wkjan.	62,137	61,603	652.136	64,608
Onic. Mil. & St. P. Onic. & N'thw'n.	let wkJan. November.	24 8.831	466,705 3.087.368	401,115 29,730,719 748,400	466,7 5
Chic. & No. Pac.	Vovember.	62,946 73,731	3,087.368 68,934	748,400	28,853,613 702,749
Chic. Peo. & St. L. Ohic. R'k I. & P	December.	1.237.136	84,196 1,277,844	891,025 15,421,698	15,353,-25
Ohio. St. P.M. vO. Chio. St. P.M. vO. Chio. & W. Mich.	November. lat wkJan.	1,237,136 751,464 19,640	1,277.844 831,525 20,0 7	15,421,698 7,496,239 19,640	6,849,610 20,037
Choc. Ok. & Guill	November.	115,926	110.958		
Oin.Ga. & Ports. Oin.Jack.& Mac.	December.	115,926 4,771 12,256 303,629	5.431 10.356	61.064 12.256	66,228 10,356 3,717,901
Oin. N.O. & T. P.	December.	303,629	10,356 347,915	3,371,197	3,717,901
Clev.Can. & So	December. 1st wkJan.	21,420 8,765 231,89 114,394	22,454 9,778 254,365 168,972	272,597 8.765	9,77
Peo. & East'n.	November.	231,89	254,365	231,898 1,553.023	278,630 9,77 251,368 1,820,103
Cl. Lor. & Wheel.	ist wkJan.	19,400	10,040	15.483	10,049
Col. H. V. & Tol.	December.	140,952 205,931 62,621	144,969 238,208	1,823,816 2,430,924	1,746,287 2,654,483
Col. H. V. & Tol. Col. Sand'y & H. Colusa & Lake.	December. December.	62,621 1,600	238,408 64,188 1,000	2,430,924 808,803 19,591	2,6 )4,48 : 872,549 18,277
Orystai Oumb'i'd Valley	October	540	1.1411	9,753 69 ,267 103,200	7,463 710,030 117,500
Denv. & Rio Gr.	lst wkJan.	75,233 103,200	87,204 117,500 1,855	103,200	117:500
Denv. & Rio Gr. Des M. & Kan. C Des. M. N. & W.	3d Wk Dec.	2,148 31,887	1,855		95,818 340,366
Det. G. Kap. & W.	lst wkJan.	16,530 20,003	35,874 14,950 26,470	16,530	19,450 336,346
Det. & Mackinac Duluths. S. & Atl.	4th wk Dec	20,003	26,470 40,627	376,853 1,904,543	336,346 1,811,524
ElginJol.&East.	December.	82.8501	114.546	1,278,103	1,172,078 28,115,395
Kareka Springs.	November. October let wkJan.	4,651	2,938,976 4,412 5,574		28,115,395 53,986
Evans. & Rich	lst wkJan. lst wkJan.	4,572 933	5,574 981	4,572	53,986 5,574 981
EVADAY AT II	lst wkJan. lst wkJan.	17,013	20.52	17,013	20.526
Plint. & P. Mary.	lst wkJan.	40,731	672,971 38,238	17,013 6,743,637 40,731	6,753,393
Pitchburg.  Flint. & P. Marq.  Fla. Cent. & Pen.  Ft. W'th& Den. C.  Ft. W. & Rio Gr	th wk Dec	46.8711	42,455 101.761	2,002,000	1,898,461
Ft. W. & Rio Gr.	December.	93,821 39,079	50,707	336,511	412,091
GOOTKIN ISES	th wk Dec	866 50,370	53,393	1,558,875	9,327 1,357,760
Georgia & Ala Ga. Car'la & No.	ITH WE DEC	21,896	12.4 43	866,082	495,417
200. 30, & Fla	December.	90.648 77,163	101.426 79.261	882,779	830,384
Cin. R. & Ft. W.	lst wkJan. lst wkJan.	27,022	30,659 6,418	27,022 5,948	80,659 6,414
Traverse City.	lat wk.lan.	5,948 371	807	3/1	807
Tot. all lines	lst wkJan. lst wkJan. lst wkJan.	1,971 35,312	1,429 39,313	35,312	1,429 39,313
Chie. & Gr. Tr.	lat wk Jan. 3d wk Dec.	267,350	295,982	35,312 267,350	295,962
Det.Gr. H. & M.	3d wk Dec.	267,350 65,299 19,527	295,982 62,762 16,024	3,047,972 922,261	2,707,233 976,459
Cin.Sag.& Mac	3d wk Dec.	2,179 1,511	2,601	*******	******
101.S. & Milak 12		2,041	873		*******
Freat North'n-					
St. P. M. & M.   East of Minn.	December.	137,640	1,492,513	1,933,743	14,890,328 1.675,382
St. P. M. & M.   East of Minn.	December.	1,273,469 137,640 166,481	1,492,513 181,998 138,723	15,771,861 1,933,743 1,926,489	1.675.382
St. P. M. & M.   East of Minn.	December. December. December. December. December.	1,273,469 137,640 166,281 1,577,390 5,128	1,492,513 181,998 138,723 1,813,234 4,932	15,771,861 1,933,743 1,926,489 19,632,093 47,860 97,315 41,554	14,890,328 1,675,382 1,560,676 18,126,386 46,851 74,037

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1	Posts	Latest	Gross Ear	rnings.	Jan. 1 to	Latest Date
1	ROADS.	Week or Mo	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.
			-		-	8
1	Hous.& Tex.Cer		466,389	509,716	2,599,607	\$ 2,849,564 21,814,347 463,824
1	Illinois Central Ind. Dec. & West	2d wir Doc	2,135,946	11,239	21,857,914	463.824
1	Ind. Ill. & Iowa	November	10,061 53,760	66,693	682.087	699.700
1	In.& Gt. North's	I I at wkjan.	58,064 44,861	37.203	58,068 2,290,321	51,821
1			94 091	99 024	24,021 44,149	32,984
1	Iron Railway. Jack. T. & K. W	October	4,268 24,833	25,060	260,107	49,443 331,843
1	Jamest'n & L. E	October	3,141			
1	K.C.F.Scott&M	. 4th wk Dec	9,403 95,53	8,032 96,556	4.434.720	4,476,949
1	K.C.Mem. & Bir Kan. C. N. W Kan.C.& Beat	. 4th wk Dec	32.038	34.646	1,188,873	1.124.437
1	Kan.C.& Beat	December.	43,033	29,860	296,604 4.9+3	252,575 4,954
1	K.C. Pitts. & G.	. lst wkJan.	22,819	9,145	4.9 +3 22,849	4,954 9,145 4,539
	Kan.C. Sub. Bel Keokuk & West	. 34 wg Dec.		7,794	351,522	368.937
1	L. Erie & West	December	50,371	7,245	60.951	81.505
1	Lehigh & Hud.	December.	32,878	34.322	393 779	433,483
1	Lex'gton& East Long Island	October December.	13.747 242.629	21,111	166,080 3,935,059	175.471
1	Los Ang. Term	. November	4.581	8,103	(85,177	137,593
1	Louis, Ev. &St. L	lst wk.fan.		21.984	20.484 455,592	21,984
1	Louisv. & Nashv	. 1st wkJan.	357.475	354,505	357,475	444,585 354,505
1	Louis. N. A. & Ch Macon & Birm.	. 3d wk Sept	58,404 5,572	73,785 6,189	2,209,409 62,135	2.272 649
1	Manistique	December.	5,586	3,9 · 5 51,942	116,225	117,228
	Memphis&Chas Mexican Cent.	lat wk Jan.	55,764 213,878	184,492	1,328,163 213,878	1,266,936 184,482
1	Mexican Inter'i	November.	255,334	231,610	2,667,097	2.378.669
1	Mex. National. Mex. Northern.	lst wk Jan. November.	84,215 36,897	\$1,378 54,104	84,215 662,004	81,378
1	: Mexican R' way	Wk. Dec. 26	64 276	611 4(11	3,297,022	81,378 624,778 3,180,396
-	Mexican So Middle Ga. & Atl.	3d wk Dec. October	11,955	9,247	530,960	470,516
1	Minneap. & St. L. M. St. P. & S. St. M.	1st wkJan.	12,285 11,955 24,749 42,311	25.458 50,129	21.718	25,958
1	Mo. Kan. & Tex.	ist wk.Jan.	198,130		42,341 196,130	50,129 192,040
	Mo. Pac. & Iron M	ist wkJaa.	319,000	335,011	319,000	192,040 335,000 14,000
l	Central Br'ch.	ist wkJan.	330,000	349,000	33 1,000	349,000
1	Mobile & Birm	Ith wk Dec	10,553	9,016	333,759	295.648
	Mobile & Ohio Mont.& Mex.Gif	October	368,481 101,992	371,858 104,346	3,711,832	3,492,324 1,027,373 4,871,863
	Nash.Ch.& St. L.	December.	433,499	458,291	935,180 5,004,913	4,871,863
	Nel. & Ft. Sh'p'd Nevada Jentral.	November.	6,395 5,182	3,521	24.234	20,980
	N.Y. C. & H. R V. Y. Out. & W	December.	3.638,168	4,020.847	44,075,028 46,177	44,338,889 49,839
1	N.Y.Susq. & W	lst wkJan. November.	46,177 210,651	49,839	2,067,752	2,063,320
	Norfolk & West. Northes'n (Ga.).	1st wkJan.	224,819	207,905	224,819 52 032	2,063,320 207,905
	North'n Central		8,295 551,847	6,410 594,838	5,765,482	42,483 5,946,814
	North'n Pacific. Oconee & West.	1st wkJan. November.	200,530	205,635	200.530	200.030
1	Ohio River	lst wkJan.	3,533 17,436 16,125	2,969 19,549	33.077 17,436	26,655 19,549 186,818
	Ohio Riv.& Chas Ohio Southern	December.	16.125 4.709	19,549 19,537 78,403	184,855 686, 436	186,818
1	Onio Valley	Septemb'r.			256,687	774.512 268,737 2,709,327
1	Oregon Imp. Co. Oreg. RR & Nav.	December.	277,383 401,161	299,381 359,337	2,720,563	2,709,327
	Pacide Mail	47	324,051		3,579,624	3,987,981
ľ	Pennsyivania.9. Peoria Dec.&Ev.	November.	5,246,424	5.877,624	56,904, 472 14,396	58,957,572
	Petersburg	November.	42.816	40.040	505,9 :7 4 161,177	400.747
	Phila. & Erie Phila. & Read	November.	4/0,090		4 161,177	
	Coal & Ir. Co Tot. both Co's.	October	2,060,106 2.7.7852	3 3 10 686 5 624.9 17	16.835,701 18,936 634 35 824 335 63 4,292	19 998.319
1	Ph. Read. & N.E.	November.	4,827.95s 54 262	6 4,893	63 1.292	708.365
1	Pitts.C.C.&St.L. Pitts.Lisb.&W'n	November.	1.047.434	1.437.430		
	Pitta, Sh. & L. E.	December 1st wkJan.	3.991 6,39 i	3.860	43.676 6,396	44.814 11,436 25,794
1	Pittsb. & Wes'n. Pitts. Cl. & Tol.	lat wk.Ian.	10 236	25.791	19.830	25,794
	Pitts. Pa. & F.	tst wkJau.	7.489	12 043 2.69 s	7,439 2,510	12,043 2,693
	To al system	lat wkJan.	20,000	40,530	29,835	40,530
i	Pitt Young & A. Quincy O. & K.C. Rich. Fr'ksb & P.	December.	98 864 25,462	147.858 22.194	234,711	1,626,104 260,190
1		November.	48.998	58.025 28 755	842,460 313,403	671,583 312,959
	Rio Gr. South'n	November. 1st wkJan.	25,346 5,551 33,750	7, 139 29,700	5.551	7,439 29,700 85.341
	Rio Gr'de West Sag. Tuscola&H. St. L. Ch. & St. P.	lst wkJan	33,750	29,700	33,750 52,149	29,700
1	t.L. Ch. & St. P.	December.	11.187 25,500 6,520	11.353 20,563	297,847	276,691
8	st. L. Ken'et & so. st. L. & san Fran.	November.	027.9491	557.217	5,601.938	5,503,930
20	t. L. Bouthwest.	lst wkJan.	82,700	84.903	82.700 1,534.572 1,899.017 744.691	84,900 1,569,534 1,794,069 811,704
8	San Ant. & A. P.	November.	10 ),222 233.004	111.64 /	1,534 574	1,565,534
		Thomas lane	51,181	52.623 312.759 14.793 256,736	744.691	811.704
72.7	her. Fla. & West. her. Shrev. & So.	4th wir Dec	320.441 11,623	14.793	2.824,568 314.943	2.796,248 355,335
- 73	deab'rd Air Line	Sobround tel	334,876	256,736 11,617	161,523	
2	iiverton	December.	16,842 8,544	12.471		151,151
25.00	o. Haven& East o. Pacific Co. —	December.	1,923	1,179	27.787	19,644
-	(Jul Hur & A A	October	533,047	551.7.9	4,135,998	3,895,336
	Louis'a. West. Morgan'sL&f. N.Y.T. & Mex.	Ostober	106,916	122.256 640.215	711 700 4 053,112	884.645 4 626,333
	N.Y. T. & Mex.	October	36,945	26 847 165 663	219.402 1.1 6,713	197,683 1.356,244
	Tex. & N. Orl Atl. Prop'tes.b	October	136.911	165 663	1.1 6,713	1.356,244
	Pacific system	October	2 224 744	THE PARTY	26 435 943	26.982,607 46,090,152
	So. Pac. of Cal.	October.	949.172	4 756, 190 1,004, 947	5.259,505	8.654.420
	So. Pac. of Ariz.	October	224.533	250.903	1,846,165	8,654,420 1,857,431
	So. Pac.ofN. M. Northern Ry	October	106 127 236,127	205.365	9.55,022	890 415
20.00	outhern Ry	lst wkJan.	335,046	205.365 343,3 2	348 548	1,643.807 348,342
3.4.	taten I.Rap. Tr.	November.	39,556 147,437	29,124 153.020	396,551 810 479	254,249 810,513
2 20	tonyCl. & C.Mt.	November.	147,437 1 381 94.089	1 877 111 150	38 563	41.090
2	Lyk. Val. Coal. Tot'l both Co's	October	88 476 182.565	91 246	788,836	968,565 605,282
7	Tot'l both Co's Texas Central	October 4th wk Dec	7,019	202.346	1,5 4,349 292, 22	1,573,847
7	Texas & Pacific.	1st waJan.	125,123	7,155 123 785	125, 123	316,583 123,785
7	Col. & Ohio Cent.	November. 1st wkJan.	3,292 27,674	3,496	27,674	30,684
1	Tol. P. & West Tol. St. L. & K. C.	tth wk Dec	20,499	25,007	944, 46 39 152	991.270
4	on ou mide a. U.	Cot WEJAH,	39,152	33 912	39 152	33.912

BOADS.	Latest	Gross Ear	Jan. 1 to Latest Dan		
AUADS.	Weekor Me	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.
Union Pacific -		-		•	
	November.	1.363.337	1.362.814	13,206,698	13,193,860
Or. S.L.& U. N.	November.	526,478			
St. Jos. &Gd. Is.		69,690			
Clent Branch o	lat wk.fan	11 000			
Ach.Col.&P. }	November.	31,144			
Cen. Br. &L'dL.	November.	75,593	71,438	697,173	547,915
Gr'd total.*c			2.127.094	20.962.643	20.411.753
	November.	312,005			2.830.324
Ulster & Delaw.				313.002	319.153
	1st wkJan.	174.504	205,831	174.534	205,931
Waco & Northw.		32,236	26,458	243,153	245,900
W.Jersey&Bea'e		145,902	155,205		
W. V. Cen. & Pitte	Deceraber	92,547	96,100		
West Va.& Pitts.	October	35,164	37,181	326,826	318,757
Western of Ala	October	67.813	61,4 19	469,676	431,016
Wast, M.Y. & Pa.	lst wkJan.	50,700	44,200	50,700	44,200
Vasal, & L. Erie	lst wkJan.	16,353	22.429	16,353	22,428
Wisconsin Cent	1st wkJan.	60,491	53,370	60,491	53,370
Wrightay, & Ten	December.	8,213	8,406	92,964	85,728

York Southern. October. ... 7,908 7,171 \* Figures given do not include Oregon Ry. & Nav., Un. Pac. Denver& Oulf, Denver Leadville & Gunnison, Montana Union and Leavenworth Topeka & South western. & These figures include results on eased lines, b Includes earnings from forries, etc., out given separately; Mexican currency. & Includes only half of lines in which Union Pacific has a half interest & Includes operations of the Chic. Burlington & Northern in both

d includes operations of the state of the state of Pittsburg.
§ Covers results for lines directly operated east of Pittsburg.
§ Covers besides the Atlantic System the Houston & Fexas Central, Austin & Northwestern, Central Texas & Northwestern and Ft. Worth & New Orleans.

Latest Gross Caraings by Weeks.—The latest weekly earnings in the foregoing are separately summed up as follows:
For the first week of January our preliminary statement covers 59 roads, and shows 4·15 per cent decrease in the aggregate over the same week last year.

1st week of January.	. 1897.	1896.	Increase.	Decrease.
	8	8	8	8
Alabama Gt. Southern		27,113	****	1,440
Ann Arbor		17,902	3,260	****
Atlantic & Danville		9,808	474	20.1
Balt. & Ohio Southwest Buffalo Roch. & Pittsb'g.		122,150 57,789	3,430	12,101
Canadian Pacific	61,219 320,000	357,000		37,000
Chesapeake & Ohio	183,679		*****	7.546
Onicago & East. Illinois.			********	7,153
Ohicago Great Western	62,137	64,608	********	2,471
Chicago Milw. & St. Paul.	404,115	456,705	********	62,590
Chic. & West Michigan	19,640	20,057	****	417
Oln. Jackson & Mackinaw	12,256	10,356	1,900	
Cleve. Canton & South'n.		9,778 254,368	*******	1,013
Olev. Cin. Chic. & St. L	231,898	254,368	*******	
Clev. Lorain & Wheeling	15,483	18,829	*******	3.346
Denver & Rio Grande	103,200	117,500	1,530	14,300
Det. Gd. Rapids & West.	16,530	14,950	1,530	******
Evansy. & Indianapolis	4,572		*******	1,002
Evansv. & Richmond	933		*******	40
Evansy. & Terre Haute.	17,013		0 400	3,513
Plint & Pere Marquette	40,731	38,23	2,493	9 497
Grand Rapids & Indiana. Cincinnati B. & Ft. W	27,022		*****	3,637
Traverse City	5,948		****	470 436
Musk Gr. Ran & Ind	1,971	1.429	542	
Musk. Gr. Rap. & Ind . Grand Trunk of Canada.	267,350			28,612
Intern'l & Gt. North'n	58,068	51,821	6,247	=3,012
Iowa Central	24,021	32,984	0,21	8,963
Kanawha & Michigan	9,403	8,032	1,371	0,505
Kan, City Pittsb. & Gulf	22,849	9,145	13,704	
Kan, City Suburb, Beit Lake Erie & Western	5,236	4,539	697	
Lake Erie & Western	50,371	55,140	*******	4,769
Louisv. Evansv. & St. L	20,484	21,984	*******	1,500
Louisville & Nashville	357,475	354,505	2,970	*******
Mexican Central	213,878	184,492	29,396	*******
Mexican National	84,215 24,749	81,378	2,837	1,110
Minneapolis & St. Louis	24,749	25,8*8	*******	1,110
Minn. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	42,341	50,129	*****	7,788
Mo. Kansas & Texas	198,130	192,040	6,030	3.0.000
Mo. Pacific & Iron Mt	319,000	335,000	*******	16,000
N. Y. Ontario & Western	11,000	14,00		3,000
Norfolk & Western	49,177 224,819	207,905	16,914	3,662
forthern Pacific	200,530	205,685		5,155
Ohio River	17,436	19,549	*******	2,113
Peoria Dec. & Evansv	14,396	14,908		412
Pitts. Shen. & L. Erie	6,396	11.436	*******	5,040
Pittaburg & Western	29,835	40.530	*********	10,695
Rio Grande Southern	5.551	7,439		1,838
tio Grande Western	33,750	7,439 29 700	4,050	
t. Louis Southwestern	82,700	84,9 10		2,200
outhern Railway,	334,546	345,342		9,796
Cexas & Pacific	125,12	123,785	1,344	
Coledo & Ohio Central	27,674	30,634	**** ***	3,010
fol. St. L. & Kan. City	39,152	33,912	5,240	
Wabash	174,504	205,831		31,327
Vest. N. Y. & Pennsylv	50,700	41,20	6,500	**** **
Wheeling & Lake Erie	16.353	22.424	****	6,075
Visconsin Central	60.431	53,370	7,12	*******
Total (59 roads)	11,989,370	5,205,278	118,160	331,068

For the fourth week of December our final statement covers 75 roads, and shows 10.63 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

4th week of December.	1896.	1895.	Increase.	Decrease,
		*	*	-
Prev'ly reported (57 r'ds	9,844.575	7,963,728	1,017,405	136,558
Ala. No. & Tex. Pac				
New Ore & Vo. Bast	45,100	44,300	800	
Ala. & Vicksburg	26,900	21,300	5,600	
Vicks, Sn. & Pao	2 4,100	23,50	5,60	
Cleve, Canton & South'n	17,476	14,308	3,169	*******
Duluth So. Shore & Atl	43,453	40.627	2,836	
Fint & Pere Margaetta	73. 23	58.825	14.698	*** ***

4th week of December.	1896.	1895.	Increas .	Dieriam.
	8	8		
Fla. Cent. & Peninsular.	46,871	42,455	4 416	
Interoceanic (Mex.)	44.861	37,203	7.658	
Can. City Ft. 8. & Mem	95,589	94,556		967
Kan. C. Mem. & Birm	32,058	31.64	****	2,588
Memonis & Charleston	55,764	51.942	3 824	*******
Mexican Railway	64,276	61.401	2.875	*******
Mobile & Birmingham	10.553	9.016	1.537	
Pittsb. Shen. & L. Erie.	14,430	19,028		4.596
Rio Grande Western	66,200	63,60)	2.630	
Sherman Shreve, & So	11,623	14.7 13	2.000	3.170
Texas Central	7,019	7.155		136
Toledo Peoria & West'n	20,499	25,007		4,508
Total (75 roads	9,549,980	8,629,385	1,073,015	132,523
Net increase (10.66 p.e.).			920,49	

Net Earnings Wonthly to Latest Dates.—The table following shows the net earnings of STEAM railroads reported this week. A full detailed statement, including all roads from which monthly returns can be obtained is given once a month in these columns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the CHRONICLE of December 19, 1896. The next will appear in the insure of Language 21, 1897. will appear in the issue of January 23, 1997.

-Gross Earnings.						
Roads.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.		
Atlantic & Pacific Nov.	303,593		80,710			
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30 July 1 to Nov. 30	3,216,034			3 )3.531		
Chicago & Nor. Pac. Nov.			45,923			
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	743,400	732,749	513,014			
Ohio. & West Mich Nov.	129,261	139,047	20,936	25,752		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30			298,022			
Choctaw Okla. & G. Nov.			34,145			
Jan. 1 to Nov. 3)	93,433		9,769			
Detroit & Mack'c.a., Nov.			1.104	7,676		
Jan. 1 to fov. 3)	376,353	311346	117.413	127,631		
July 1 to Nov. 30	119,451	119,297	23,261	47,274		
Jan. 1 to Oct. 31	5),993	53,936	25,341	2,002		
Ft. W. & Deuv. City Nov.	131,721	124,761	62,526	32.472		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	910,731	934,941	207,543	223,103		
Gr.Trunk of Canada.Nov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	1,612,503 16,925,523	1,621,760 16,322,139	433,252 5,123,400	446,014		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 3)	249,515 2,359,436	233,903 2,529,746	9,145 251,503	def.14.341 85,628		
Det. Gr. H. & Mil Nov.	78,352		4 33)	2 197		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	875,213	926,757	99,167	103,093		
Illinois Centrala. Nov		12,157,388	:439,467	1933.397		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30 July 1 to Nov. 30	9.347.922	c9,422,644	2,612,631	\$3,632,631 e3,322.158		
Mexican Northern Nov.	36,897	54,104	17,897	23,503		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	632,003	624,778	346,402	333,655		
Nash. Ch. & St. L. b., Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	433,499 5,034,913	453,291	1,836,314	1,77,152		
July 1 to Dec. 31	2,366,020	2,635,731	1,010,393	1,033,339		
Norfolk & West'n.a. Nov.	901,739	953,101	213,076	226.415		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 301 July 1 to Nov. 30	4.433.602	8,781,433 4,361,362	2,963,933 950,611	1,934,413		
Peoria Dec. & Ev Oct.	79,217	83,349	32.032	3),773		
Jan. 1 to Oct. 31	715,723	756,197	207,377	233,494		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	473,596	4,037,133	1,215,007	131,737		
Union Pacific-	4,104,111	2,001,200	2,410,001	2,211,000		
Union Pac. Rr., b., Nov.	1,363,337	1,362,914	515,956	563,218		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 301			4,955,801	5,131,212		
Oreg. S. L. & U. N. b. Nov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	526,473 5,105,282	500,749 4,923,120	262.981 2,235,952	265,499 2,182,259		
St. Jos. & Gd. Isl. b. Nov.	69,690		7.884	15.193		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	640,624	564,925	127,948	105,743		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	44,449 395,708	43,914 298,915	24,917 180,050	19,574 86,631		
Atch. C. & Pac. } .b. Nov.	31,144	27,524	def.232	2,438		
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	301,465	249,000	def.24,792	def.45,460		
Grand Total.b Nov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	2,171,184 20,962,643	2,127,094	8 11,901 7,666,004	903,403		
West Va. Cent. & P. Dec.	92,547	96,100	32,942	32,439		
July 1 to Dec. 31	586,411	613,951	197,783	219,225		
W.Virginia & Pittsb., Oct. Jan. 1 to Oct. 31	35,164 326,826	37,181 318,757	20,23 <b>7</b> 170,973	23,119		

a Not earnings here given are after deducting taxes.
b Not earnings here given are before deducting taxes.
c St. Louis Alton & Ferre Haute not included in 1895 for the three months from July 1 to October 1.
: St Louis Alton & Terre Haute included for the full period in both

Interest Charges and Surplus.—The following roads, in addition to their gross and ast earnings given in the foregoing, also report charges for interest, &c., with the surplus or deficit above or below those charges.

Roads.	-Inter't, res	1895. \$	-Bat. of 1 1896.	1895. 8
Ohle. & W. MichNov. Jag. 1 to Nov. 30	32,330		def.11,474 def.76,800	
Det. Lans. & NorNov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	15,939 213,934		def. 6,1 30 def. 76,597	
Nashv. Chat & St. L. Dec. July 1 to Dec. 31	125,481 750,336	126,267 752,394	41,062 260,012	5),385

# STREET RAIGWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES.

The following table shows the gross earnings for the latest period of all stagger railways from which we are able to obtain weekly or monthly returns. The arrangement of the table is the same as that for the steam roads—that is, the first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the lates: V.

144

967 2,588 4.596 3,170 136 4,508

2,523 ..... whis om ath will

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week or month, and the last two columns the earnings fo the calendar year from January 1 to and including such latesr week or month.

STREET BAILWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES.

STREET RA	ILWAYS A	NO THE	LOTION	COMPAN	ILES.
	Latest	Gross Ba	rnings.	Jan. 1 to	Latest Date
GROSS EARNINGS.	Week or A	fo 1896-7	. 1885-6.	1896-7.	1895-6.
	-	8	8		8
Akron Bedf'd & Cle	v. Decembe Novembe	r. 15.78	8,456	91.68	B)
Akron Bedf'd & Cle Akron St. Ry. & Ill. C Amsterdam St. Ry.	Novembe	r. 3.92	3.828	191,118 45,19	42,833
Amaterdam St. Ry. (Ind Atl. Consol. St Ry. Atlanta Railway. Aurora St. Ry. (Ills. Baltimore Traction.	October.	4.663	3,309	*368,71	
Atl. Consol. St Ry.	Novembe	r. 6.171	8,768	300,71	474,112
Aurora St. Ry. (Ills.	). November	r. 4,971	5.650		1 188 000
Baltimore Traction.	December	1.481	1.587	20,503 83,475	1,155,882 20,801
Bath St. Ry. (N. Y.) Bay Citles Consol.	Novembe		9,513	182 415	81,669
Binghamton St. Ry. Bridgeport Traction Brockton Con. St. Ry.	. Novembe	r. 23,841	24,427	132,315 296,606 293,928	20,851 81,669 116,249 278,841 252,355
Brockton Con. St. R.	y. Novembe	r. 23,899	20,379	293,928	252,355
Brockton Con. St. S. Br'klyn Rap.Tr. Co Brooklyn Heights. Br'klyn Qu'ns & Su Total for system	December		353,237 53,595	4,549,762	3,987,298
Br'klyn Qu'ne & Su	December	429.671	406.832	720,300 5,269,06	985,799 204,571 659,491
Bufalo By Chester Traction.	o wordown		******	1,031,237	985.799
Chester Traction.	November	57.437	14,219 63,885 62,736	1,031,237 206,3 11 689,230 436,377 18,425 762,634	659,491
Cin. Newport & Cov.	November	62,976	62,736	436,377	659,491 405,371
City Elec. (Rome, Ga	August	113,344	100,062 130,137	762,634	688,188 1,367,757
Chester Traction Chic. & So. Side R.T. Cin. Newport & Cov. City Elec. (Rome, Ga. Cleveland City Ry Cleveland Electric Cleveland Electric	November	126,058	130,137	1,499,266	11,307,737
Cleve. Painsv.& E	November 1 st wkJan	. 10.881	11,739	10,881	11,739
Columbus St. Rv. (O. Coney Island & B'lyn Consol. Traction N.J	. November	21,863	22,316 245,538	319.634	358,064 1,869,635
	2:			2,002,100	1,000,000
Street Ry Dayton Traction		9,209	8,845	*******	*******
Dayton Traction Denver Con. Tramw	November	53,059	54,558	666,614	658.845
Denver Con. Tramw Detroit Ry Duluth St. Ry Eric Elec. Motor Co.	November November	5,914 53,059 31,763 16,732	19,307	666,614 388,225 213,467	216,505
Erie Elec. Motor Co.	. November	10,001	11,242 15,848	139,186 196,255	137,501 200,487
Galveston City Ry Berkimer Mohawk fi	November	1	15,848	196,255	200,487
		3,290	3,302	35,571	
Hoosick Ry	October.	509 18,714	17,346	********	********
Interstate Consol. of	December.	9,837	8,936	123,857	
North Attleboro Kingston City Ry	December.	4 655	4,401		********
Lohigh Traction  London St Ry. (Can.)  Louisville Railway  Lowell Law. & Hav.  Lynn & Boston.	November.	9,654	*******	120,880 86,511	
Louisville Railway	August November.	103.061	105,647		
Lowell Law. & Hav	lst wkJan.	21.976	29,207 19,290	379,834 21,976	392,640
	THE WWY TOTT	28,812	29,659	28.812 52,535	19,290 29 659 46,2-1
Montgomery St. Ry Montrea: Street Rv	November. December.	103,116	94,800	,275,947	1,144,411
Nassau Elec. (B'klyn)	November.	103,116 119,943 5,121	94,800 1 26,602 5,793		********
Wew England St. — Wineheater Ave Plym'th & Kingston Total	November,				
Winchester Ave	December.	15,385 2,093 17,478 4,562	2.095	241,408 33,5 °0 277,929 47,364 53,429 ,321,45s	231,945 30,472
Total	December.	17,478	17,500	277,929	262,417 40,212
New London St. Ry	October December.	3.082	2,890	53,429	51,241
New London St. Ry New Orleans Traction N. Y. & Queens Cy	December.	108,560	120,462 1	,321,455	51,241 1,348,148
N. Y. & Queens C'y Ogdensburg St. Ry. Paterson Ry Pittsb. Ft. Sub. El. Ry. Po'keepsie & Wapp. F. Rapid Ry. (Detroit) Roanoke Street	December.	26,525 1,294	1,416	17,444 293,722 14,442 80,068	
Paterson Ry	November.	1,294 23,619 1,321 6,011	24,854	293,722	273,123
Po'knepsie & Wapp. F.	November.	6,011	6,655	80,068	********
Rapid Ry. (Detroit)	Septemb'r.	8,420	4,023	27,590	23,979
Roanoke Street	TOCCHIOCT.	8,420 3,892 74,263 8,388	71,000 8,352		
Schuyikill Traction	December.	4.163	4.12	98,507 62,811	92,566 48,666
Scranton & Pittston	December.	4,163 5,582	3.508		
Second Ave. (Pittsb.)	December.	32,648 38,572	37.755	502.82	299,298 357,010 71,733
Sioux City Traction	December.	6,183 2,709	29,181 37,755 6,829 2,984	353,403 502,82 71,739 37,328	71,733
Syracuse Rap. Tr. Ry.	December.	33,968 12,450	36.524		
Second Ave. (Pittsb.) Sioux City Traction Syracuse E'st-Side Ry Syracuse Rap. Tr. Ry. Terre Haute El'c. Ry Taird Ave. (N. Y.)	October Septemb'r.		11,997	137,764	120,771 ,998,723 902,498 ,796,3\(\frac{1}{2}\)
Toronto Ry	November.	75,557 159,335 16,422	78,447	904,354	902,498
Twin City Rap. Tran	November. December.	16.422	16.008	208 693	185.960
United Tract. (Prov.)	November.	131,643 1	33,628 1	580,923 1	,495,031 172,002 55,527
Wakefield & Stone	November. December.	3,682	3,76	56,857	55,527
Waterbury Traction.	December.	21,770	22,789	245,363	
Wilkesb. & Wy. Valley	November. November.	16,422 131,643 12,142 3,682 21,770 12,716 41,247 3,458	39,401	137,764 ,000,858 904,358 ,866,410 208,693 ,580,923 176,386 56,857 245,363 152,949 461,850	137,377 407,105
Wilmington Mt. Hv	Septemb'r.	3,458	78,447 62,666 1,6,008 33,628 13,146 3,76 22,789 12,928 39,401 3,092 39,046		*******
Worcester Consol Worcester Sub.St. Ry.	Septemb'r.	3,458 40,109 14,291	35,040		
Figures were excep	tional in 13.	) on acco	uat of Al	laata Ex,	position
Mennet Datt-	M-4 D				

Street Railway Net Earnings.—The following table gives the returns of Street railway gross and not earnings received this week. In reporting these net earnings for the street railways, we adopt the same plan as that for the steam roads—that is, we print each week all the returns received that week, but once a month (on the third or the fourth Saturday) we bring together all the roads furnishing returns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the CHRONICLE of December 19, 1896. The next will appear in the issue of January 28, 1897.

	-Gross Earnings Net Earnings						
Roads.	1896. \$	1895. \$	1896.	1895. \$			
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	137,357	131,981	52,942	48,060			
	551,338	519,386	194,4 6	205, 73			
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	1,481	1,537	5 ' 2	5 46			
	20,503	20,801	6,961	6,762			
Chester (Pa.) Tract Dec.	14,977	14,219	6,499	5,868			
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	206,331	204,571		104,259			
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30.	126,058	130,137	37,967	41,102			
	1,499,265	1,367,757	510,960	480,015			
Columbus (O.) St. Ry. Dec.	52,523	55,408	26,544	28,138			
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	631,323	629,995	322,379	318,401			

-	-Gross Ba	rnings.	-Net Ear	nings.
Roads. Inter-State Consol. Street	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.
Ry. (No. Attleb.)Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	9,837 123,857	8,936	1,543 25,103	1,433
Lehigh TractionDee. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 July 1 to Dec. 31	9,654 120,880 63,630		5,052 56,546 32,471	
New London St. Ry. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	3,082 53,429	2,890 51,241	455 20,159	285 18,527
Schuylkill Traction Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	8,388 98,507	8,362 92,566	3,785 42,288	3,780 35,284
Scranton Traction Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 July 1 to Dec. 31	32,648 353,403 191,626	29,181 299,298 168,531	15,839 167,955 89,235	15,146 141,909 87,557
Scranton & Pitrston. Dec. July 1 to Dec. 31	5,582 36,064	3,508	2,026 15,692	1,019
Waterbury Tract'nDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	21,770 245,363	22,789	9,523 113,482	10,909

Interest Charges and Surplus.—The following Street railways, in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the foregoing, also report charges for interest, &c., with the surplus or deficit above or below those charges.

	Bal. of Net	Earns.		
Roads, Schuylkill Traction. Dec Jan. 1 to Dec. 31		1895, 8 2,083 25,000	1896. 8 1,702 17,288	1895. 8 1,697 10,284
Seranton & Pittston. Dec July 1 to Dec. 31	. 1,432		544 6,800	
Waterbury Trac. Co Dee Jan. 1 to Dec. 31		3,158	4,393 62,444	7,751

# ANNUAL REPORTS.

Annual Reports,—The following is an index to all annual reports of steam railroads, street railways and miscellaneous companies which have been published since the last editions of the Investors' and Street Railway Supplements. This index does not include reports in to-day's Chronicle, Note.—Full-face figures refer to Volume 64.

RAILROADS AND MISCEL. CO'S.	RAILROAD AND MISCEL. CO'S (Con.
Volumes 63 and 64 - Page.	Volumes 63 and 64— Page
Volumes 63 and 64 — Page. Akron & Chicago Junction	Mexican Southern
American Cotton Oil1007, 1019	Michigan Central115
American Type Founders 792	Missouri Pacific 87
Anaconda Copper Mining1156	Mobile & Birmingham
Atch. Topeka & Santa Fe (6 mos.), 791	Newark Somerset & Straitsville 100
Atlantic & Danville S1	Northern Pacific835, 106
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Do Little's report 1009, 1040, 1062	Penn Heat Light & Power 79
B. & O. Southwestern 1006, 1020	Pittsburg & Western111
Buffalo & Susquehanna	Sandusky Mansfield & Newark 1006
Canada Southern	South Carolina & Georgia 968
Central of Georgia Ry1139, 1154, 1160	Southern Pacific 835
Central Ohio	Sullivan County 877
Chicago Burl. & Ouiney 877	Vermont Valley 87
Chicago Burl. & Quincy	Welsbach Commercial Co 1061
Chic. Peoria & St. Louis (6 mos.)., 791	Wheeling & Lake Erie 799
Cincinnati Port-mouth & Virginia. 791	Wilmington Columbia & Aug 1158
Cleveland Akron & Columbus1112	Wilmington & Weldon 1155
Cleveland Canton & Southern1156	Wisconsin Central 921
Claveland Lorain & Wheeling 39	
Cleveland Terminal & Valley 791	STREET RAILWAYS.
Clevelan 1 & Cincinnati Midland 1007	Brockton Consolidated
Columbus Sandusky & H 835	Brooklyn Elevated 80
Evansville & Indianapolis 878	Brooklyn Rapid Transit
Florida Cent. & Peninsula 79	Buffalo Rv 1156
Interoceanic of Mexico1113	Globe St. Rv. (Fail River)1061
Iron teamboat Co 966	Lowell Lawrence & Haverhill 1061
Kanawha & Michigan 792	Lowell & Suburban 1061
Kan City Ft. Scott & Memp1155	Lynn & Boston1007, 1113
Kausas City Memphis & B1156	Montreal Street 80
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern.1155	North Shore Traction 1113
Lehigh & Hudson River1111	Rochester Ry 98
Long Island RR 836	Rochester Ry
Manhattan (Elevated) Ry 876	
Mergenthaler Linotype Co1157	Union Traction Co Phil 106 West End St. Ry. (Boston)
Mexican Northern 792	West End St. Ry. (Boston) 96

# Lehigh Valley Railway.

(For the year ending Nov. 30, 1896.)

The remarks of Mr. Wilbur, the President, and also the balance sheet, and other tables, will be found on subsequent pages of to-day's Chronicle. The operations, earnings, expenses and charges for three years are shown below:

0	PERATIONS, ET	rc.	
	1895-96	3. 1894-95	. 1893-94
Miles operated Equipment -		1,960	1,92
Locomotives	750	695	668
Passeng -r equipment	401	362	356
Freight cars	18,390	16,380	16,555
Coal cars	29,647	31,926	34.475
Work and miscel. cars	837	798	791
Anthraci'e coal car'd (tons).	11.534.854	12,045,368	11,103,157
Bit coal & coke car'd (tons).	819,933	456,194	327,507
Miscel. freight car'd (tons).		5,957,625	4,690,885
Total carried (tens)	18, 575,368	18,359,187	16,121,549
Tons authracite coal car- one mile		1,293,672,112	1,130,195,335
coke carried one mile	68,854,841	29,973,404	16,862,073
Tons miscellaneous freights carried one mile	1,555,597,291	1,283,200,794	1,004,772,737
Total tons carried one mile	2,989,539,293	2,608,946,310	2,151,830,145
Average rate per ton per mile on coal	646-1000e.	640-1000c.	732-1000e.
Average rate per ton per mile on miscel. freight	490-1000c.	534-1000e.	595-1000e.
Average rate per ton per mile on total tonnage	557-1000c.	598-1007e.	668-1000a
Number pass, carried	5.020,864	4.744.037	4.912.659
Number pass, carried	123,179,711	118,232,636	102,579,780
	2.026 cents.	1 905 cents.	
Av. rate per pass. p. mile	2 020 00nts.	r and course	2.052 cents

ENSES.	
1894-95.	1893-94.
	*
8,470 859	8,391,542
6,949,062	5,982,858
2,316.540	2.104,677
281,796	262,591
646,197	583,926
18,564,454	17,330,591
1,961,118	1,702,978
2,433,081	2.028.327
8,744.189	8,472,48
557,999	581,037
192,065	136,007
14,028,453	13,320.829
4,536,001	4,009,765
NT.	
1894-95.	1893-94.
4,536,001	4,009,765
990,915	1,036,053
5,526,916	5,045,818
5,709 92,569	21,748 194,562
491,416	428,698
4,294,330	4,273,740
4,884,074	4,918,748
	127,070
	4,294,330

# Missouri Kansas & Texas Rallway.

(Earnings for year ending Dec. 31, 1896.)

Gross earnings for calendar year 1896 have been reported and compare as follows with 1895 and 1894 and with the year 1891:

1894. \$8,040,969 1, 88 1895. \$8,4\*0.266 2,014,772 317,250 194,730 73,122 297,016 184,959 92,666 14°,611 137,522

Total gross. \$11,746,239 \$11,030,140 \$10,502,588 -V. 63, p. 838.

# Choctaw Oklahoma & Gulf Railroad.

(Report for the year ending October 31, 1896.)

Report for the year ending October 31, 1896.)

President Francis I. Gowen in the report says in part:

General Results.—Considering the great business depression during the year, the earnings of your property cannot but be regarded as reasonably satisfactory. In addition to general adverse conditions, the earnings of the railroad department for the first eight months were considerably diminished by our inability to secure from connecting lines fair divisions of rates on through business. In July, 1996, however, more equitable arrangements were made, and as a result this business has since been much more remunerative.

The sales of coal increased over 1895 to the amount of only

equitable arrangements were made, and as a result this business has since been much more remunerative.

The sales of coal increased over 1895 to the amount of only 5,454 tons. This result was due to two causes: First, the largely decreased demand of the railroad companies [owing to their comparatively light traffic] and the very considerable falling off in the commercial business due to the extremely mild winter; and second, the low price at which the competitive coals from the Kansas field were marketed as the result of a coal war. It is not likely that this condition of affairs will continue, and indeed the prices in the past few months have been advancing. The business of the railroad has, of course, suffered as a result of the comparatively small output of coal, but the fact that the earnings of this department alone for the past year have been almost equal to the entire present interest charges of the company is most encouraging. It is believed that there will be a very decided increase in these earnings for the current year. Comparing the three months of Ostober, November and Dicember, 1896, with the same months of 1895, the gross earnings have increased from \$147,000, in round figures, to over \$200,000. The roadbed, equipment and mines of the company have been maintained in good condition. The output of coal in 1896 was 364,110 tons against 358 655 tons in 1895.

Land Tenure in Indian Territory.—The report says:

was 364,110 tons against 358 655 tons in 1895.

Land Tenure in Indian Territory.—The report says:

Nothing could, however, add so materially to the earnings of your road as a change in the existing conditions of land tonure in the Indian Territory. Only a few weeks ago the Dawes Commission reached an agreement with a Commission ampointed by the Choctaw Nation, which will probably be made the basis for action by Congress at an early date. This agreement provides for the establishment of towns and for allotment of the land in severally among the members of the Choctaw Nation and authorizes leases of lands by the allottees. It is hoped the term of such leases may be made sufficiently long to induce settlement and cultivation of the lands. The importance of any such arrangement will be appreciated when it is considered that 137 miles of your railroad out of a total of 216 are in the Indian Territory and 95 of these 137 miles are in the Choctaw country.

Retirement of Bonds mith Preferred Stock.—During the

Territory and 95 of these 137 miles are in the Choctaw country.

Retirement of Bonds with Preferred Stock.—During the past year an issue of 80,000 shares of preferred stock of the par value of \$50 was made, from which the company realized in its own bonds and in cash the sum of \$3,037,500. or \$37.97 per share. The bonds received in exchange in luded \$1,300,000 of the general mortgage and all of the income mortgage bonds, although four of the latter have not yet been surrendered. The general mortgage bonds have been lodged with the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity & Trust Company of Philadelphia, under an agreement which permits their use only for future extensions (exceeding 10 miles in length), and

at a rate not in excess of \$15,000 a mile for new road con The income mortgage bonds will not be reissued.

structed. The income mortgage bonds will not be reissued.

The reasons for this transaction were of a two-fold character. In the first place, as the coal business was falling short of what had been counted upon, it was felt to be wiser to bring the fixed charges within the earning capted yof the company. It was also considered best to secure bonds for extensions in case construction should be forced upon the company in order properly to protect its business. For tunately, the immediate use of these bonds for that purpose has been rendered unnecessary by the satisfactory acrange. tunately, the immediate use of these bonds for that purpose has been rendered unnecessary by the satisfactory arrangements made with our connecting lines. The larger part of the car trusts have been paid off and those ourstanding will be retired out of the proceeds of the installment on the preferred stock, which is payable April 1, 1897.

Extension Proposed.—A survey has been made for an extension to the Kansas City Pittsburg & Galf Rd., and construction will probably by undertaken this summer. Pending this apparament, has been made for the internal construction.

ing this, an arrangement has been made for the interchange of business between the two roads via the Frisco road, which

of business between the two roads via the Frisc) road, which forms an intermediate link between them. Financial Status—The company has no floating debt. During the past year the car trust obligations have been largely reduced. The amount required to pay those still outstanding is \$125,000. The company now owns 15 locomotives, 10 cars in passenger service, 491 c all cars and 41 other cars. It holds under leave the following, title to which will be acquired when outstanding car trust obligations are liquidated: 492 coal cars, 250 stock cars, 50 box cars. No balance sheet is given, Eurnings.—The comparative statement of earnings for two years is as below, the results for 1895 covering but one month's operation of the new line:

Railroad Department—     1896.       Passenger receipts.     \$120,146       Freight     364,219       Mail, express, etc.     58,655	1895. \$66,663 2 \( 3,829 61,326
Gross earnings	\$332,318 205,859
Net earnings         \$202,220           Mining Department         1898,           Receipts         \$536,017           Expenses         509,630	\$126,459 1895. \$559,345 495,260
Net earnings	\$64,035 \$190,544

New Directors.—During the year Samuel Dickson, N. Thouron and Charles Biddle resigned from the Beard in order to give a representation to the preferred stock, their places being filled by the election of Samuel Huar, Edward B. Smith and Edward D. Toland.—V. 62, p. 868.

#### Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Brooklyn.

(Statement for year ending Dec. 31, 1896.)

In advance of the annual report the earnings and expenses for the late year have been reported as follows:

Gross earnings	66 \$621,149	\$421,074 234,198
Net earnings		\$136,876 33,539
Total\$342,1		\$223,408
Interest on bonds	900 \$33,750 202,500	\$25,000 168,750
Total\$275,0	9236,250	\$193,750
Surplus for year \$67,1	48 \$31,099	\$23,656
Daubtful accounts for \$7 149 m.	ra meirton off and	23 1 000

Doubtful accounts for \$7,143 were written off and \$50,000 was carried to "Depreciation Reserve," leaving because to credit of income Dec. 81, 1898, \$55,413, -V. 63, p. 653.

# The H. B. Claffin Company.

(Report for the half-year ending Dec. 31, 1896.)

Mr. John Claffin, President, says in the report :

Mr. John Claflin, President, says in the report:

"During July, August, September and October the whole country was prostrated by fears which were dissipated by the result of the Presidential election. After November 3 a hopeful tone previded, but the season was too far advanced for any appreciable improvement in trade, and the last six months of 1896 add a fitting fluid chapter to the record of four years of difficulty and disappointment. Our net profits for the six numbers are \$103,402, again \$359,273 for the corresponding period in 1895.

"Whenever this country gets a tartiff which will or iduce sufficient revenue for the needs of the Government and will at the same time intelligently encourage domestic industries, we expect a return of general prosperity. Meantime was think there will be a moderate recovery from the present unreasonable depression."

The following, compiled for the CHRONICLE, compares the sellts of the half-year's business in four seasons:

INCOME ACCOUNT HALF-YE	AR ENDING	DECEMBER	31.
1896.	1895.	1894.	1893:
Net earnings, after taxes, salaries and expenses 103,403 Int. on pref. stocks 's year 142,126	359,273 142,126		
Remainder for com. stock.df 38,72 Dividends on com. stock114,473	217,147 114,873		df.135,603 114,973
Surp. in autumn for com.df. 153,596	102,274	df.11,564	dt.250,478
Res-rve for common brought forward277,006	273,615	287,480	552,076
Sum reserve for som stock 102 410	975 999	975 918	301.601

17. con led. arac-

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The following table shows the results for the full years 1893 to 1896 inclusive, tha "profit" being given after deducting the dividends (\$284,252) on the preferred stock:

1895. 1894. 1896. Balance ......df.252,480 sur.99,972 df.25,685 df.247,647

Dividends on common stock from organization to October, 1892, 8 per cent per annum; from October, 1892, to July, 1893, 9 per cent; from July, 1893, to date, 6 per cent per annum.

BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 1896.

# GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Reorganizations, Etc. -Latest Data as to Defaults, Reorganization Plans, Payment of Overdue Coupons, Etc.—All facts of this nature appearing since the publication of the last issues of the Investors' and Street Railway Supplements may be readily found by means of the following index. This index does not include matter in to-day's Chronicle.

Note.—Full-face figures refer to Volume 64.

For some small companies see index in Chronicle of

December 26, 1896.

Albany (Street) Railway.—Quarterly.—Earnings for the quarter and the six months ending December 31 were:

3 months Gross end. Dec. 31— earnings. 1896 — \$137,357 852,942 1895 — 131,981 48,054 6 months— 1896 — \$287,007 \$109,369 1895 — 275,128 112,248 Other Interest, Bulance, income. taxes, etc. surplus \$191 \$18,704 \$34,729 424 21,457 27,021 \$1,024 864 \$37,393 43,894 

American Sugar Refining.—Annual Meeting.—At the annual meeting on Walnesday directors Harry O. Havemeyer, William Duck and Francis O. Matthiessen were re-elected. President Havemeyer made some general remarks expressing the desire of the directors for the approbation of the stockholders, but giving no information whatever regarding the finances or operations of the company.

Contest with Arbuckles.—Arbuckle Brothers having acquired 61 shares of stock of the Woolson Spice Co., the remainder of whose stock was reconstly purchased by the American Sugar Refining Co., have brought suit to have the Woolson Company placed in receivers' hands. Their petition alleges that the Sugar Company stated when purchasing the

Woolson stock that it was to be used solely to enable the trust to crush the Arbuckles, and that as soon as that should have been accomplished, it would be sold back to the original holders at a reduced rate; that in the face of a rising market the trust has made a reduction of 2 cents in the reasted coffee, and that the plant is now being operated at a loss of about \$1,000 a day. The court issued a restraining order, and will hear the motion Jan. 25.—V. 64, p. 40.

Atlantic & Pacific RR.—New Committee.—A committee is being formed to protect the interests of the holders of junior bonds and of the stock. Holders are requested to send their names and amount of their holdings to f. W. Lillie, Mulls Building, New York City.—V. 64, p. 49.

Atlantic Short Line RR.—Sale Confirmed.—The foreclosure sale of this road has been confirmed.—V. 64, p. 40.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan RR—Coupons Cut Off.—The Woolson stock that it was to be used solely to enable the trust

Bloomsburg & Sallivan RR—Coupons Cut Off.—The bondholders are requested by their committee to cut off and deposit with the Fidelity Trust & Safe Deposit Company of Philadelphia coupons due respectively July, 1896, and January and July, 1897. A form of agreement can be had upon application to the Fidelity Company.

A circular sent out by the committee, which consists of Morton MoMichael, J. G. Leiper, H. H. Pigott, A. W. Kelsey,

A circular sent out by the committee, which consists of Morton McMichael, J. G. Leiper, H. H. Pigott, A. W. Kelsey, F. W. Clark, Jr., says in substance:

At a meeting representing a large majority of the bonds your committee was appointed to decide upon a practicable plan for providing the considerable sum of money required in order to rebuild bridges and for other necessary improvements. Up to Dea. I the road earned net \$22,700. The taxes for 1996 were \$1,856, the new construction has cost \$12,735, and \$300 has been paid for right of way. It will be seen that the sum of these debt items about uses up the net caraliars, leaving the road, however, clear of any debt but the bonds (\$48,10,000. To fluish the work originally contemplated will take all of \$12,000 more, so that the Committee is convinced that bonds (\$48,10,000. To fluish the work originally contemplated will take all of \$12,000 more, so that the Committee is convinced that bonds (\$48,10,000. To fluish the work originally contemplated will take all of \$12,000 more, so that the Committee is convinced that bonds of \$12,000 more, so that the Committee is convinced that bonds (\$48,10,000. To fluish the work originally contemplated will take all of \$12,000 more, so that the Committee is convinced that bonds of the real and taxes. The solution of the resumption of laterest payments, although probably the laterest may have to be less than 5 per cent and taxes. The solution of the resumption of the resumption of solutions. The Knickerbocker Trust Co. was trustee of the \$300,000 mortgage foreclosed.—V. 63, p. 115.

Bruts & Boston Mining.—Securities Deposited Under Plan,—The following securities; it is stated, have been deposited under the plan: \$935,000 first mortgage bonds, \$917,000 second mortgage consols and 9,685 shares of stock, leaving unassented \$65,000 first mortgage bonds and \$33,000 second mortgage consols and 9,685 shares of stock,—V. 63, p. 1153.

Calumet & Heela Mining.—Extra Dividend —The company has declared the expected \$5 per share dividend of

committee has sent to stockholders the following circular:

The lease provides that 35 per cent of the gross earning 30f the Jonard Onle shall be turned over to our stockholders, and under its provisions, for thirty years, dividends on the stock have been pid, and the surplus, now aggregating nearly \$1,000,000, has been withheld by the B & O., and is acknowledged by them as an obligation due us. Ten months ago the B. & O. went into the hands of receivers. No dividend on our stock has since been paid, and white our gress receipts are greater than last year, the statement familiard by Receiver Os wen allowes that the operating expense for the last six anoths have been 97 per cent of the gross receipts, it sughour oad be it is a insisted to be in excellent order. Among other items we are oh argad with \$12,000 for six months' maintenance of equionant, where is the colling stock on the road belongs to the B. & O., and it is specifiedly pledged to maintain it. Such a statement should need no our ment.

The insignificant net earnings allowed us under such a system are not marly enough to meet the campons on bonds should of our stock. The continuance of these conditions in the way of leased lines which have been put upon the road without the knowledge of stockholders, and which claim to be upon the same footing as the bonded debt. The continuance of these conditions must result in final foreclosure and the total extinction of our interest. It is the opinion of this committee that nothing but prompt and energetic measures oan avert this disaster and restore this property to its original and intrinsic value. A meeting of stockholders of the Columbus & Circular Mail Road and the first Mill Road and the first Mill Road and the first Mill Road and the store this country to the original and intrinsic value. A meeting of stockholders of the Columbus & Circular Mills Road and the first Mills Road and Road and Road and Mills Road

As to the suit brought by a stockholder of the Columbus & Cincinnati Midland RR. to secure payment of dividends guaranteed by the Central Ohio, see item headed Columbus & Cincinnati Midland below.—V. 64, p. 82.

Central Pacific RR.—Listing.—On the regular list of the New York Stock Exchange have been placed \$3.210,000 first mortgage series E bonds extended to Jan. 1, 1898, and on the special list \$787,000 series E extended and \$1,323,000 series F G, H and I conds recently held in the Government sinking fund and now issued stamped either as stated in V. 63, p 1086 or as full one.

UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Dec. 22, 1895. This bond is hereby withdrawn from the sinking fund of the Central Pasific RR. Co. and released to bearer. V. c3, p. 1133.

V. c3, p. 1153.

W. E. Curus. Acting Secretary.

Chattaneoga Rome & Columbus & R.—Soll in Foreclosure.

—This road was purchased at foreclosure also Innuary 13 oy Simon Borg & Co., agants for the bondholders, for \$500,000.

The sale was made subject to the Rome & Carrollton RR. mortgage for \$150,000.—V. 64, p. 83.

Choctaw Oklahoma & Galf RR.—Preferred Stock Listed.

—On the Pailadelphia Stock Eccasage has been listed \$3,063,600 preferred stock. The authorized issue is 80,000

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shares in \$50 shares, of which 61,272 shares have been issued and 18,728 shares are reserved to be issued as follows: 18,657 shares to take up certificates for a like number of shares on which three installments amounting to \$20 per share has been paid, to be issued full paid upon payment of final installment of \$5 per share, due and payable April 1, 1897; 71 shares to take up \$4,973 income bonds and scrip and \$814 55 preferred stock scrip outstanding. No dividend paid as yet. Preferred stock is entitled to dividend of 5 per cent (cumulative after Nov. 1, 1897,) before any dividend shall be paid on common stock. The annual report appears on another page of to-day's Chronicle.—V. 62, p. 868.

Colorado Midland RR — Extension of Bondholders' Agreement Adopted.—Reorganization Plan to be Prepared.—A large majority of both classes of bonds has assented to the extension of the bondholders' agreement to July 1, 1897. The committee accordingly announces that it will now proceed to committee accordingly announces that it will now proceed to prepare a plan of reorganization and to submit the same to the bondholders for their approval as soon as practicable. Certificate holders who have not yet assented to the extension of the agreement may present their certificates for stamping at the Central Trust Company until Feb. 1, 1897, or withdraw their bonds from deposit upon surrender of the certificate and payment of \$10 per bond as their share of the expenses of the committee. Deposits of bonds under the agreement will also be received up to Feb. 1, 1897, after which date deposits and assents will be accepted only upon such terms as the committee may impose.—V. 63, p. 1115.

Columbus & Cincinnati Midland RR.—Baltimore & Ohlo

terms as the committee may impose.—V. 63, p. 1115.

Columbus & Cincinnati Midland RR.—Baltimore & Ohlo RR.—1 entral Ohlo RR.—Suit to Collect Rental.—W. E. Case of Scipio, N. Y., has brought suit in the United States Circuit Court at Baltimore to compel the Baltimore & Ohlo receivers to pay the guaranteed annual dividend of 3 per cent on the \$1,000,000 perferred stock of the Columbus & Cincinnati Midland RR., which road is under lease to the Central Ohlo, the latter being operated by the Baltimore & Ohlo. The plaintiff alleges that the B. & O. share of the Central Ohlo gross earnings and the Columbus & Cincinnati Midland net earnings have been more than sufficient to pay the dividends passed July 1, 1896, and Jan. 1, 1897. The receivers are ordered to show cause on Feb. 6 why these charges have not been met.—V. 63, p. 1007; V. 64, p. 82.

Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron.—Forcelowere Swit Lease of Science and Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron.—Forcelowere Swit Lease of Scipic Lease

Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron.—Foreclosure Suit Instituted.—At Columbus, Onio, Jan. 8, the Central Trust Company, as trustee, brought suit in the United States Circuit Court to fore close the mortgage for \$930,000 and for its own receiver. The interest due Jan 1, 1897, was not paid. The mortgage provides, "if any default shall be made in the payment when due, of any money, principal or interest secured. receiver. The interest due Jan 1, 1897, was not paid. The mortgage provides, "if any default shall be made in the payment, when due, of any money, principal or interest secured by this mortgage," then at any time thereafter the trustee may begin foreclosure. The customary delay is, therefore, not necessary. As already stated, it is proposed to scale the interest on the bonds.—V. 64, p. 41.

Columbus Sandusky & Hocking RR.—Receiver Appointed.—Yesterday, without notice to the company, E. M. Paston was appointed receiver of the Columbus Sandusky & Hocking on the application of a creditor.—V. 63, p. 1117.

on the application of a creditor.-V. 63, p. 1117.

Cuyler & Woodburn RR.—Master's Sale.—This property is advertised to be sold March 2, 1897. The road extends from Cuyler to Woodburn, Ga., 14 miles.

Duluth & Winnipeg RR.—Duluth Superior & Western RR.—New Securities Ready.—Holders of reorganization certificates for the first mortgage bonds of the Duluth & Winnipeg are receiving the new securities issuable therefor at the office, No. 44 Wall Street, New York City.—V. 63, p. 1063.

Edison Electric Hiluminating Co. of Brooklyn.—New Stock and Bonds.—The stockholders on Jan. 11 authorized an increase in the capital stock of \$250,000 and a further issue of \$500,000 bonds under the present mortgage. These securities are offered until Feb. 1 at par to the stockholders at the rate of ten shares of stock and a \$1,000 bond for each 150 shares of stock held. The subscriber must take both stock and bonds of subscription, 30 per cent April 1, 30 per cent at time of subscription, 30 per cent April 1, 30 per cent July 1 and 20 per cent Oct. 1. A circular to the stockholders says:

per cent Oct. 1. A circular to the stockholders says:

The purpose of your company is to keep in the forefront as to supplying any section of the city as randdly as there is call for electric light. Last summer Bergen Beach and Canarsie were made bright with the best of lighting at regular rates. By the enlargement now contemplated, the much larger population of Couer Island, which is heretofore been come elled to pay high prices for its electric lights, will be amply supplied by this company at current rates.

In furtherance of this policy your directors have purchased a very valuable piece of property at the foot of Sixty-sixth Street, containing 460 feet of water front and running 576 feet back—392 feet of which a good land all ready to beild upon. Here it is proposed to erect a new power plant which will be connected with all the other stations and give to the city of Brooklyn the most completely equipped lighting Plant of any city is this country. The calculations submitted demonstrate that the economy in operation by reason of the improvements will be far in excess of the interest and dividends upon the new issues without reference to the new business to be supplied. At no period in the progress of your company have its officers been so confident of its future.

A sta ement of earnings for the late fiscal year will be found under the heading "Annual Reports."—V. 63, p. 683.

Fair Haven & Westville RR.—New Haven & Centrevile Street Ry. \$300,000 Stock to Pay for Road.—The Fair Haven & Westville RR. Co, has voted to issue at par to stockholders \$300,000 of new stock to pay for the New Haven & Centreville Sereet Ry. recently purchased. Possession of the road was taken Jan. 1, 1897.

Green Bay & Western RR.—Securities Listed.—The company has listed at the New York Stock Exchange \$3,500,000 capital stock, \$600,000 debenture certificates, series A, and \$7,000,000 debenture certificates, series B, all issued under the plan in V. 61, p. 74, which describes them fully. Some facts regarding the company's finances will be found under "Annual Reports" in next week's Chronicle.—V. 63, p. 922.

A. Kansas City & Atlantic RR.—Kansas City & Northern Connecting RR.—Sate and Purchase—The Kansas City & Atlantic, extending from North Kansas City to Smithville, Mo., 20 miles, has been acquired by the Kan. City & North. Connecting RR, and will be used as part of that company's line now in course of construction between Kansas City and Pattonsburg. The price paid is stated to have been \$225 000. The new owners assumed the operation of the road Jan. 11. The extension to Pattonsburg will be pushed.—V. 62, p. 186.

Kansas City Pittsburg & Gulf RR .- Handling Grain Bus Kansas City Pittsburg & Gall KB.—Handling Grain Business.—Negotiations have just been completed with one of the leading grain exporting houses of the world for the handling of the entire grain business of the Kansas City Pittsburg & Gulf RR. These negotiations include the leasing of all the grain elevators on the Kansas City Suburban B-lt RR. and the building of a large terminal elevator at Port Arthur, La. Contracts have also been closed whereby a large colony of Germans will be located on the road.—V. 63,

Laclede Gas Light Co.—Results for Year.—The net earnings for the year 1896 were \$782,213, as against \$933 899 in 1895. The falling off is said to represent the less due to the voluntary reduction in the price of gas from \$1.18 to \$1 per 1,000 and to 80 cents on fuel gas.

Charter Case. —The decision in the charter case, which is to be re-argued before the U. S. Supreme Court, is not ex-pected before next fall.—V. 63, p. 1159.

Lake Street Elevated RR.—Foreclosure.—Judge Grosscup at Chicago on Jan. 11 refused to stay the foreclosure proceedings. The attorneys arguing for the stay represented that, outside of the 605 Ziegler bonds, which are in litigation. there are but 240 bonds not consenting to the plan of adjust-ment.—V. 63, p. 154.

Little Rock & Mississippi River RR.—Receiver Ap-ointed.—This road has been placed in the hands of Charles Pentzel as receiver. The road is said to be 28 miles long.

Louisville & Nashville RR.—Bonds Listed.—On the New Louisville & Nashville RR.—Bonds Listed.—On the New York Stock Exchange have been listed the \$3 253,000 Louis-ville & Nashville-Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington 4½ per cents sold in December last to pay bonds maturing Jan. 1, 1897, etc.—see particulars in V. 63, p. 1010. The bonds so listed were originally 6s, but before they were issued the interest was reduced to 4½ per cent. The application to the Stock Exchange states:

The \$3,258,000 Louisville & Nashville RR. Co., Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington Ry. Co. 4's per cent gold mortgage bonds, are dated Nov. 1, 1881, mature Nov. 1, 1891, and are secured upon road Louisville to Newport, Kv., opposite Cincinnati, Ohio, 110 miles: La Grange to Lexington, Ky., 67 miles; total, 177 miles. Mortgage trustee, Mercantle Trust Co.

The Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington Ry. was sold and transferred Nov. 1, 1881, by the Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington Railway Co. to the Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington Railway Co. to the Louisville R R. Co. for and in consideration of the above issue of bonds of the Louisville & Nashville Rk. Co., a-cored by a mortgage on the Louisville Cionnati & Lexington Ry. The mortgage is for \$7,000,000, of which bonds Nos. 51 to 3,7.2 have been cremated, these bonds having originally been set aside to take up prior ilens. The Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort RR. Co. first mortgage, amounting to \$7,350,000, matured Jan. 1, 1897, and the same have been refeemed from proceeds of above meationed bonds, leaving \$392, 00 of Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort 7 per cent bond, as the only prior lien to the bonds now asked to be listed. The rate of interest to the above issue of bonds was originally if per cent, but by agreement between the Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington Railway Co., the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company and the Mercantle Trust Company, trustee dated Dec. 1, 1896, the interest was reduced to 4's per cent, the reduction of interest being printed on each bond and coupon, and the amount of bonds limited to \$3,259,000.

Semi-Annual Statement.—Earnings for the six months

Semi-Annual Statement.—Earnings for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1896, partly estimated, compare with actual results in previous years as follows:

6 months Gross Net Fixed Other All other end, Dec. 31, earnings. earnings. charges, income, charges, 1896, est'd. \$10,577,945 \$83,24.298 \$2,22,634 \$224,164 \$247,223 \$1895, act'l. \$10,720,0+1 \$3,884,442 \$2,33,170 \$176,126 \$134,745 \$1894, ". \$10,186,878 \$4,106,538 \$2,320,768 \$179,844 \$1,065,382 \$1893, ". \$9,755,923 \$3,874,577 \$2,850,713 \$161,940 \$72,124\$

1893, "... 9,755,923 3,874,577 2,850,713 161,940 72,124 which leaves a balance over all charges for six months of \$678,456 in 1896, against \$1,991,613 in 1895.

"All other charges" include the following: Loss on Georgia RR (profit in 1896 of \$14,000) in 1895, \$4.797; loss on other roads, \$28,084 in 1896 against \$33.991 in 1895; sinking fund payments, etc., \$121,133 against \$95,997; advances to South & North Ala. RR., \$98,001 in 1896; none in 1895.—V. 63, p. 1010.

Louisville New Albany & Chicago Ry.—Second Instalment Due.—Holders of the preferred and common stock subscribing to the common stock of the proposed new corporation are called upon to pay the second cash instalment at the office of the Central Trust Co. Jan. 15, being \$150 on each 100 shares of old preferred stock and \$50 on each 100 shares of old common stock.-V. 64, p. 42.

Manhattan Ry.—Bonds Listed.—On the New York Stock Exchange have been listed \$282,000 additional corsolidated mortgage 4s, making the total amount listed \$24,182,000, of which \$117,000 are canceled, leaving amount on list \$24,05,000.—V. 64, p. 83.

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Metropolitan Street Ry. of New York—Compressed Air Power Co. Organization.—The Compressed Air Power Co. has filed articles of incorporation under the laws of N. Y., one-half of its authorized capital stock of \$1,000,000 having been paid in. The directors are William C. Whitney, Thomas J. Ryan, Frederick S. Pearson, William L. Etkins and W. W. Cook, all or most of whom are largely interested in the Metropolitan Street Railway Company. This latter fact has raised the question whether the Fourth, Sixth and Eighth Avenue horse-car lines may not after all be equipped with air motors. President H. H. Vreeland is quoted as saying: "The matter has not yet gone beyond the experimental stage. We

air motors. President H. H. vreetand is quoted as saying:

"The matter has not yet gone beyond the experimental atage. We have had good results with both the underground trolley system and compressed air, and it is safe to say that one or the other of these will evenually be adopted for the north and south horse-car lines of the company. The siemens & Halske electrical system has its advantages, and is highly regarded by many who are expert judges of mechanical traction. It is not so old as the compressed air system, but there have been some very great improvements recently in the latter, which have not been applied in previous tests."

there have been some very great improvements recently in the latter, which have not been applied in previous tests."

The compressed air motors are built at Worcester, Mass, and several of them are in service on the Leanax Avenue line, alternating with the electric cars.—V. 63, p. 922.

Metropolitan West Side Elevated RR. (Chicago.)—Remaining \$5,000,000 First Mortgage Bonds Offered.—The West Side Construction Co. is offering to its stockholders \$5,000,000 first mortgage bonds of the Metropolitan West Side Elevated RR.—the unsold balance of the authorized issue of \$15,000,000, and the bonds which at one time it was proposed to cancel and replace with preferred stock, this latter plan having proved impracticable. The proceeds will be used to liquidate the indebtedness of the Construction Company, and when this is done stock of the railroad company to the amount of \$12,412,100 will be distributed among the Construction stockholders, making \$15,000,000 stock and the same amount of bonds in the hands of the public.

The circular offering the bonds says in substance:

The contract undertaken by this company having been completed, it addended advisable to close up its affairs. The Construction Company of the contract undertaken by this company having been completed.

amount of bonds in the hands of the public.

The circular offering the bonds says in substance:

The contract undertaken by this company having been completed, it is deemed advisable to close up its affairs. The Construction Company now own as assets \$5,000,000 of the first morigage bonds of the Metropolitan West Side Elevated RE. Co. and \$12,4:12,100 of its capital stock. It also possesses other credits and assets consisting of moneys due from the Metropolitan West Side Elevated RE. Co. for work in excess of its contract, property acquired during the course of construction and various other interests. It is also entitled to receive bonds of the Union Consolidated Elevated Ry. Co. of Chicago, amounting to about \$375,00. Against all the assets above mentioned the Construction Company owes the sum of about \$1,500,000.

In order that the assets of the company may be realized upon to the best advantage of the stockholders, the directors have determined that the \$5,000,000 first mortgage bonds of the Sailroad Company shall be sold to the stockholders of the Construction Company at such price as shall enable this company to realize a sufficient amount in each to pay off its debt, and that thereafter the balance of its assets shall be distributed among the stockholders, and the affairs of the Construction Company be thus practically wound up with as little delay as possible. It is proposed that the \$12,412,100 of stock of the Metropolitan West Side Elevated RR. shall, so far as practicable, be distributed in kind among the stockholders, and the affairs of the Construction Company as soon as the indebtedness of the Construction Company as soon as the indebtedness of the company shall have been aken care of by the sale of bonds herein provided for.

These \$5,000,000 of the first mortgage bonds, with coupon maturing February 1, 1897, are accordingly offered to our stockholders pro rata at the price of \$300 for each \$1,000 bond.—V. 63, p. 1065.

Michigan Central RR.—Terminal RR.—Chicago Hammond & Western RR.—New Mortgage.

The stockholders of the Chicago Hammond & Western were to vote Jan. 5 on a proposition to make a mortgage for \$2,500,000.—V. 63, p. 793, 1155; V. 64, p. 5.

Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis RR.—Payment of Regular and Deferred Dividends.—The directors this week declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent and an extra 1 per cent to cover the dividend passed last November. With the exception of that quarter 4 per cent has been paid annually during the last two years.—V. 63, p. 1063.

Nashville Street Rr.—Stockholders' Meeting.—The stock.

annually during the last two years.—V. 63, p. 1063.

Nashville Street Ry.—Stockholders' Meeting.—The stockholders on Jan. 4 adopted a resolution approving the action of the directors in the carrying out of the plan of organization of the company, including the compromise of pending litigation and other questions growing out of the execution of sai 1 plan. The following matters were also acted upon favorably:

The payment of the purchase price of the property in the case of R. Wiggins vs The United Electric Railway and others in the United States Circuit Court for the Middle District of Tennesses; the settlement of the betterment account proposed in the plan of organization; the issuance of stocks and bonds; the settlement of claims for bonds and claims on coupons.—7.63, p. 1115.

New York Biscuit.—New President.—William H, Moore resigned fro a the presidency Jan. 6 and Heary J. Evans the General Manager, has succeeded to the office.—V. 63, p. 560.

Northern Pacific Ry.—Cwar d'Alene Ry. & Navigation.

Northern Pacific Ry.—Court d'Alene Ry. & Navigation.

Bought at Foreclosure Sale.—At Wallace, Idano, Jan. 12, the Northern Pacific Railway purchased the Court d'Alene Railway & Navigation Company's property at foreclosure sale for \$22,000.—V. 64, p. 83.

Norwich & Worcester RR.—Bonds and Extension Authorized.—At the annual meeting Jan. 13 it was voted to extend the road from Allyn's Point to Groton, Conn.. a distance of six miles, at a cost, it is said of from \$400,000 to \$500,000, and

to issue \$400,000 of 4 per cent thirty-year bonds to provide for the 6 per cent bonds maturing March 1, 1897.—V. 64, p. 83.

Ohio Sauthera RR.—Receivers' Certificates.—Tae application for the receivers' certificates mentioned last week, we understand, will be made to-day, and will be for an amount somewhere between \$400,000 and \$500,000, to take care of over-due car trusts, labor charges, etc.—V. 64, p. 83.

Over-due car trusts, 1a0or charges, etc.—v. 04, p. 05.
Oregon Short Line & Utah Northern Ry.—Sold in Fore-closure.—On Jan. 9 this property was sold in foreclosure to the reorganization committee through Huary G. Nicholls for \$7,185,500. The amount realized on the consolidated mortgage of 1889 was \$5,447,500, on the Utah Southern \$763, 000,000,000,000,000,000.

mortgage of 1889 was \$5,447,590, on the Utah Southern \$763,000 and Utah Southern extension mortgage \$975,000.

Bonds Listed.—On the New York Stock Exchange have been listed \$342,000 additional Utah & Northern first mortgage 7 per cent bonds of 1993, making total amount listed to date \$1,031,000. The total issue out-tanding is \$1,993.000, but of this amount the Union Pacific on Jau. 1, 1896, held \$3,934,000—\$1,974,000 deposited under its 6 per cent collateral trust ions of 1879 and \$1,863,000 under its 5 per cent collateral trust of 1893.—V. 64, p. 42.

collateral trust of 1893.—V. 64, p. 42.

Pittsburg Bessemer & Like Erie RR.—Pittsburg Shenango & Lake Erie tR.—Jonsolidation —The stockholders of the Pittsburg Shenango & Like Erie have voted in favor of the proposed consolidation, and the line will henceforth be known as the Pittsburg Bessemer & Like Erie RR. Co. The directors of the new company and many facts regarding its property were in the Chronicle of Dec. 28, 1893, p. 1159.

Carnegie-Rockefeller Alliance.—The agreement which the Carnegie interests in behalf of this road have made with the Rockefeller interests, controlling the Messada from mices is discussed as follows by the "Iron Age:"

The Carnegie Rockefeller alliance continues to be the subject of

discussed as follows by the "Iron Age:"

The Caraegle Rockefeller alliance continues to be the subject of much comment in the iron trade. It is reported on good authority that the freight from the muce to Duluth has been fixed at \$3 cents per tou, and that any reduction in that rate is to be equalized by adding the amount of the reduction to the royalty. In other words, the Rockefeller interest get \$1.05, guaranteed as the joint royalty and rall freight. The lake freight is said to be arrayed in the following maner: The Caraegie interest pays a fixed minimum rate per ton on very cargo received, and agrees to make a final estilement on the basis of the arraye rate of lake freight not during the season it is understood that the Rockefeller interest received payment for all the moneys expended in opening up, stripping and equipping the iron Muntain Miae, and that the sum involved was about \$60.000. It will be noted, therefore, that the Rock-feller party secure a minimum tonage of 1, 200,000 tons per annum for their road and steamers, are guaranteed the royalty, and have refunded the whole cost of the must be them. The Caraegie Company have also agreed not to become connected with any competing line from the Messaba deposits to sulipping port, and are not allowed to sell any of their ore in the open market.—V 63, p. 1159.

Rapid Transit in New York City.—Routz Adonted —The

p. 1159.

Rapid Transit in New York City.—Rauta Adopted.—The Rapid Transit Commissioners on fauraday adopted a route for an underground railroad from the City Hall to One Hundred and Fourth Street, and thence on the west side to King's Bridge and on the east side to Bronx Park. The Commissioners retained the right to extend the road to the Battery. The route as adopted does not differ materially from the provisional route given in Chronicle of January 9, p. 84.—V. 64, p. 84.

Reading Company.—Chestnut Hill RR.—Reduced Rental Accepted.—The shareholders of the Cassnut Hill RR. nave agreed to accept the reduction in their rental from 12 to 6 per cent, proposed by the Reading.—V. 64, p. 84.

Tennessee Coal & Iron.—New Directors.—Col. C. M. McGhee and Col. O. H. Payne have been elected directors in place of the late John H. Iaman, and J. Elward Sammons, resigned. ·V. 63, p. 561.

Toledo & Ohlo Central Ry.—Dividen: Deferred—The directors Thursday voted to defer the dividend due this month on the preferred stock. The Ostober, 1886, dividend was also deferred. It is stated that the losses due to the soft-coal rate cutting have been so severe as to preclude the payment of a dividend at the present time.—V. 63, p. 752, 758.

Union Traction Co. of Philadelphia.—Description of Securities Listed.—On the Philadelphia Scock Exchange have been listed \$30,000,000 common stock of the Union Traction Co. in \$50 shares, \$10 paid in on each share, and \$29.724,876 "Electric and People's Traction 4 per cent gold stock trust certificates" issued by the Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Amuities. The stock trust certificates are described as follows:

ificates are described as follows:

They are registered Nos. A 1, etc., \$1,000 each; B 1, etc., \$500 each; C 1, etc., \$100 each; D 1, etc., \$2,00 each; B 1, etc., \$500 each; C 1, etc., \$100 each; D 1, etc., \$2,00 each; B 1, etc., \$100 each; A 1 F 1, etc., \$100 each; A 1, etc.,

Union Pacific RR .- Central Pacific RR .- Funding Bill Defeated, -The bill for r-funding the debt of the Pacific rail ways to the Government was defeated in the House of Repres ways to the other mant was desired in the fines of respectives on Jan. It by a vote of 163 against 102. On flursday the House Committee decided to prepare a bill providing for a commission of Cabinet Officers to arrange a settlement of the debts of all Pacific railroads to the United States. The Senate Committee has done the same.—V. 63, p. 1158; V. 64,

Western New York & Pennsylvania Ry.—Annual Meeting
—Increased Eurnings.—The annual meeting of stockholders
was held on Monday in Philadelphia, the old Board of Directors being re-elected.

President Samuel G. D. Coursey presented the report for
the fiscal year ending June 3), 1896, with a supplemental
statement for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1896. The supplemental report shows a decrease in gross earnings of \$126,515, but an increase in net earnings of \$136,164. The Philadelphia "Ledger" says:
This larce locrease in net earnings in the face of a decrease of gross

delphin "Ledger" says:

This large increase in net earnings in the face of a decrease of gross earnings is accounted for by a slight improvement in the average rate of freight and an enforcement of the atricest economy consistent with the proper maintenance of the property. The decrease in tonnage occurred largely at the close of the year, but was in low-rate freight. The fund contributed by stockholders for paying interest on general most gage bonds was exhausted by the April coupon on said bonds. The October laterate was pail out of earnings. For a period of four years after April 1, 19-7, interest on these bonds will be at the rate of 3 per cent (\$30-,000), after which time it will be at the rate of 4 per cent.—V. 63, p. 839.

Terms of Exchange. - The old securities and debts will pas assessments and receive new stock in exchange for their principal and first mortgage bonds for their assessment, as follows:

	Pan		and recei	ne
Old securities and debts	assess-	New	Com.	Pret.
in amounts of \$10 '-	mens.	1st M.	Biock.	Stock
1st mor gage, \$1,339,000	. \$5	\$3	***	1 0%
Pitts. Iron & Steel Eng. cisim. \$62,000		5	25%	75%
All other creditors, say \$385,000	. 5	.5	50%	30%
Common stock \$745 9u0	15	15	49 0/	w.i

The assessments exclusive of that on stock, which will probably not be paid, and the profits for 1896 and 1897 from the foundry \$14,000) aggregate \$11,300, to be applicable to receivers certificates, \$20,000, any balance to go to new company.

The agreement shall cease unless declared operative by Jan. 1, 1898.—V. 63, p. 366.

—An interesting circular has been prepared by F. J. Lisman, 30 Broad Street, giving the facts concerning several railroad first morigage bond issues which are selling at prices yielding an income of from 5% to 7 per cent. The bonds referred to are not issues on new properties but are the bonds of reorganized companies, with fixed charges based on low-water-mark earnings. The circular gives the record of earnings and makes an attractive presentation of the merits of a number of first mortgage bonds selling at low prices. The list of bonds which are offered by Mr. Lisman is advertised in another column of this issue.

— The Hand Book of Railroad Securities was issued this week from the office of the CHEONICLE. This is a semi-annual publication of about 200 pages giving statistics regard ng railroads, earnings, dividends and prices for a series of gears up to Jan. 1. Price \$100, or to CHEONICLE subscribers

—Attention is directed to the list of investment securitis offered for sale by Messis, Radmond, Kerr & Co., comprising mortgage issues on both steam and traction companies. Detailed information and special circulars on the various issues offered can be obtained on application at their offices in New York and Philadelphia.

—The trustees of the first mortgage 6 per cent bonds of the Mechanical Ruober Co. inform holders thereof that they are desirous of expending the sum of \$49.588 in the purchase of bonds of said issue, provided the purchase can be made advantageously. Offers should be sent to the Knickerbocker

## Reports and Documents.

## LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1896.

JANUARY 12, 1897.

The results of the operations of the different railways comprising the Lehigh Valley Railroad System for the past year are as shown below.

The total tonnage for the fiscal year ended November 30th, 1896, as compared with the previous year, was as

TOTAL TONNAGE						
Anthracite coal	11,5	896. 534,8 <b>5</b> 4	12,	1895, 045,368	Differ D.5	10,514
Miscellaneous freights.		819,938 520,576		456,194 857, <b>6</b> 25	I.363, I.662,	
Total	18,8	375,368	18,	359,187	1.5	16,181
To	ONS C.	RRIED	ONE MIL	E.		
Anthracite coal1. Bituminous coal and		396. 97,168		895. 372,112	Differ D.28,5	ences. 74,944
coke. Miscellaneous freights, 1	68,8 ,555,5	354,844 87,281		973,404 200,794	$I.38,8 \\ I.272,3$	81,440 86,487
Total 2	,989,5	39,293	2,606,9	346,310	1,232,6	92,983
41	FERAG	E FREIG	HT RATE	S.		
	18	196.	15	395.	Differ	ences.
	89-80	cents	67:76	cents	1.2.04	cents
Average rate per ton per mile on coal	.816	cents	.640	cents	1006	centa
Average rate per ton on miscellaneous freight 1	114.59	cents	116.92	cents	D.2:33	cents
Average rate per ton per mile on miscella-						
neous freight	480	cents	534	cents	D.:034	cents
Average rate per ton	35-27	cents	83.45	cents	I.1.82	cents
per mile on total ton- nage	.557	cents	.583	cents	D. 031	cents
	PASSE	NGER T	RAFFIC.			
Passengers carried		896. 20,864		1895. 148,037	Differ I.2	cness. 72,837
Passengers carried one mile	126,1	79,711	118,	282,636	1.7,897,075	
,	PASSE	NGER AV	EBAGES.			
	18	96.	18	95.	Differ	enees.
Average mileage per passenger	25.13	miles	24.91	miles	122	mlles
passenger		cents	48·79 1·958		I.2·13	I. 068

INCOME ACCOUNT FOR YEAR 1896. The transportation earnings of the past year, compared with those of 1895, were as follow:

From coal	7,472,104 26 2,556,535 63	1895. \$8,470,359 32 6,819,062 24 2,316,540 33 231,795 71 646,196 56	Differences. I.\$152,714 49 I.623,042 02 I.239 995 35 I.54,246 39 D.123,832 24
Total Transportation earnin Operating expenses	gs as stated		I.\$950,206 01 \$19,514,660 17 14,593,657 79
Add net receipts from ated conjointly with	other transport Lehigh Valley I	ation lines oper- Railroad	\$4,931,002 38 193,679 80
Net earnings Less balance of intere ley Trans. Co. and M	st account, loss	on Lehigh Val-	\$5,124,682 18 673,366 26
Add income from other	r sources		\$4,451,315 92 482,479 33
Yet available income . From which deduct intrental of leased lines	terest on funded	debt and fixed	\$4,933,795 25 4,484,032 50
Surplus		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$449,76275

The details of above items of operating expenses are supplied in a table appended to the pamphlet report.

\$7,672,712 98 449,762 75	Bal. to credit of Profit and Loss Acc. Nov. 30, 1895, was To which add surplus earnings for 1896, as etated.
2,451 56	Add premium and profit on bonds sold, less balance of old accounts written off
\$8,124,927 24	
590,650 00	From which deduct interest on Lehigh Valley Coal Company bonds assumed by this Company

The capital account of the Company at the close of the fiscal year stood as follows:

-	Common stock\$40,334,800 Preferred stock	840,441,100
	First mortgage six per cent bonds, due June 1st, 1898 (coupon and registered)	
	Second mortgage seven per cent bonds, due in 1910 (registered)	

TO SBNborroin

2,000,000

51,000

JANUARY 16, 1867.]	T	HE	CH
Oonsolidated mortgage bonds due (exception and annuity bonds) in 1923;— Six per cent bonds:— String	\$610,000 1,3 9,000 4,319,000 9,562,000 \$1,669,000 3,093,0 0 2,538,000		10,000
Series A, due in semi-survey to february 1st, 1996 Series B, due in semi-annual payments to August 1st, 1906	\$950,000 500,000		60,000
Three hun fred and sixty of the ster thirty-foar of the eighty-six purchased were drawn payable December 1st, 1 bearing interest from that date and must free guaranties by this Company of outlooks of affiliated companies are show. Pennsylva 14 & New York Caual & Railroad First mort seven per cent bonds, due 1906 Five per cent bonds, due 1939 Four and one-half per cent bonds, due 1939 Four per cent bonds, due 1939 Four per cent bonds, due 1939.	and cancel 1896, leaving aturing Dec atstanding below: Company— 3.\$1,500,000 1,500,000 3,000,000 ortgage five	led in 1g \$2: 2. 1st, stock	1895) 84,000 1897. s and
per out bonds, due 1920 The Lehigh Valley Railway Company, first mand one-half per cent gold bonds, due 1940 Lehigh Va ley Terminal Railway Company, first more cent gold bonds, due 1941 Lehigh Valley Coat Company, first mortgage i gold bonds, due 1933 Delano Land Company, first mortgage i gold bond Amoria Canal & Banking Company— Preferred stook, ten per cent. Consolidated stock, four per cent.	ortgage four est mortgage dve per cent s, due 1932. \$903,600	15,00 10,00 10,35	00,000 00,000 00,000 32,000 77,000
- the A New York Bellmond that montgons		1,61	10,300

XIV.

NY. VDING

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4 cents

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rences. 272,837

22 miles

pared

rences. ,714 49 ,042 02 995 35 ,236 39 ,832 24

795 25 ,032 50 .762 75 e sup-

712 93 762 75

41.100

1.250,000 The monthly publication of the results of the business of this Company and of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company will be begun with the current fiscal year. The English system of annual examination of the company's accounts by public accountants is also under consideration by a committee of

be begun with the current lessar, years accounts by public accountants is also under consideration by a committee of the Board of Directors.

Our Hazelton and Beaver Meadow coal lands being entirely distinct from our railroad lines, and being operated under leases either by the Lehigh Valley Coal Company or by other parties, a charter was obtained for the Hazleton Coal Company, to which these coal properties were deeded, and all the stock of which belongs to the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company. Its first mortgage 5 per cent bonds for \$2,000,000, taken in part payment, have been guaranteed by this company. This transaction does not affect the valuation on our books, and the interest and dividends to be received will take the place of the coal rents heretofore included in our income from other sources.

These bonds, as well as \$2,000,000 of the 5 per cent first mortgage bonds of the Schuylkill & Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, \$300,000 of the 6 per cent bonds of the Morris Canal & Banking Company, \$271,400 of the preferred and \$18,300 of the consolidated stock of the Morris Canal & Banking Company, \$249,000 of the bonds of the Easton & Northern Railroad Company, \$14,000 of the guaranteed bonds of the Middlesex Valley Railroad Company, \$300,000 of the first mortgage bonds of the Rochester Southern Railroad Company and \$1,400,000 of the first mortgage 5 per cent bonds of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, and amounting altogether to \$7,202,700, are among the assets of the company and do not appear in the list of guaranties.

As stated last year, the Delano Land Company provides the interest on its bonds guaranteed by us, an 1 it also reduces the amount outstanding by the operation of its sinking fund. This now amounts to \$226,000, of which \$23,000 is in bonds of that company canceled and \$203,000 in other securities and cash in the hands of the trustees awaiting investment.

The purposes contemplated by the organization of the

investment.

The purposes contemplated by the organization of the Joint Traffic Association, alluded to in the last annual report, have been largely effected. Unjust discriminations in rates and fares have been in large measure avoided, resulting in improved earnings and in healthier relationships between the railway companies and shippers. Further benefits are anticipated as experience enables the managers of that association to determine what further revision can be judiciously recommended, and wherein economics of administration can be safely applied.

The coal business for the past year has been conducted with a greater regard to the question of supply and demand than has prevailed for some years previous, the efforts of the various companies engaged in the business having been directed with better success than has heretofore attended such efforts to the mining of only so much coal as the market demanded.

The effect of this policy if pursued will, it is hoped, result in the maintenance of the present distribution of tonnage among the various transportation interests, as any serious diversion from one to another is not likely to occur when each coal-producing district is engaged in meeting the natural demands upon it, and as not throwing away its product in a vain effort to force a market which does not exist.

The very large stocks of coal on hand at the beginning of the year, carried over from 1895, together with the commercial stagnation and falling off in manufactures throughout the country, caused great depression in the trade, and it was not until midsummer that the price received for coal covered its cost, owing largely to the increased expense of operating the collieries when their production is small. The total tonnage of anthracite coal for the year, as compared with that of 895, fell off about 3,250 000 tons, of which this company lost about 500,000 tons. The better rates obtained in the latter part of the year produced an undiminished net revenue from that source notwithstanding loss in tonage.

net revenue from that source norwing age.

The large increase in coal on hand at all stocking points as compared with 1895 is due to excessive production at the close of the year, and has obliged us to make large advances to the Coal Company to enable them to carry it. Some of the smaller producers have, however, been forced to dispose of their surplus, resulting injuriously to the market. Unless something is done to prevent sales for future delivery at the lower prices usually current in the early part of the year, and to avoid excessive output of coal when not required the favorable result anticipated for the current year may fail of realization.

something is done to prevent sales for future delivery part of the year, and to avoid excessive output of coal when not required the favorable result anticipated for the current year may fail of realization.

The tonnage of miscellaneous freight shows an increase of 682,951 tons as compared with the previous year and of 823,042 of revenue. The reduction in the average rates prevailing throughout the year of '031 cent per ton upon the total tonnage carried one mile, as compared with 1895, reduced our income about \$990,000.

The matter of our claim against the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company on unadjusted account, referred to in the last annual report, has been the subject of repeated conferences by the President of this company with the receivers of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, and since the reorganization of the Realing, with the President of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, and since the reorganization of the former organization. The reorganization of the Reading Company has to some degree delayed the negotiations, but inasmuch as under the order of court authorizing the sale of the property the purchasers assume the liability of the receivers in regard to claims against them, and as this company holds collateral for its claim against the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, we are advised that the interests of this company are protected. Our claim has been fully presented to the authorities of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Co., and its final adjustment and payment should not be long deferred.

For the first time in the history of the company the tonnileage of miscellaneous freights has exceeded that of anthracite and bituminous coal and coke.

In addition to the Middlesex Valley Railroad, of which, as stated last year, we obtained possession on December 1st, 1895, the Board, in February last, directed the purchase of the entire capital stocks of the companies forming the line of the Elmira Cortland & Northern Railroad, extending from Elmira, N. Y., to Camden, in th

two dining cars, two cafe cars, and the station restaurants at Easton, Wilkes-Barre, Sayre and Geneva.

The running of the Black Diamond Express between New York and Buffalo, which was put on in May last, has proved to be even more satisfactory in its results than we had any reason to anticipate. The train has become a very popular one with the traveling public. The receipts from the date of its inauguration have been more than sufficient to pay all expenses, while the reports show that our other through trains have also increased their earnings.

During the year we have established a line of postal cars for the carrying of United States mail between New York and Buffalo. These cars were built by our Company for this service upon the application of the Post Office Department.

The comparative statement of freight handled at Buffalo Tifft-Farm shows an increase over 1895 of 60,887 tons of east bound and a decrease of 25,221 tons west bound.

The following is a statement of tonnage of miscellaneous freight (exclusive of coal and coke) handled at Jersey City and Perth Amboy, and passing over the docks at those points, including Grand Street, Avenue "D" and National docks, as compared with the tonnage in 1895.

Net to a supplied to the statement of the statement of the docks at those points, including Grand Street, Avenue "D" and National docks, as compared with the tonnage in 1895.

1896. ....2,818,**5**31 1895. 2,341,727 A number of changes have been made in our tracks at the various collieries in the Wyoming and Mahanoy regions on account of the installation of track scales at the collieries for the weighing of coal.

various collieries in the Wyoming and Mahanoy regions on account of the installation of track scales at the collieries for the weighing of coal.

We hope during the coming year to inaugurate train service for the through movement of coal, weighed at the mines, from Delano, Weatherly and Fairview to tidewater without change of engines and without yarding and weighing the coal at Packerton.

The new station at Pittston, referred to in our last report, is completed and now in use. The construction of this station enabled us to abandon what is known as the Town Track in Pittston for our passenger trains. All through trains are now run on our main double-track line along the river front, avoiding the danger which attended running through the city of Pittston. The town track continues to be used for the movement of local freight trains.

The large volume of business, requiring a great number of trains to move it expeditiously and safely, has required more interlocking signal plants and the extension of the Hall system referred to in our last report. New signal plants have been erected at Black Creek Junction, Hazel Creek Junction, Coxton Yard, Rochester Junction, Depew Junction and Tonawanda Junction, at a cost of \$23,633 44. The Hall automatic block signals have been erected and are now in use, with few exceptions, between Neshanic, N. J., and L. & B. Junction, 141-20 miles. There has been expended on this work during the year \$198,654 39.

Our business to and from Rochester is increasing annually, notwithstanding the inadequate terminal facilities afforded. Considerable preparatory work has been done towards the necessary foundations for the proposed new station at Court Street. Rochester, about \$30,000 having been expended. This work has been practically suspended for the present.

Work was begun on the connection between our road at Easton Station and the Easton & Northern Railroad. The major part of the grading and masonry is done, though work is now suspended thereon.

During the last few months of the year exp

st will be large.

the Superintendent of Motive Power, is that the saving in cost will be large.

The tonnage hauled by our engines has been increased during the past year by not less than 15 per cent. Our engines are now being weighted in accordance with the weight of the train, and not by the number of cars, as was formerly the custom, the result being increased service from our engines with the same cost for crews.

During the past year we have changed our standard rail section, and increased the weight of our standard rails from 80 to 90 pounds to the yard. The estimate of new rails for the coming year for renewals and repairs only is 7,000 tons.

The importance of a full supply of water for our locomotives and for mine purposes has prompted the purchase of a mill property on the Quakake Creek containing 82 acres.

A 12-inch pipe 34,250 feet in length has been laid, reaching the 10-inch pipe now in use at Hazelton; 25,200 feet of this (covering the portion under extreme pressure is laid with 12-inch wrought iron pipe, tested to a pressure of 1,000 pounds to the square inch. The foundations for the pumps are in and the pumps will be delivered in January. These are guaranteed to carry to Hazleton 3,300,000 gallons per 24 hours. There has been an 8-inch connection put into both Hazleton No. 1 and the new Hazleton shaft plants, so that we can force a large volume of water to either of these places in case of emergency. The whole cost of this work up to this time has been \$100,000. There has also been expended on the reservoirs at Hazleton \$35,500 and on Delano Water Supply \$13,600.

The general condition of the Company's property has been Supply \$13,600.

The general condition of the Company's property has been maintained up to the usual standard during the past year.

The length of lines embraced in the Lehigh Valley system, including second track, branches. &c., is as follows:

Division— Easton & Amboy RB., incl. all	Main Single Track. Miles.	Line.— Second Track. Miles.	Branches, and Sidings. Miles.	Total, Miles,
Lines east of Phillipsburg	107-927	84-397	154-911	347-235
Lehigh Division	58.373	47.577	129.825	235.775
Wyoming Division	191.278	73-141	132.907	397-32
Beaver Meadow Division	19:218	9.556	20.455	49-229
Hazleton Division	51.663	12.906	53.210	117-779
Mahanoy Division	95.164	40.736	57.203	193 103
Pottsville Division	40.514		12.291	52.805
Penna. & New York Division.		173.490	129.358	596-75
Buffalo Division	128.731	97.852	99.949	326 532
Auburn Division			66.757	367 384
Easton & Northern RR	8.137		2.047	10-184
(Pote)	1 005.200	E20.055	020,010	0.004

The Depew & Tonawanda Railroad, referred to in our lag report, was opened for business November 15th, and all traffic destined for Suspension Bridge and west thereof, and east-bound traffic, which was formerly delivered to and received from the New York Central Railroad at Batavia, now goes over our own main line to Depew, and thence over the new line to North Tonawanda, in all 30-62 miles, at compared with 36:35 miles by the New York Central RR.

The equipment belonging to the various companies composing the Lehigh Valley system on November 30, 1896, was

I am a management	
Locomotives Chair cars Passenger cars Corbination cars Dining cars Baggage and mail cars Postal cars Express cars	750   Special cars

The total capacity in tons of 2,000 pounds of our freight

and coal car equipment is 905,020 tons.

The expense for maintenance of equipment has been increased this year by extraordinary work made necessary by the enactment of laws of the various States and of the United States, as follows:

Cost of equipping cars with Master Car Builders' Couplers. \$55,10312 Cost of equipping cars with air-brakes. 27,5338 Cost of raising cars to secure standard height of draw bars. 26,279 &

### THE LEHIGH VALLEY COAL COMPANY.

The following table is summarized from the report of A. Lathrop, General Superintendent of the Lehigh W. A. Lathrop, General Superintendent of the Lenig Valley Coal Company, and shows the tonnage of that Company's collieries:

				1896. Tons.	1895. Tons.	1894. Tons.
Amou	nt of coalsl	ippe	d from collieries			
				,819,757	2,619,960	2,061,11
Amou	nt of coal s	hippe	ed by tenants2	,278,434	2,864,090	2,822,135
To	tal		5	,098,191	5,484,050	4,883,250
From	Wyoming 1	egio	n2	383,951	2,693,040	1,917,221
66	Lehigh	4.6		684,980	653.233	1,185,896
4.6	Pottsville	6.6		119,974	142,796	15 4441
66	Mahanov	46	1	142,366	1.994.981	1.627,690
44	Shamokin	44		766,940		
To	tal		5	,098,191	5,484,050	4,883,250
III o mil	na a decree	4-	n the room 1906		205	Q50 tons

The present capacity of the collieries operated by the Coal Company per day of ten hours, as shown by the results during the year, is about 17,966 tons, an increase of 2.275 tons as compared with the capacity at the close of the fiscal year of 1895, due principally to our acquisition of the collierie upon the Locust Mountain property and to Primrose, which

was idle in 1895.

Seven hundred and ninety-two thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven and eleven one-hundred ths tons were shipped from property covered by mortgage, making the gross sun set aside for the sinking fund this year \$79,286 75, the amount last year being \$77,841 55.

last year being \$77,841 55.

The cold storage plant at West Superior has been completed and kept in successful operation throughout the year. Active operations upon the Calumet dock, which is located at One Hundredth Street, South Chicago, were commenced on February 1st, 1896, and the machinery completed and put in operation July 13th. The plan is designed to transfer cold directly from vessels to cars or to put it into storage and later to transfer it to cars. It consists of three large woods storage sieds and a set of reloading pockets along the doc front, all covered with corrugated iron. Both the storage sheds and pockets are provided with necessary elevators screens, conveyors and other appliances for economical handling. The coal is unloaded from vessels by means of five towers, with automatic clam shell buckets. The entire coat of the plant, machinery, dock repairs, dredging slip. handling. The coal is unloaded from vessels by means of five towers, with automatic clam shell buckets. The entire cost of the plant, machinery, dock repairs, dredging slip. &c., was \$205,847 81, exclusive of the cost of the real estate. This dock, though differently designed, works upon the same general principle as our dock at West Superior and is most satisfactory. The average cost of discharging vessels at West Superior during the boating season was 3.63 cents per gross ton, and at Calumet Dock, for three months, the average cost was 5.49 cents per gross ton, a saginst a cost of gross ton, and at Calumet Dock, for three months, the arerage cost was 5.49 cents per gross ton, as against a cost of 17.17 cents per gross ton under the old system at Chicago Avenue and 19.06 cents per gross ton at Harrison Street Chicago. The reason for a higher cost at Calumet Dock that at West Superior is because of the lack of experience in handling the machinery. Next season should show the cost of discharging at each to be the same.

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Rails Cons Equi Real Mate Cash Brow don Due Due Bills

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Profit To

Total, Miles.

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nence er co ge and rooden e dock torage rators. ans of g slip. estate. same most

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Cartrust certificates Lehigh Valley Terminal Railway. Phil. & Read. RR., lessees...

The coal yards and stocking grounds owned and controlled by our railroad and coal companies, together with their re-spective tonnage capacities, are located as follows:

epecure comme	Tuns.		Tons.
at to-har		Buff., Louisiana St. Yard	1,500
Perth Amboy	310,000	Buffalo, Seneca St. Yard	500
South Plainfield	40,000	Buffalo, Main St. Yard	. 500
Jersey City What Street	5,000	Chicago, Calumet Dock.	75,000
Jersey City, Grand Street Newark, Hambu g Place	6.000	Chicago, Chic., Av. Yard	39,000
Newark, Hambu g rand St.		Chic., Harrison St. Yard	17,000
Newark, South Broad St. Newark, Orange Street.		Chic., 1 hirty-first St. Yard	16,000
Newark, Orange Street.	75,000	Chicago, Twenty-second	1 .
Ithaca Docks	50,000		
Rochester Trestle	4,000		100,000
Rochester Trestie		St. Paul Yard	
Buffalo, Cheektowaga	163,000	Minneapolis Yard	
Trestle Buffalo, Tifft-Farm	90,000		
Buffalo, Tint-Parin	4,000	:	1,226,000
Buff., Lehigh Docks, No. 1	7,000	,	-,,
Buff., Lehigh Docks, No. 2	1,000		

There has been no change during the year either in the Board of Directors or the general officers.

By order of the Board of Directors.

E. P. WILBUR, President.

ARRICH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.

CONDENSED GENERAL BALANCE		NOVEMBER		AND	1895
			189		
	189	ti.	195	90.	

	Assett	9.		
	18	96.	18	895.
Railroad	187,328 $23,970,672$ $2,023,813$ $1,196,645$	846,015,61	18,304,034 $29,869$ $21,404,929$ $3,112,559$ $1,277,818$	44,129,209
Cash and cash assets		1,656,221	1	3,874,804
Brown, Shipley & Co., Lon- don.  Due by station agents	686,776		740,313	2,661,592
Due by individuals and companies	731,448		544,244 361,067	
		1,871,463		1,645,624
Mortgages receivable Stocks of railroad and water lines, included in Lehigh Valley system	7,227,422	755,917	! 17,424,285	815,738
Bonds of railroad and water lines, included in Lehigh Valley system			2,927,500	
water lines, included in Lehigh Valley system	5,767,400		4,433,411	
Louigh , many system		25,928,123		24,785,196
Stocks of allied coal cos	1,273,809		1,273,979	
Bonds of Leh. Val. Coal Co.	1,400,000		1,675,000	
Bonds of other coal cos	1,023,222		201,000	
Advances to Lehigh Valley Coal Co	5,166,890		3,307,033	
Advances to other con- trolled coal companies	250,724	9,114,645	275,584	6.732.601
Stocks of other companies.	707,615	0,114,040	401,115	0,702,001
Bonds of other companies.	236,745		89.145	
Advances to other cos	619.799		510,226	
Cartwest certificates Lehigh		1,564,159		1,000,489

*	91,117,134		\$89,711,317
Liabiliti	iee		
2,500011111	1896.		1895.
Canital stock			\$40,441,100
Capital stock\$	40,441,100		
Funded debt	34,110,000		34,173,000
Car Trust Bonds	1,450,000		********
Bills payable	2,453,000		2,498,254
Sterling bonds drawn, uncalled for	5,000		4,000
Dividends, &c., uncalled for	4.067		5.741
Bond interest due, uncalled for	30.972		26,352
Bond interest due Dec. 1st, prox	840,078		895,440
Mortgages on real estate	347,852		347,574
Lehigh Valley Ter. Ry. Co	1.456,270		1,459,807
Pay checks, &c., outstanding	172,239		88,954
Incurance fond (Dec Line)	142,000		118,000
Insurance fund, "Bee Line"		- 1	
Unadjusted tax accounts	419,775		403,971
Unadjusted lease accounts	153,975	,	169,625
Phila. & R. RR. Co., lessees, constr'n.	1,104,487		949,743
Phila. & R. RR. Co., lessees, equip	452,042	1	452,042
Profit and loss	7,534,277		7,672,713
Total	01 117 194	1 6	20 711 217

1,000,000 3,210,991

LEHIGH VALLEY COAL COMPANY. CONDENSED GENERAL BALANCE SHEET NOVEMBER 30, 1895 AND 1896

-	1896.	1895.
Coal properties	\$4,739,927 75	\$4,855,585 0
Colliery improvements	5,532,924 44	4,998,550 96
Advanced royal les	3,502,953 35	3,203,310 57
West Sup rior coal storage	351.855 01	293,564 33
Calumet Dock	215,615 03	
Cash	363,583 99	820,067 02
Autes and in Figages receivable	601.317.46	631,561 47
Interest in allied companies	703.568 00	693,568 00
Royanties due by lessees	39.522 83	59,061 24
Due for coal sold	2.168.259 32	2,245,661 33
Sundry debtor accounts	256.675.98	240,676 75
Coal on hand as per inventory	2.690,285 03	1.363,570 03

Total		\$19,407,116 66
Pl-4-1		
Bonds canceled in 1896. 18,000 00	1,933 91	1,933 91
Coal on hand as per inventory Trustees of sinking fund\$19,933 91	2,690,285 03	1,363,570 03

1895

Capital stock. First mortgage 5 per cent gold loan.		\$650,00 11,800,00
SHOW SHOP DODGA	500 000 00	500,00
Sundry credit accounts, including	5,166,889 85	3,304,49
AUDURE due operators for Nov. coal	1 140 000 47	1,133,24
Profit and loss.	1,928,551 78	2,019,37
Total	\$21,168,422 10	\$19,407,11

# The Commercial Times.

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Jan. 15, 1897.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Jan. 15, 1897.

A gradual opening up of trade is to be noted for the past week. Thus far, however, dealings have been confined almost exclusively to supplies necessary for immediate requirements, and in some lines of merchandise business has been disappointing, resulting in a slight weakening of tone, although values have not suffered. The indications still point to an increasing trade as the year advances, and hence the general feeling has continued hopeful. The signing of the arbitration treaty between England and the United States has been a topic of deep interest and has generally been commented upon favorably. Doubt, however, has been expressed over its ratification by the present Congress. The monetary conference held at Indianapolis was largely attended. It declared for the maintenance of the present gold standard, the retirement of the demand obligations of the Government and in favor of the appointment of a commission to devise means for currency reform.

Lard on the spot has been in slightly increased demand for export, but an extensive business has been checked by the high ocean freight rate. Prices have advanced and the close was steady at 4 25c. for prime Western, 3.85c. for prime City and 4 60c. for refined for the Continent. There was no trading in the local market for lard futures, but at the West there has been moderate buying by shorts to cover contraces, stimulated by a decreasing movement of swine, closing steady.

Western.
The Brazil grades of coffee have had very little call and values have weakened slightly. At the close the market was steady at 10c. for Rio No. 7. Mild grades have been in only moderate request, but prices have been maintained, closing at 15%c. for good Cucuta and 22%@23%c. for standard Java. The market for contracts has been quiet, and under free of ferings by local traders prices have declined. The close was steadier on buying by shorts to cover contracts.

The following were the closing prices:

Jan. 1940e. Japill. 960e. July 965e.

UMI

1

sho

Sales since Sep. 1, '96" 18,469,200 7,107,800

403,400

5,272,800

187,300

1,866,500 . ...

285,400 12.1

125,800 2.8.7

130,100 7.33

3,900 7.10

3,700

17,400 7.01

7.02

• Inc The

THE those to The

### COTTON.

FRIDAY NIGHT, January 15, 1897.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 151,841 bales, against 196,537 bales last week and 219,132 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1896, 5,371,631 bales, against 3,799,835 bales for the same period of 1895-6, showing an increase since Sep.1, 1896, of 1,471,896 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	5,734	7,607	4,721	6,998	2,306	6,563	33,929
Tex. City, &c.	*****		*****	941	*****	2,743	3,684
New Orleans	6,365	11,394	14,661	6,095	5,540	6,177	50,232
Mobile	138	3,594	770	766	183	1,274	6,775
Florida	*****		******	***	******	6,272	6,272
Savannah	1,205	1,580	2,981	1,719	2,910	2,152	12,547
Brunsw'k, &c.	*****	*****				2,598	2,599
Charleston	1,529	994	324	712	1,216	1,930	6,705
Pt. Royal, &c.	*****				*****	8	8
Wilmington	628	458	878	623	697	843	4,127
Wash'ton, &c.			*****			28	28
Horfolk	1,504	3,558	2,343	1,342	1,194	1,087	11,029
Newport N.,&c.						375	375
New York	1,275		1,429	*****	759	*****	3,463
Boston	1,410	1,143	770	1,345	1,178	721	€,567
Baltimore						2,018	2,048
Philadelph'a,&c	296	99	347	33	135	545	1,455
Fot'ls this week	20,134	30,427	29,224	20.574	16.118	35,364	151,841

The following shows the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1896, and the stock to-night, compared with list year

Receipts to	189	96-97.	189	95-96.	Sto	ok.
Jan. 15.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1896.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1895.	1897.	1896.
Galveston	33,929	1,116,062	16,394	726,984	160,266	113,831
Tex. C., &c.	3,684	74,353	5,050	72,332	6,299	15,819
New Orleans	50,232	1,590,564	39,158	1,267,302	402,408	382,069
Mobile	6,775	215,496	8,021	147,878	36,622	40,896
Florida	6,272	62,990	192	19,916		
Savannah	12,547	652,470	12,813	557,314	81,139	90,911
Br'wick, &c	2,598	125,400	1,698	89,512	12,037	2.043
Charleston	6,705	330,256	3,327	221,340	38,591	46,837
P.Royal,&c	8	59,423	3,630	41,473		
Wilmington.	4,127	214,929	3,711	140,654	21,364	25,357
Wash'n,&c.	26	753	17	696		
Norfolk	11,029	595,733	13,139	217,935	37,280	60,057
N'port N., &c.	375	12,778	2,726	146,630	1,981	10,918
New York	3,463	38,149	2,570	28,132	290,902	193,800
Boston	6,567	114,968	5,028	69,597	33,000	34,000
Baltimore	2,048	40,670	1,269	27,114	27,415	23,103
Philadel., &c.	1,455	27,637	514	25,116	10,518	9,877
Totals	151,841	5,271,631	119,837	3,799,825	1,159,820	1,049,418

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1897.	1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.	1892.
Galves'n &c,	37,613	21,944	50,953	22,983	20,132	17,435
New Orleans	50,232	39,158	69,648	50,701	50,018	43,407
Mobile	6,775	8,021	5,938	6,551	2,571	2,401
Bavannah	12,547	12,813	16,190	24,633	10,203	9,819
Chas'ton, &c	6,713	7,007	16,342	7,119	2,167	4,354
Wilm'ton, &e	4,155	3,728	4,195	6,562	1,043	1,395
Norfolk	11,028	13,139	11,469	12,364	3,853	6,494
N. News, &c.	375	2,726	7,815	6,055	2,803	5,089
All others	22,403	11,301	27,256	22,944	8,914	12,241
fot, this wk.	151,841	119,837	209,806	159,917	101,737	102,638
Since Sept. 1	5271.631	3799.825	5805,504	4642.692	3909.139	5296 933

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 229,048 bales, of which 129,779 were to Great Britain, 39 969 to France and 59,300 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1, 1898.

Exports	Week	Ending Export	Jan. 15 ed to-	, 1897.	From Sept 1, 1896, to Jan. 15, 1897 Exported to-			
from-	Great Brit'n.	Prance	Conti-	Total Week.	Great Britain.	Prance	Conti- nent.	Total.
Galvesten	27,570	6,333	845	34,748	580,299	141,778	192,085	914,162
Tex. City, &c.			278	276	*******		14,077	14,077
New Orleans.	37,941	32,184	22,155	92.280	553.045	278,616	357,156	1,18 ,817
Mobile	14,046	*****	850	14,896	101,139		14,077	115,916
Florida	6,000			6,000	45,784	* 11	4,872	50,156
Savannah			24,214	24,214	40,764	15,341	255 532	311,641
Brunswick		*****			67,604		3,865	71,469
Charleston	6,026	*****	6,303	12,329	74,809		149,597	224,406
Port Royal				** ***	56,474	*****		56,674
Wilmington		*****			95,431	*****	87,371	182,809
Norfolk	3,122		*****	3,122	128,464	5,200	30,600	164, 64
N'port N., &c			*****		6,799			6,799
New York	23,292	1,452	2,496	27,24	175,311	14,741	92,781	282,823
Beston	7,569	*****	304	7,873	143,058		1,579	144,637
Baitimore	3,907		1,857	5,764	49,489	5,752	36,7:6	92, 27
Philadelphia	3.0			306	6,362		349	6,7:1
S. Fran., &c,	*****	******	*****	******	93		22,570	22,663
Total	129,779	39,969	59,300	229,048	2,125,129	461,428	1,262,757	3,849,354
Total, 1895-96.	97,651	33,203	21,827	155,774	1,173,706	343,978	980,178	2,498,162

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night ale give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, as cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Mean Lambert & Barrows, Produce Exchange Building.

	ON SHIPBOARD, NOT CLEARED FOR-						
Jan. 15 at-	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Slock.	
New Orleans	8,932	18,592	13,087	4,074	41,685	357,7	
Galveston	20,627	10,368	11,348	4,082	46,405	113,8	
Savannah	6,000	None.	4,000	None,	10,000	71,1	
Charleston	2,300	None.	8,500	500	11,300	27,2	
Mobile	12,000	None.	3,000	None.	15,000	21,6	
Norfolk	17,000	None.	6,000	3,000	26,000	11,2	
New York	5,400	900	2,650	None.	8,850	282,0	
Other ports	32,000	None.	19,000	None.	51,000	61,6	
Total 1897.	104,259	29,760	67,585	11.636	213,240	946,5	
Total 1896 .	83,219	10,645	72,207	17,469	193,538	855,6	
Total 1895	172,773	29,907	111,523	16,019	330,222	727.3	

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has continue quiet and the change in prices for the week has been toward a slightly lower basis. Saturday the market advance slightly, reflecting stronger foreign advices, which were a companied by a few buying orders. The South also made limited number of purchases. Monday there was a decided easier turn to the market. The receipts were in excess estimates and both foreign and Southern holders of cottal turned sallers. As prices waskened stop orders were restained. estimates and both foreign and Southern holders of cother turned sellers. As prices weakened stop orders were reached which added to the depression. The cleaves at the botton prices of the day, and 17 to 21 points below Saturday's find quotations. Tuesday there was a slight recovery. A reduced crop estimate, together with better f reign advices the expected, stimulated something of a demand from shorts cover contracts. The South also was a limited buyer.

The net gain in prices for the day was 7 to 9 point Wednesday the market was quiet and no changes of a nature occurred in values. The close showed a loss of the contract of the c

The net gain in prices for the day was 7 to 9 points. Wednesday the market was quiet and no changes of a nature occurred in values. The close showed a loss 1 to 3 points for the day, more from the absence of specularity eitherest than new developments. Thursday the marked was weaker during early 'Change under rumors of an acreased crop estimate. Subsequently, however, reports of a decreased crop movement in the interior induced buyist, and the loss was more than recovered, and for the day prices showed an advance of 1 to 2 points. To day the market we quiet and unsettled. The opening was 1 to 3 points lowe under disappointing foreign advices, then followed a advance of 4 to 6 points on the execution of a few buying orders. Subsequently the weekly statement of the interior crop movement prompted selling and prices declined 6 to points. Toward the close, however, shorts bought to common the spot has been quiet. Monday prices advanced 3 to 5 points for the day. Cotto on the spot has been quiet. Monday prices advanced 3 to 10 the spot has been quiet. Monday prices advanced 3 to 10 the spot has been quiet and unchanged middling uplands closing at 7 5-16c.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week at 712,200 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales for to spot this week 4,930 bales, including 2,431 for export, 1,16 for consumption, — for speculation and 1,400 on contact The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week—January 9 to J-nu-ry 15.

On the basis of the rates on and off middling as established.

ast week—January 9 to J-nu-ry 15.

On the basis of the rates on and off middling as establish

by the Revision Committee, the prices for a few of the grades would be as follows:

UPLANDS.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Pri.
Good Ordinary Low Middling. Middling. Good Middling. Middling Fair.	638 7 739 71116 814	614 678 714 79.8 818	6'14 6'516 75., 788 8'16	65 6 61516 751. 758 8 16	6516 61516 7516 758 83-6	61 61 74 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83
GULF.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Pri
Good Ordinary.  Low Middling.  Middling.  Good Middling.  Middling Fair.	6 <sup>5</sup> 8 7 <sup>1</sup> 4 7 <sup>5</sup> 8 7 <sup>15</sup> 16 8 <sup>1</sup> 2	61g 71g 71g 713 <sub>16</sub> 83g	69 <sub>16</sub> 73 <sub>16</sub> 7*16 77 <sub>8</sub> 87 <sub>16</sub>	69 <sub>16</sub> 7°16 79 <sub>16</sub> 77 <sub>8</sub> 87 8	69 <sub>16</sub> 7 16 79 <sub>16</sub> 77 <sub>8</sub> 87 <sub>18</sub>	67 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
STAINED.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Pri.
Low Middling	6 <sup>1</sup> 8 7 7 <sup>5</sup> 39 7 <sup>3</sup> 8	6 6 <sup>7</sup> 8 7 <sup>1</sup> 33 7 <sup>1</sup> 4	6116 61516 7339 75.6	61 <sub>16</sub> 615 <sub>1</sub> 6 73 <sub>32</sub> 75 6	6 16 615 <sub>16</sub> 73,9 75 <sub>16</sub>	61 y 61 y 73 y 75 y

MARKET AND SALES.

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales of cotton on the spot and for future delivered to day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also as a column which shows at a glance how the market closeds.

		SALE	SALES OF SPOT AND CONTRACT.						
	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	Fr- port.	Con-	Spec- ul't'n	Con-	Total.	Sales (		
Monday.	Dull at 316 adv Quiet at 18 dec	1,834	769		500	3,103	101,9 187,2		
Wed'day	Quiet at 116 adv.	****	90 104		500 300	590 404	129,0 102,4 92,2		
Friday	Dull Quiet	600	48 85	****	100	785	99,6		
fotal		2,434	1.096		1.400	4,930	712,9		

5500000000 357,72 113,86 71,13 27,29 21,62 11,29 292,03 61,61 0 946,5

8 en toward ch were a also made; a decided n excess of cotton re reached the botton rday's fin A reduced vices that in shorts to

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of a radied a loss of specular he marke of an is eports of a day price arket we ints lower llowed a ew buying ne interim ined 6 to

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Sales (

712,9

stablishe ew of the Th. Pt. 65<sub>16</sub> 65<sub>1</sub> 61<sub>516</sub> 65<sub>8</sub> 75<sub>16</sub> 75<sub>8</sub> 75<sub>8</sub> 75 83<sub>16</sub> 85<sub>8</sub> Th. Fri 69<sub>16</sub> 69<sub>1</sub> 7 16 75<sub>1</sub> 79<sub>16</sub> 75<sub>1</sub> 77<sub>8</sub> 75 87<sub>16</sub> 87<sub>1</sub> Th. Fri 

101,98 187,38 129,08 102,48 92,38 99,68

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES at New York, are

8	THE	SALES in the	following	g compr	ehensiv	e table.	- 1	
	Average price, week	Sales, total. Prices paid (range) Closing.	Thursday, Jan. 14— Sales, total. Prices paid (range) Closing.	Wednesd'y, Jan.13— Sales, total	Tuesday, Jan. 12— Sales, total	Monday, Jan. 11— Sales, total. Prices paid (range) Closing.	: @:	1 -
10,400,200		0 0	63	Easier. 102,400 6-91 # 7-34 Steady.	Firmer. 128,900 6.94% 7.35 Steady.	Lower 187,200 6.94% 7.39 Steady.	7.062 7.48 Steady.	Range and Total Sales.
008'/01'/	7.00	6.97 % 6.98 6.97 ~ 6.98	Av'ge 7.00 200 6-99- 7.00	Av'ge 6:98 1,000 6:91 # 7:00 6:98— 7:00	Av'ge 6.97 200 6.96# 6.98 6.99— 7.01	Av'ge 7.01 1,600 6.93	7.06 7.11 7.10 7.12	January.
403,400	7.02	6-96-9 6-96 6-97- 6-96	7.00 Av'ge. 6.99 200 3,000 7.00 6.96 2 7.02 7.01 7.02 - 7.03	Av'ge., 6:98 Av'ge., 7:01 Av'ge., 7:09 Av'ge., 7:16 Av'ge., 7:22 Av'ge., 7:22 1,000 6:91.000 6:91.000 6:98.00 7:00 7:00 7:00 7:00 7:00 7:00 7:00 7	Avge., 697 Avge., 7-01 Avge. 7-07 Avge. 6-969 698 694 7-03 7-019 7-12 7-079 6-99 7-01 7-02 7-04 7-10 7-11 7-16	Av'se. 7.00 5,400 6.94.9 7.06 6.93— 6.95	Av'ge., 7700 Av'ge., 7712 Av'ge., 7719 Av'ge., 7725 Av'ge., 7734 Av'ge., 7741 7069 711 7019 713 7139 724 7227 728 729 727 736 710- 712 713- 714 721- 722 727 728 735-736 740- 741	February.
5,272,800	7.09	7700	7787	Av'ge 7.09 46,700 7.032 7.12 7.08— 7.09	Av'ge. 7.07 58,600 7.01 # 7.12 7.10 — 7.11	Av'ga 7.06 81,500 7.00@ 7.14	Av'ge 7-19 / 50,300 7-13@ 7-24 7-21— 7-22	March.
187,300	7.15	7.102 7.102	Av'ge 7:12 1,100 7:10# 7:18 7:16— 7:17	Av'ge 7:16 1.400 7:11.9 7:18 7:14- 7:16	Av'ge 7:14 A 2,100 2,079 7:18 7:16— 7:18	Av'ge 7·13 3.600 7·08 2 7·20 7·07 7·08	Av'ge 7.25 Av'ge 7.34 2,000 39,500 7.23	April.
1,866,500	7.23	7·15 a 7·26 7·18 - 7·18	Av'ge.: 7-19 34.100 7-169 7-23 7-22- 7-23	Av'ge. 7:22 45,000 7:16a 7:26 7:21 - 7:22	7.14 Av'ge 7.21 Av'ge 100 56,100 7.18 7.15 7.25 7.19 a 7.18 7.23 7.24 7.27	Av'ge 7.20 79,900 7.14.2 7.27 7.14.2 7.15	Av'ge 7·34 39,500 7·27@ 7·38 7·35— 7·36	PRIOES A
285,400	8.700 7-27	7.18 7.18 7.26 7.29 7.23 7.29 7.18 7.15 7.25 7.23 7.29 7.27 7.27 7.27 7.29	Av'ge 7.23 1,100 7.22 a 7.27 7.27 - 7.28	Av'ge. 7.22 1,300 7.21 a 7.23 7.25 — 7.27	Av'ge 7.25 7.19 a 7.27 7.27 — 7.28	Av'ge 7.23 3,400 7.20 a 7.31 7.19 — 7.20	Av'ge 7.41 1,600 7.35@ 7.44 7.40— 7.41	ND SALES
125,800	7,100	Av'ge 7:30 1,000 7:27 7:33 7:26 7:27	Avgs. 719 Avgs. 723 Avgs. 731 Avgs. 727 31,100 7169 723 7229 727 7219 732 732 732 732 722 732 731 731 732 732 732 733	Av'ge 7.28 300 7.26@ 7.30 7.29— 7.31	Avge. 7.25 Avge. 7.25 Avge. 7.32 Avge. 7.00 7.00 7.19a 7.27 7.23a 7.34 7.35 7.04a 3 7.27- 7.28 7.33 7.34 7.33 7.34 7.08 -	Ar'ge., 701 Ar'ge., 700 Ar'ge., 706 Ar'ge., 713 Ar'ge., 720 Ar'ge., 723 Ar'ge., 731 Ar'ge., 734 Ar'ge., 731 Ar'ge.	Ar'ge. 7.41 Ar'ge. 7.45 Ar'ge. 3.0 7.35@ 7.44 7.41@ 7.46 7.40@ 7.46—	Prii. May. June. July. August
130,100	35,600 7.38	Ar'ge 7:30 Ar'ge 7:31 Ar'ge 7:27a 7:38 7:26a 7:34 — a 7:26a 7:27 7:28 7:03 —	7.25 a 7.32 7.32 - 7.33	Av'ge 7.28 Av'ge 7.29 Av'ge 300 3,200 7.260 7.30 7.260 7.34 — 9 7.29 7.06 —	Av'ge 7.32 7,700 7.30 a 7.35 7.33 — 7.34	Av'ge 7:34 Av'ge 37:700 7:26 # 7:39 7:00 # 7:25 - 7:26 7:00 -	Av'ge., 7.46 Av'ge., 3,000 - 2,40 - 7.45 - 20,717 - 20	
3.900	2,000 7·10	Av'ge 7·10 500 - 3 7·10 7·03 - 7·05	7.04.2 7.07-	Av'ge 7.08	Av'ge. 7.07	Av'ge 7-08 300 7-00 a 7-12 7-00 - 7-02	Av'ge., 7:20 100 - # 7:20 7:17- 7:19	September. October.
3.700	7.000	. 7·10 Av'ge., 6·94 Av'ge., 6·98 Av'ge., 6·96 Av'ge., 6·94 Av'ge., 6·94 Av'ge., 6·96 Av'ge., 6·9	7.06 Av'ge., 6.95 Av'ge., 6.96 Av'ge., 7.0 700 100 2.400 7.07 1:9579 6.93 6.93 6.93 - 9.70 7.08 6.97 6.99 6.98 6.99 - 9.70	. 7.08 Av'se 7.01 Av'se 7.01 Av'se 7.0 100 200 7.08 7.02 7.02 7.03 7.05 100 - 7.07 6.39 - 7.00 6.99 - 7.03 7.05	7.07 Av'ga	7.05 AY'88 6.96 AY'88 7.01 AY'88 — 7.02 - 3 6.96 6.96 3 7.09 - 3 - 7.02 6.96 6.96 5.96 - 7.09 - 3 - 7.02 6.96 6.96 5.96 6.96 7.09 - 3 - 7.02 6.96 6.96 6.96 7.09 - 3 - 7.02 6.96 6.96 6.96 7.09 - 3 - 7.02 6.96 6.96 6.96 7.09 - 3 - 7.02 6.96 6.96 6.96 7.09 - 7.02 6.96 6.96 6.96 7.09 - 7.02 6.96 6.96 6.96 7.09 6.96 7.09 6.96 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.0	7-20 Av'ge 7-11 Av'ge 7-14 Av'ge 7-19 7-10 7-10 7-15 7-15 7-15 7-15 7-15 7-15 7-15 7-15	- 1
17 400	7.01	Av'ge 6:98 4,800 6:93 7:00 6:94 - 6:96	Av'ge 6:98 6:93 # 6:98 6:98 - 6:98	Av'ge 7-01 2,500 7-00# 7-03 6-99- 7-07	Av'ge 6.98 400 6.95 <b>a</b> 7.00 7.02— 7.05	Av'ge 7-01 6-96 a 7-09 6-95 — 6-97	Av'go 7:14 1,100 7:09	November.
000	7.02	- 6 -	Av'ge 7.0	Ar'ge 7.0	Av'ge	Av'80.	Av'ge	December

Includes sales in September, for Sertember, 15,100: September October, for October, 344.800; September-November, for November, 372,000; September-December, for December, 2,290,000.

The following exchanges have been mare during the week:

'08 pd. to exch. 400 Feb. for Meb.

'24 pd. to exch. 10 Meb. for Aug.
'14 pd. to exch. 2,50 Meb. for May.
'04 pd. to exch. 10 May for June,
'07 pd. to exch. 10 May for June,
'07 pd. to exch. 600 Feb for Meb.

THE VISILE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to lhursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Jan. 15), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

4		1897.	1896	1895	1894.
9	Stock at Liverpool bales.	1.147,000	1.111,000	1,427,000	1,507,000
	Stock at London	7,000	6,000	6,000	7,000
	Total Great Britain stock.	1.154.000	1.117.000	1.433.000	1.514.000
	stock at Hamburg	18,000	23,000		20,000
	stock at Bremen	192,000	240,000		229,000
	Stock at Amsterdam	6,000	8,000	15,000	15,000
	Stock at Rotterdam	300	200	200	200
	Stock at Antwerp	12,000	16,000	10,000	13,000
	Stock at Havre	202,000	305,000	467,000	418,000
	Stock at Marseilles	5,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
	Stock at Barcelona	52,000	72,000	72,000	56,000
	Stock at Genoa	43,000	48,000		13,000
	Stock at Trieste	15,000	16,000	17,000	18,000
	Total Continental stocks	545,300	734,200	916,200	788,200
	Total European stocks	1,699,300	1,851,200	2,349,200	2,302,200
	India cotton affoat for Europe	60,000	124,000	23,000	83,000
	Amer.cotton afloat for Europe	628,000	372,000	776,000	590,000
	Egypt, Brazil, &c., aft. for E'pe	52,000	51,000	55,000	69,000
	Stock in United States ports .	1,159,820	1,049,418	1,077,504	1,106,973
	Stock in U. S. interior towns	532,119	552,608	530,024	432,721
*	United States exports to-day.	33,948	64,776	34,925	34,009
	Total visible supply	4,165,087	4,065,002	4,845,653	4,617,903
	Of the above, totals of Americ	an and oth	er descrip	tions are a	s follows:
	American-				
	Liverpool stockbales.	997,000	925,000	1,277,000	1.261.000
	Continental stocks	469,000	664,000	810,000	687,000
	American affoat for Europe	628,000	372,000	776,000	590,000
	United States stock	1,159,820	1,049,414	1,077,504	1,106,973
	United States interior stocks.	532,119	552,608	530,024	432,721
	United States exports to-day.	33,848	64,776	34,925	34,009
ļ	Total American.	3,819,787	3,627,802	4,505,433	4,111,703
	East Indian, Brazil, &c.—	150,000	186,000	150,000	246,000
1	London stock	7,000	6,000	6,000	7,000
	Continental stocks	76,300	70,200	106,200	101,200
1	india afloat for Europe	60,000	124,000	23,000	83,000
ı	Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	52,000	51,000	55,000	69,000
1	Total Fast India &c	245 300	4 2 7 200	240 200	506 200

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since September 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1895-96—is set out in detail below.

Total,	Houston,	Dallad,	Бгеппып,	TA GOTTA TITO	Nachville	Memrhia	Green Wood	Corningra,	CILICIAN	Charles	Raleigh	Charlotte.	St. Louis,	I SZOO CITY,	ATDOOR OF A	Charles,	Natahar	Meridian	Greenville	Columbus	Shreveport	Louisville,	тошо,	Carred Li	Manon	Columbna	Augusta	Atlanta.	Athena.	Albany.	Little Roo	Helena,	Sema,	моникошегу	Euraula,	1		•	
Total, 31 towns	:		TEXAS			TENNESSY		O. CAROLINA	•			N.CAROLINA		Y					*	, MISSISSIPPI.	-	net KENTUCKY.					:		**	GEORGIA	•	ARKANSAS.		ту,	ALABAMA			Town	
82,342	29,521	1,088	682	1 11	10,000	10 086	225	0/0	0,072	0000	192	474	11,752	1,315	1,040	1,101	1 161	550	500	395	1,464	315	430	104	200	6,00	2 451	675	937	151	1.075	1,394	422	1,172	55		This	Re	Mose
3,684,729	1,108,086	48,731	46,962	20,112	10,000	490 370	13,415	888,62	19,380	10000	20 061	-		55,769		20,000	E 0 000				an		56,492		200	41,000	941050	11274	49 × 12	31 455	70.562	47.333	65,160	116,948	14,8:0	1	Sept 1 '96	Receipts	sement to January
102.428	ص		1,313	_	-	12.176	310	070	0,400	0 100	439	474	11,16	8/6'T	2,100	0 200	500		1.053	1,224	2,839	235	1,110	6/6	1,000	1,000	B 400	3.8	1,50	1.608	2.877	1.465	1.197	3,316	144	1	7	Bhium't	mary 15,
532 119	49,000	852	4,168	010	TOE TOU	166 497	125	*****	0,000	R P	750	100	56,965	17,292	17.62	10,110	12770	1.415	12.000	2,871	24,799	540	3,747	CIPIE	10,114	100,000	46,000	772	9 487	3 494	7.440	11.595	8.130	24,562	3,280		Jan. 15.		, 1897.
52.694	13,520	447	344	367	0,000	# #CO	75	50	3,597	2000	000	202	9.342	900	1,692	808	200	400	230	539	1.743	168	405	448	40/	2,204	000	200	200	200	275	852	262	1.000	81	******	This	Re	Hope
2 913 732	839,369	35.667	45,654	13,806	363,113	2001	12 -93	11.189	124,001	11,100	10,000	15 397	433.220					20,100	081.00	24.205	69.548	3,506	46,565	46,987	42,657	139,327	620'87	20,100	40,040	90,020	26,000	43.955	39.749	104.936	15.551	ocher, ao.	Since	Receipts.	ment to January 17, 1896.
65.496	24,815	-	_	-	-	dige	_	50	2,82H	120	100	199	6.415	1100	2.233	1,170	100	100	000	547	2.647	168	882	890	256	4,443	1,814	1,200	100	200	100	9 1 100	480	2 161	359	BEEK.	This		mary 17
559 308	32	953	10		150	-	950	_	8.752			10,000	76 835	19.670	21.5=9	12,434	3,008	0,000	7 6	2 700	30.939		8	8.156	13,249	43,403	80c,71	14.397	160,0	41,000	20,000	10,000	200	20.092	3.360		Jan 17		1896.

\* This year's figures estimated.
\* Last year's figures are for Newberry, S. C.

The above totals show that the interior stocks have decreased furing the week 20,086 bales and are now 20,489 bales less than at same period last year. The receipts at all the towns have been 29,648 bales more than same week last year and since ept. I they are 770,997 bales more than for same time in 1895-6.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.—Below are closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week.

Week ending	CLOSIN	IG QUOTA	TIONS FOR	MIDDLING	COTTON	ON-
Jan. 15.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	There.	Fri.
Galveston	61516	7	61518	61518	7	7
Mow Orleans	7	7	7	7	7_	7
Mobile	678	678	61316	678	678	678
Bavannah	61 10	6%	634	634	634	6%
Charleston	61116	634	63	634	63	634
Wilmington.	658	658	658	658	658	688
Norfolk	61516	678	678	678	678	678
Boston	7316	738	734	7516	7518	75 6
Baltimore	720	714	74	714	714	734
Philadelphia	758	719	7916	7916	7916	7916
Augusta	7118	7116	71,0018	718	748	711.01
Memphis	61316	678	678	678	678	678
St. Louis	7	61516	61516	61516	61516	61516
Houston	61516	7	61516	61516	61516	61516
Cincinnati	7	7	7	678	7	7
Louisville	67a	67a	7	7	7	7

The closing quotations to-day (Fridag) at other important ts were as follows

Atlanta Charlotte Columbus, Ga. Columbus, Miss	658   Eufaula 7   Little Rock 658   Montgomery 658   Nashville	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6.4

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

Week Anding-		Receip	ts at the	Ports.	St'k at	Interior	Towns.	Rec'pts from Plant'ns				
		1896-97	1895-96	1894-95	1898-97	1995-96	1894-95	1816-17	1895-96	1894-95		
Dec.	11	278,468	234,059	363,136	568,782	556,372	501,606	288,332	257,743	380,719		
88	18	327,175	222,783	359,698	575,781	585,332	568,829	334,174	251,743	426,921		
99	34	277,615	223,949	312,797	580,748	596,822	609,004	282,582	235,439	352,972		
64	31	\$19,122	176,824	251,854	578,475	583,663	600,956	216,849	163,165	243,806		
Jan.	8,	196,537	135,322	207,746	552,205	565,410	568,651	170,267	117,069	175,441		
	15	151 841	119,837	209.806	532,119	552,608	530,024	131,755	107,035	171,179		

The above statement shows: 1.—That the total receipts from the plantations since Sept. 1, 1896, are 5,683,156 bales; in 1895-96 were 4,319,733 bales; in 1894-95 were 6,278,193 bales.

3.—That although the receipts at the outports the past week were 151,341 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 131,755 bales, the balance being taken from the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the week were 107,035 bales and for 1895 they were 171,175 bales.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT. 1 .-We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since September 1. As the returns reach us by telegraph late Friday night it is impossible to enter so largely into detail as in our regular monthly report, but all the principal matters of interest are given. This weekly publication is of course supplementary to the more extended monthly statements. The results for the week ending Jan. 15 and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows: and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows

189	6-97.	1895-96.		
Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	
11,162 6,987 246 4,402 2,413 3,378	359,291 192,421 9,788 1,537 96,268 85,572 74,039	6,415 7,297 288 2,198 2,643 3,792	363,934 169,888 12,451 45 93,394 54,262 56,241	
28,588 13,533 37 1,153	818,916 221,424 2,532 21,718	22,633 9,411 79 503	750,215 149,959 2,389 27,692	
14,723	245,674	9,993	180,040	
13,865	573,242	12,640	570,175	
	#eek.  11,162 6,987 246 4,402 2,413 3,378 28,588 13,533 37 1,153	Week.         Sept. 1.           11.162         359.291           6,987         192.421           246         9.78           4,402         96,262           2,413         85,572           74,039         28,588           13,533         37           2,532         21,718           14,723         245,674	Week.         Since sept.         Week.           11.162         359.291         6.415           6,987         192.421         7.297           246         9.782         288           2,413         96.268         2.198           2,413         35.572         2.643           3,378         74,039         3,792           28,588         918,916         22,633           13,533         221,424         9,411           37         2,532         79           1,153         21,718         503           14,723         245,674         9,993	

The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 13,865 bales, against 12,840 bales for the week in 1896, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits an increase over a year ago of 3,067 bales.

	189	96-97.	189	5-96.
	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Receipts at ports to Jan. 15 Not overland to Jan. 85 Southern consumption to Jan. 15	13,865		12,640	570,175
Total marketed	187,706 20,086	6,249,873 411,525	152,477 *12,802	4,774,000 519,908
Came into sight during week. Total in sight Jan. 15	167,620	6,661,398	139,675	5,293,908
Sorth'n spinners tak'gs to Jan. 15	31,562	1,028,042	46,846	1,090,491

It will be seen by the above that there has come into sight during the week 167,620 bales, against 139,675 bales for the same week of 1896, and that the increase in amount in sight to-night as compared with last year is 1,367,490 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.-Reports to us this evening by telegraph indicate that in the Southwest the weather has been favorable, very little rain having fallen, and that preparations for the spring crops have progressed well. Elsewhere at the South where rain has fallen the precipitation has, in general, been light. Marketing of cotton continues quite free.

Galveston, Texas. - Farm work is well advanced generally throughout the State, owing to the exceptionally favorable weather. Plowing has progressed well, and the ground is in good condition but will need good rains soon. There has been but a trace of rain during the week. Average thermometer 60, highest 71, lowest 47.

Palestine, Texas.—Farmers are busy preparing land for the spring crops. Moisture would be beneficial. We have had only a trace of rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 54, highest 70, lowest 39.

Huntsville, Texas.—There has been only a trace of rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 53, ranging

from 40 to 72.

Dallas, Texas.—Plowing is active, and with good rains the ground will be in fine condition for spring planting. There has been rain on one day during the week, to the extent of twelve bundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged

from 32 to 70, averaging 51.

San Antonio, Texas.—The weather has been favorable to farm work. Garden truck is being marketed rapidly. Then has been no rain during the week. Average thermometer 34, highest 72, learner 15.

highest 73, lowest 43.

Luling, Texas.—We have had no rain during the week.
The thermometer has averaged 57, the highest being 74 and

the lowest 40.

Columbia, Texas.—Rain has fallen to only an inappreciable extent during the week. The thermometer has averaged 5, ranging from 34 to 76.

Cuero, Texas.—There has been only a trace of rain during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 34 to 76, averaging 5.

aging 55.

Brenham, Texas.—The weather has been warm and rather unseasor able during the week, with a trace of rain. Average thermometer 60, highest 76, lowest 43.

Fort Worth, Texas.—Rain has fallen on one day of the

week, the precipitation being five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, ranging from 31 to 70.

week, the precipitation being five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, ranging from 31 to 70. Weatherford, Texas.—It has been showery on one dayd the week, the rainfall reaching eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 32 to 70, averaging 51. New Orleans. Louisiana.—The weather has been dry all the week. Average thermometer 630. Shreveport, Louisiana.—We have had rain on two dayduring the week, the precipitation reaching fifty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 56, the highes being 70 and the lowest 39. Columbus, Mississippi.—No rain during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 27 to 77, averaging 52 7. Vicksburg, Mississippi.—We have had rain on two daysd the past week, the rainfall being ninety-three hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 56, highest 68, lowest 40. Little Rock, Arkansas.—It has rained on one day during the week, with rainfall to the extent of forty-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 48, the highest being 65 and the lowest 36.

Helena, Arkansas.—Plowing has been begun. We have had light rain on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching thirty-four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 48. Tennessee.—There has been rain on one day of the past week, the precipitation reaching thirty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 35 to 63 8, averaging 48-2.
Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had rain on three days of the veek and rain on three days of the veek and rain on three days of the veek.

to 62 8, averaging 48.2.

Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had rain on three days d the past week, the rainfall being one inch and forty-seve hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 49, highest 61,

Mobile, Alabama.—Dry weather has prevailed all the west. The thermometer has averaged 54, the highest being 68 and the lowest 36.

Montgomery, Alabama.—It has rained on two days of the week, to the extent of twenty-six hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, ranging from 40 to 60.

Madison, Florida.—We have had rain on one day of the

Madson, Florida.—We have had rain on one day of tweek, the rainfall reaching twenty hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 55, highest 66 and lowest 30, Savannah, Georgia.—There has been rain on three day during the week, to the extert of three hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, ranging from 30 to 69. Augusta, Georgia.—Rain has fallen on two days of the week, to the extent of one inch and ninety-five hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 31 to 66 averaging 45.

week, to the extent of one inch and ninety-five hundredtes. The thermometer has ranged from 24 to 66, averaging 45. Charleston, South Carolina.—There has been rain on two days during the week, the rainfall reaching twelve hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 49, the highest being 70 and the lowest 36. Stateburg, South Carolina.—Farmers have begun plowing. We have bad rain on two days of the week, the rainfal reaching eighty-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 43.8, ranging from 26 to 65. Wilson, North Carolina.—Rain and snow have fallend

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an. 8 612
" 15 619 Friday)

one day of the week, the precipitation being seventy hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 40, highest 60,

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 8 o'clock January 14, 1897, and January 16, 1896.

	Jan. 14, '97.	Jan. 16, '96.
New Orleans Above zero of gauge.  Momphis Above zero of gauge.  ### Above zero of gauge.  #### Above zero of gauge.  ###################################	12·3 9·5	Feet. 9:0 8:5 4:8 9:2 22:3

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &C — There has been nothing done in jute bagging during the week under review, but prices are nominally unchanged at 4%c, for 134 lbs., 5c. for 2 lbs. and 51%c. for standard grades in a j bbing way. Car-load lots of standard brands are quoted at 45%c. for 134 lbs., 5c. for 2 lbs. and 51%c. for 234 lbs., fo. b. at New York. Jute butts are dull at 1 1-16c. for paper quality, 17-16@1 11-16c, for mixing and bagging and 1%c. for spinning butts, all to arrive.

India Cotton Movement From all Ports.—The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Jan. 14.

SOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

-	Shipm	ents thi	s week.	Shipm	ents since	Receipts.		
<b>Fear</b>	Great Brit'n	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Sept. 1.
96-7 '95-6 '94-5 '93-4	6,000	36,000	13,000 42,000 17,000	1,000	121,000 184,000 39,000 152,000	127,000 196,000 40,000 162,000	61,000 35,000	378,000 647,000 214,000 375,000

	Shipme	nts for the	e week.	Shipme	ents since Se	pt. 1.
	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Galcutta- 1896-97	1,000	1,000	2,000	4,000 5,000	14,000 7,000	18,000 12,000
1895-96 Madras- 1896-97		3,000	3,000	9,000	17,000	26,000
1895-96 ▲ll others 1896-97		3,000	3,000	16,000	14,000 34,000	30,000 46,000
1895-96 Total all—				19,000	27,000	45,000
1896-97 1895-96	1,000	7,000 2,000	8,000 2,000	25,000 39,000	65,000 48,000	90 <b>,000</b> 87 <b>,0</b> 00

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 6,000 bales more than the same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since September 1, 1893, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows.

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

Shipments to all Europe from—	189	6-97.	189	5-98.	1894-95.		
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	
Bombay All other ports	13,000 8,000	127,000 90,000	42,000 2,000	196,000 87,000	6,000	40,000 70,000	
Total	21 000	217 000	44.000	283 000	6.000	110.000	

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexan Iria, we now receive a weekly cable of the novements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, January 13.	189	6-97.	189	5-96.	1894-95.	
Receipts (cantars*) This week Since Sept. 1	1	45,000 44,000		80,000 68,000		60,000 68,000
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continenti		203,000 166,000		225,000 169,000	13,000 13,000	162,000 173,000
Total Europe	31,000	374,000	19,000	394,000	26,000	335,000

of which to America in 1896-97, 16,249 bales; in 1895-96, 34,470 bles; in 1894-95, 22,929 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market is dull for both yarns and shirtings in consequence of bad India accounts. We give the prices for to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

	1896-97.							1895-96.						
32s Cop. Twist.		Cop.	84 lbs. Shirt- ings, common to finest.				32s Cop.		84 lbs. Shirt- ings, common to finest.			Ooti'n Mid. Upld		
00.11 " 18 " 24 " 31 an. 8 " 15	619 619 619	07516 0738 0738	444		8. 96 96 96 96	d. 9 819 8 719 719	4132	63	d. 27716 2719 62716 2719 2719 2719 2738	14	d. s. 5 19 26 5 19 26 5 19 26 5 4 19 26	d. 8 8 71 <sub>2</sub> 8 71 <sub>3</sub>	d. 459 41932 419 459 41932	

Fr.day) evening by telegraph from the various ports the form, are as follows.

details of the Sea Island cotton movement for the week. The receipts for the week ending to-night (Jan. 15) and since Sept. 1, 1896, the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of 1895-96, are as follows.

	189	6-97.	189	5-96.	Stock		
Receipts to Jan. 15.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	1897.	1896	
Savannah Charleston, &c Florida, &c	1,672 111 556	73,492 9,786 5,057	1,797 242 192	65,560 9,265 4,480	6,108		
Total	2,339	88,335	2,231	79,305	37,023	20.746	

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 1,333 bales, of which 933 bales were to Great Britain, 450 to France and — to Reval, and the amount forwarded to Northern mills has been 1,150 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1 in 1896-97 and 1895-96.

Famous	Week E	nding J	an. 15.	Since	Sept. 1,	North'n Mills		
Exports from-	Great Brit'n.	Fr'nce	Total.	Great Brit'n.	Pr'nce	Total.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
S'vann'h, &c Charl't'n,&c Florida, &c. New York Boston Baltimore	283 655	450	283 1,105	12,022 2,221 7,010 4,003		14,798 2,221 10,792 4,003 102	556	16,492 798 5,057
Total	938	450	1,398	25,256	6,660	31,916	1,150	22,342
Total 1895-6	677		677	26,046	5,360	31,406	1,493	27,538

A considerable portion of the Sea Island cotton shipped to foreign ports goes vis New York, and some small amounts via Boston and Baltimore. Instead of including this cotton for the week in which it leaves the Southern outports, we follow the same plan as in our regular table of including it when actually exported from New York, &c. The details of the shipments of Sea Island cotton for the week will be found under the head "Shipping News," on a subsequent page. Quotations Jan. 15 at Savannah, for Floridas, common, 9c.; medium fine, 12c.; choice, 15c.

Charleston. Carolinas, medium fine, nom.; fine, 18@19c.; fully fine, 20@23c.

fully fine, 20@23c.

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 207,356 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned these are the same exports reported by telegraph and published in the CHRONICLE last Friday. With regard to New York we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday.

NEW YORK -To Licernool new steemers Aurenia 2422	u oates.
NEW YORK -To Liverpool, per steamers Aurania, 2,482 Georgie, 12,401St. Irene, 3,636	18,519
To Hull, per -teamer Buffalo 1,509	1,509
To London, per steamer Cambrian, 100	100
To Manchester, per steamers Dominic, 1.957 upland and	
655 Sea Island Sirius, 542	3,164
655 sea Island Sirius, 542	
To Bremen, p-r steamer Stuttgart, 515	1,452
To Bremen, p-r steamer Stuttgart, 515	515
To Amsterdam, per steamers Zaandam (additional), 50	50
To Autwerp, per steamers British King, 50 Southwark,	250
To Genoa, per steamers Kaiser Wiihelm II., 181Olympia,	350
280	461
To Naples, per steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II., 1,1(0	1.100
To Laguayra, per steamer Caracas, 20.	20
NEW ORLEANS-To Liverpool, per steamers European, 19,300	
To Manchester, per steamer thomas Wayman, 3,291	22,370
To Manchester, per steamer thomas Wayman, 3,291	3.291
To Belfast, per ste ouer Ra nore Head, 2,750	2,750
To Dublin, per steamer Inishowen Head, 1,048.	1,048
To Bremen, per steamers Australian, 4,150 Loch Tay,	11,050
To Antwern, per steamer Moorish Prince, 1,000	1,000
6.900 To Antwerp, per steamer Moorish Prince, 1,000 To Copenhagen, per steamer Eldswold, 1,599	1,599
To Ba ceiona, per steamers Catalina, 6,213 Puerto Rico,	2,000
2.900	9,113
To Malaga, per steamer Puerto Rico, 1,000	1,000
To Genoa, per steamers Catalina, 2,962Illira, 2,370	
Scindia, 7,100	12,432
To trieste, per steamer Illira, 1,400	1.400
Cromwell, 7.184 Glasgow, 4 939 Fonmoor, 5,603	
Тгаянгу, 6 705	29,931
Treasury, 6,705. To Manchester, per steamer Furkistan, 11,310	11,310
To Havre, per steamer Knutsford, 6,277	6,277
To Bramen ner steamer Adra 8 7 (0)	6,790
To Hamburg, per steamer Tropic, 3,501  To Rotterdam, per steamers Axminster, 840 Urd, 2,493	3,501
To Rotterdam, per steamers Axminster, 840 Urd, 2,493	3,333
To Vera Cruz, per steamer Uto, 8:1  MOBILE—To Liverpool, per steamer Castle Eden, 1,9:7	1,997
To Bremen, per steamer Dalmaily, 5,300	5,300
PENSACOLA-To Liverpool, per steamers Leonora, 5,300	0,300
Maria, 3.76)	9,060
SAVANNAH To Ghent, per steamer thor. 4,863	4.863
SAVANNAH – To Ghent, per steamer thor. 4,863	4,331
PORT ROYAL - To Liverpool, per steamer Caxo, 5,573	5,573
Norfolk - To Liverpool, per steamer Pianer's Point, 2,154	2,154
To Leith, per steamer Beliona, 800	800
10 Rotterdam, per steamers Cerroan, 1,000 wild Craft,	2,350
1,3 10 NEWPORT NEWS—To Liverpool, per steamer Rappahaunock,949	949
Boston - To Liverpool, per steamers Michigan, 1,161 upland.	040
600 Sea Island Pavonia, 1.436 Philadelphian, 2.039	
600 Sea Island Pavonia, 1,436 Pailadeiphian, 2,039 Roman, 1,576 upland, 929 Sea Island	7,741
To Yarmouth, per steamer Boston, 71	71
BALTIMORE - Fo Havre, per steamer Alnwick, 2,100.	2.100
To Bremen, per steamer Aachen, 810	810
PHILADELPHIA— To Liverpool, per steamer Rhynland, 551 SAN FRANCISCO—To Japan, per steamer Peru. 900	551 900
TACOMA—To Japan, per steamer Macduff, 1,60)	1,600
and any and par areamer areamer, 1,00 J. any and and and	2,000
Total 2	07.356

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual

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		Other			Other		Japan	
	Liver-			Ger-	North	South	& Vuo	
	p.ol.	Kinad	Hapre.	mann	Europe	Europ:	. Scotta	. Tota
New York.	18,519	4.773	1.452				20	27.24
N. Orleans.	22,370	7.089		11.05	2,599	23,945		67.05
Jalveston	29.931	11,310	6.277	10,291	3,333		861	62,00
Mobile	1.9.7		*****					7. 0
Pensacola.	9.060							9.00
Savagana.	*****			4,863				4.86
Charleston.				4,331				4,34
Port Royal								5,57
Norfolk	2,154	800			2,350			5, 40
N'p't News							*****	94
Boston	7,741						71	7.81
Baltimore			2,100	810				2,91
Philadel'a	551						*****	55
lan Fran							900	90
racoma		*****		*****			1,600	1,60
			_				-	_

Total .... 98,755 23,972 9,829 37,160 8,682 25,506 3,452 207,356 Below we aid the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:

cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to
the latest dates:

Galveston - Fo Liverbool - Jan. 9 - Steamers Capalla. 7.730; Springwell. 6.778 ... - Jan. 31 - Steamer Navigator, 5,200 ... Jan. 14 Steamer Benits, 3,939.

To Manchester - Jan. 9 - Steamer Leng, 3,923
To Havre - Jan. 13 - Steamer Birchiedd, 6,333.

To Hawburg - Jan. 12 - Steamer Leng, 3,923
To Hawburg - Jan. 12 - Steamer Leng, 3,923
To Hawburg - Jan. 12 - Steamer Leng, 3,920; Jan. 6,905 ... Jan.
13 - Steamer Orion, 6,739 ... Jan. 14 - Steamer Navarro. 5,400 ....
Jan 15 - Steamers Benanventura, 3,200; Janetan, 7,100.
To Belfast - Jan. 14 - Steamer Mailu Head, 3,106
To H. \*\*vie - Jan. 9 - Steamer Mailu Head, 3,106
To H. \*\*vie - Jan. 9 - Steamer Mailu Head, 3,106
To H. \*\*vie - Jan. 12 - Steamer Croma, 4,700 .... Jan. 14 - Steamer Jan. 12 - Steamer Croma, 4,700 .... Jan. 14 - Steamer Jan. 14 - Steamer Portuguese Prince, 5,300 .... Jan. 14 - Steamer Holl, 3,404.

Mobile - To Liverpool - Jan. 12 - Steamer Hunteliff, 8,045.
To Manchester - Jan. 14 - Steamer Lady Armstrong, 6,900 ....
Jan. 9 - Steamers Ormidale, 10,957; Searsdale, 6,457.

OHABLESTON - \*\*o Manchester - Jan. 13 - Steamer Lady Armstrong, 6,900 ....
Jan. 9 - Steamer Sormidale, 10,957; Searsdale, 6,457.

OHABLESTON - \*\*o Manchester - Jan. 13 - Steamer Ladvelwood, 5,743
upland and 233 Sea Island.
To Bremeu - Jan. 13 - Steamer Reindeer, 6,303.

NORFOLK - 10 Liverpool - Jan. 9 - Steamer Sagamore, 1,365.
To Hull Jan 4 - Steamer Croid, 809.

To Yarmouth - Jan 12 - Steamer Boston, 304.

Bathinose fo Liverpool - Jan. 4 - Steamer Bagamore, 1,365.
To Hull Jan 4 - Steamer Lord Charlemont, 100.
To London - Jan. 9 - Steamer Lord Charlemont, 100.
To Rotterdam - Jan. 8 - Steamer Durango, 152.
To Antwerp - Jan. 14 - Steamer Croid, 809.

Feilad Line - Jan. 13 - Steamer Lord Charlemont, 100.
To Rotterdam - Jan. 8 - Steamer Durango, 152.
To Antwerp - Jan. 14 - Steamer Rose King. 905.

Feilad English - Ladverbool - Jan. 8 - Steamer Pennaland, 3 96.

Ootton freights the oast week have been as fol

Cotton freights the past week have been as follow-.

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Pri.
Liverpool, asked. d.	15128	15128	15128	15128	15,118	15128
Dod.	****		****			**
Havre	31101	31191	31141	311gt	31191	31191
Doe.						
Bremend.	301	301	301	30t	301	301
Dod.	****	***				
Hamburgd.	301	301	301	301	301	301
Dod.						
Amsterdamc.	301	301	301	301	301	301
Beval, v. Hambd.	1864	15	1584	1584	1584	1564
Do v. Hulld.	1364	1364	13,4	1364	1384	1384
Barcelonad.						
Genoad.	351	351	351	351	351	351
Priested.	316	316	816	316	316	316
Antwerpd.	984	984	984	964	961	964
Ghent, v. Antw'p.d.	1104	1184	1164	1164	1164	1184

Cents net per 100 lbs.

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port.

	Dec. 24	Dec. 31.	Jan. 8.	Jan. 15
Sales of the weekbales.	65,000	44,000	58,000	65,000
Of which exporters took	1,700	1,900	900	F00
Of which speculators took	1,700	400	300	5,100
Sales American	62,000	39,000	51,000	6 ,000
Actual export	6,000	8,000	5,000	6,000
Forwarded	71.000	50,000	72,000	84,000
Total stock—Estimated	912,000	999,000	1.071.000	
Of which American—Estim'd	768,000	854,000	919,000	997,000
Total import of the week	133,000	145,000	149,000	170,000
Of which American	106,000	134,000	127,000	157,000
Amount afloat	367,000	335,000	378,000	331,000
Of which American	360,000	330,000	373,000	320,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Jan. 15 and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows.

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day	Thursd'y.	Friday.
Market,   1:45 P. M.	Fair business doing.	In buyers' favor.	Easier.	Good demand.	Firm.	In buyers favor.
Mid.Upl'ds.	4116	4116	4	4139	4189	4133
Sales Spec. & exp.	10,000	10,000	12,000 1,000	12,000	12,000 500	10,000
Futures. Market, 1:45 P. M.	Firm at 3-64 ad- vance.	Quiet at partially 1-64 dec.	Steady at	Steady at 1 64 · 2 64 advance.	Quiet.	Steady at partially 1-61 adv.
Market,	Steady	Barely steady.	Firm.	Quiet and	Quiet and	Barely steady.

The prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are greated www. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middle. , unless otherwise stated.

The prices are given in pence and 64th 3 63-64d., and 4 01 means 4 1-64d.

Jan. 9 to	Satur.			Mon.		Tues.				Pri.	
Jan. 15.	124 P. M.	1 P. M	1:45 P. M.	4 P. M.	1:45 P. M.						
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d
January	4 00	4 01	3 63	3 62	3 59	3 61	3 61	3 62	362	3 59	3 80
Jan Feb	3 63	4 00	3 62	361	3 57	3 69	3 60	3 61	3 60	3 54	3 50
FebMarch.	3 63	4 00	3 64	3 60	3 57	3 59	3 60	3 60	3 59	3 58	3 50
MehApril	3 63	4 00	3 62	3 60	3 57	3 59	3 6"	3 60	3 59	3 58	9 50
April-May	4 00	4 00	3 63	3 61	3 58	3 60	3 60	3 60	3 60	3 39	3 80
May-June	4 00	4 01	3 63	3 62	3 56	3 61	3 60	3 81	3 60	3 59	3 60
June-July	401	4 02	3 63	3 62	3 59	3 61	361	361	3 60	3 60	3 61
fulyAug .	4 02	1 02	4 00	3 63	3 59	3 61	361	3 62	3 61	3 60	3 61
Augdept	4 01	4 01	3 62	3 61	3 57	3 60	3 60	3 61	3 60	3 59	3 50
leptOct							3 57	3 53	3 55	3 54	3 85
ler Nov					****			!			
NovDec				!							

## BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, January 15, 1897.

The volume of business transacted in the market for whe flour has been small. Demand has been light, as buren owing to a weaker tendency to the values for grain, has shown a disposition to hold off and await concession limiting their purchases to urgent wants. Sellers, howers have held only moderate stocks and have continued fair firm in their views, with the result that business has h flat. Rye flour has sold slowly but values have held steady Buck wheat flour has been quiet but steady. Corn med h continued in fairly good demand but at slightly lower priva To-day the market for wheat flour was quiet and with

There has continued a moderately active speculation in a market for wheat futures, but the course of prices during week has been irregular. Saturday prices advanced 36.4 unexpectedly stronger foreign advices, which stimulated demand from shorts to cover contracts. Monday, however there was a decidedly easier turn, and prices declined 14 135c., under liquidating sales by tired longs, prompted easier foreign advices. Tuesday the market again tues stronger, although from no apparent reason other thansa mand from shorts to cover contracts and take pr Wednesday there was renewed selling by longs and pin Wednesday there was renewed selling by longs and pragain weakened, declining % @1c. for the day. Thurst foreign buying caused an upward turn to values in to-day there was renewed selling both for short and la account, and prices declined slightly. In the spot marks large business has been transacted here and at out-on the purchases by shippers during the week reaching as 1,000,000 bushels. To-day business was only moderately account prices were slightly lower with futures. The sales cluded No. 1 hard Duluth at 95%c f o. b. afloat and No. Chicago spring at 89%c. f. o. b. afloat. No 2 red winterworded at 97%c. f. o. b. afloat and No. 1 northern Duluth 92%c. f. o. b afloat.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 RED WINTER WHEAT.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues	Wed.	Thurs
January delivery	90	883	8938	89	89%
March delivery	9119	91114	907	8978	90%
May delivery.	873	8438	8718	-64	87
July delivery	8378	824	834	8258	83%

The market for Indian corn futures has been quiet and The market for Indian corn futures has been quiet and a fluctuations in prices have been within narrow li nits. I recent heavy export cl-arances, the largest ever record have had a tendency to hold values steady. To-day the market was quiet, and fractional declines were quoted in pris in sympathy with the easier market for whear. The explanment has continued active, the purchases by ships here and at out-ports amounting to about 1,200,000 busses. To-day the market was quiet. The sales included Namixed at 291/c. in elevator and 301/4/2303/c. f. o. b. afloating process.

DAILY GLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN. Mon. Tues. 2858 214 304 308 3158 3178 January ...... 0, 29 s May telivery ..... 0, 31 July delivery ..... 21 s

Oats for future delivery have been dull, and in the abs of new features of importance changes in prices have be slight. To-day the market was a trifle easier, with wheats corn. In the spot market business has been fairly acti Shippers have been moderate buyers, their purchases and ing to 350,000 bushels. To-day the market was moderate buyers and sective and seady. The sales included white clipped at 38 f.o.b. aff at; No. 2 mixed at 22½c. in elevator, and high the sales included white clipped at 38 f.o.b. aff at; white at 2416c. in elevator.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	ļ
January delivery	2212	22 2238	22 221 <sub>9</sub>	224	224	200
May delivery	23	2278	23	2234	234	

Feeding barley has been in good export demand at it. s. R e has been quiet but steady.

Since Supplement of the Close Strate Pate (W

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The following are closing quotations:

	FLA	DUR		
2 700	3 40	Rye flour, superfine	2 70 a	3 10
Extra, No. 1 3 75 0	4 50	Buckwheat flour Corn meal— Western, &c		
Straights 4 30 a Patent, spring 4 50 a [Wheat flour in sacks sells	4 95	Brandywinees below those for barr	20	5
	UR	ALD.		

		GR	AIN.			
Wheat— Spring, per bush Red winter No. 2 Red winter Hard, N. 1 Oats—Mixed, per bu. White No. 2 mixed Ro. 2 white	6, 84 @ 95%@ 83 @ 95%@ 19 @ 21 @ 224@ 244@	6. 96 978 98 96 23 <sup>1</sup> 9 31 23 <sup>1</sup> 4 25 <sup>1</sup> 9	Orn, per bush— West'n mixed No. 2 mixed Western yellow Western White Bye— Western, per bush. State and Jersey. Barley—Western Foeding	26 291 28 281 42 42 34 334	10000	6. 31 3038 32 3219 47 47 46 34

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS, PRIVISIONS, COTTON AND PERFOLEUM.—The exports of these articles during the month of December, and the twelve months, for the past three years have been as follows:

Arports	1898.		18	95.	18	94.
from U.S.	December.	12 Months.	December.	12 Months	December.	12 Months.
Quantities. Wheat.bush. Flourbbls.	8,831,650 1,581,9 5		5,798,292 1,427,1 <b>7</b> 2		6,994,681 1,281,817	73,256,221 15,740,246
Wheatbu.		158,535,271 148,519,437	12,220,564 10,616,479	130,214,873 61,462,669	13,762,992 2,300,1:6	143,087,928 40,210,318
Tot. bush	30,845,610	292,058,718	28,867,045	191,681,542	15,083,100	183,297,676
Values. Wh't & flour. Corn & meal. Bys. Oats & meal. Barley. Br'dstuffs. Provisions *. Cotton. Petrol'm, &c.	4,777,613 228,234 1,176,233 1,033,625 21,592,476 14,121,10°	2,26°,998 8,726,600 6,453,07° 176,027,545 163,217,075 238,191,396	15,796,066 30,748,468	90,208,190 28,339,861 477 1,518,813 1,484,211 121,571,552 151,417,541 189,767,483 57,223,125	1,259 432 4,831 58,769 54,385 9,476,P47 13,477,659 34,594,756	4,991 515,341
Tot. vaiue		684,200,844		522,040,001		597,413,906

2º Including cattle and hogs in all months and years. Note.—All the above figures are based on the monthly preliminary returns issued by the Bureau of Statistics, and cover about 98 per cent of the total exports of Preadstants and oil, 99 per cent of provisions and nearly 100 per cent of cotton.

For other tables usually given here see page 122.

## THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, P. M., Jan. 15, 1867.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, P. M., Jan. 15, 1867.

There has been a slight improvement in the volume of business passing at first hands during the week but not enough to relieve it of dulness. Jobbers have, however, had a considerably better trade, the attendance of buyers with them showing a marked increase. Reports from other jobbing centres also speak encouragingly of the development of spring business. Under these conditions there ought to be a steady expansion of buying in the primary market, even though purchasers do not abandon the conservative policy so far pursued by them. Meanwhile the tendency of prices in most directions is in their favor, but without undue pressure on the part of sellers to move stocks and without quotable declines in quotations. The Fall River manufacturers have not yet agreed upon any plan to relieve the cloth situation, but at previous prices have had opportunities and availed themselves of them to sell a large quantity of cloth, probably 100,000 pieces in excess of current production. In the woolen goods division of the market the demand continues backward for all descriptions of men's wear and prices have an irregular tendency. Collections are srill satisfactory. The half-yearly statement of the H. B. Claffin Company up to Dec. 31, 1896, reflects the very unsatisfactory condition of business during the second half of last year. There was nothing earned on the common stock and net profits (§103,492) (ell short by \$33,723 of paying interest on the preferred stock. The surplus reserve which was \$277,006 at the end of June, 1893, was reduced to \$123, 410 at the end of the year.

Domestic Cotton Goods—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending Jan. 11 were 2.083

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending Jan. 11 were 2,083 packages, valued at \$95,469, their destination being to the points specified in the tables below:

NEW YORK TO JANUARY 11.	1897.			1896.
	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1
Great Britain	80	84	97	105
other European	1	121	8	20
Juina	4	4	4,468	4.468
ddis.	2	2		351
	711	907		
Ifrica	18	29	104	791
	306	827	431	723
fexico lentral America	39	85	92	101
outh America	105	369	134	235
ther Countries.	807	4,615	1,514	2,210
Condition	19	81	91	162
Total	2,083	7.124	6,939	9,166
china, via Vancouver.	*****	3,050	1,000	1,000
Total	2,088	10,174 ireo*.	7,939	10.166

The value of the New York exports for the year to date has been \$327,356 in 1897 against \$445,358 in 1896.

There has been rather more business doing in brown sheetings and drills, but some of the increase has been at the expense of prices in a few directions; the general tone is easy and the market irregular. Brown ducks and osnaburgs are inactive and easy to buy. The coarse colored goods market is generally inactive, but there has been more doing in denims through some sales at low prices. Leading tickets in 4x4 bleached cottons are still unchanged in price and this keeps the demand in check, as buyers are waiting for lower quotations; other grades are weak and irregular. Kid finished cambrics are slow of sale and generally quoted at 3c, for sixy-four squares. Wide sheetings inactive throughout and cotton flanneis and blankets slow and featureless. There has been some improvement in the readier demand for fancy calicoes and printed specialties in fancy weaves and sheer goods, but some improvement in the readier demand for fancy calicoes and printed specialties in fancy weaves and sher goods, but regular prints are slow, with an easier tendency in some directions. The gingham departments continue dull and without feature. Print cloths have been in improved request in both extras and odd goods, and sales this week will reach a considerable total. Extras still quoted at  $2\frac{1}{4}$ C.

Stock of Print Oloths—

Stock of Print Oloths—

At Providence, 64 squares. 431,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 147,000 | 1

Total stock (pieces).....2,190,000 596,000 200,000 374,0 0
WOOLEN GOODS.—The market for woolen and worsted trouserings and suitings has shown little improvement in volume of business during the past week in either light or heavy-weight goods. The season for the latter is unusually backward, and there is still but a limited number of new lines opened. Sellers are discouraged by the indifference of buyers and by the indications of unsteadiness on the part of certain sellers who have been out for business for several weeks past with limit d success. From present appearances the market on heavy-weights is hardly likely to fairly develop before next month. The overcoating business is more advanced, but still much short of what it usually is by the middle of January. In overcoatings also there is a tendency towards a lower market in some directions. Business in closkings is slow. Flannels are in light demand and blackets in moderate request without change in prices. Fancy woolen and worsted dress goods are being ordered in moderate quantities in spring lines. Staples quiet.

Foreign Dry Goods.—There has been an improved demand Total stock (pieces) .... 2,190,000 596,000 200,000 374,0 0

FOREIGN DRY GOODS.-There has been an improved demand for spring lines of fancy and specialty goods, but more staple merchandise of the order of dress goods, silks, linens and hosiery and underwear have again been generally quiet. Men's-wear woolens and worsteds in new heavy-weights are dull with some irregularity in prices.

Importations and Warehouse Withdrawals of Dry Goods.

The importations and warehouse withdrawals of Dry Goods at this port for the week ending January 14, 1897, and since January 1, 1897, and for the corresponding periods of las year are as follows:

Total mports	Total	Miscellaneous	Wool Cotton Bilk		Total marketed	Total withdr'w'ls Ent'dforconsumpt	Miscellaneous	Silk	Wool Cotton		Total		Wool Cotton		Week Ending Jan. 14, 1897. Since Jan. 1, 1897. Jan. 16, 1896.
23,579	2,301 21,278	605	70s 462	IMPOR	24,045	21,2787	620	209	936	WAR	21,278	1,248	1.281	Pkqs.	Week Jan. 1
2.672.915	456,643 2,216,272		193,153 110,444 56,942	(MPORTS ENTERED	2,866,551	650,279 2,216,272	35,971	108,439	273.231	WARRHOUSE TI	2,216,272	472.547 298.521 308,267		Value.	k Ending 14, 1897.
35.123	4,306 30,817	651 879	1,427 1,098 251	ROS	35,497	30,817	1,142	327	1,556	TITHDBAWALS	30,817	2,096 4,946 17,457	2,494	Pkgs.	Since Jar
4.687.188	958,925 3,728,963	113.250 45.384	416,265 264,366 118,960	WARRHOUSE DURING SAMP PERIOD	4,759,938	1,030,975 3,728,963	65,471	132,799	449,533	KMOMM	3,728,963	833.083 554,490 499,549	\$23,618 1,018,223	Value.	Since Jan. 1, 1897.
11.870	2,338 9,532		1,021 376 217	RING SA	12,430	9,532	1	340		UPON THE	9.532	1,948		Pkgs.	Jan.
11.870 3.031.983	682,811 2,349,172	92,513	337,799 97,608 113,088	MP PERIOL	3,139,288	790,116 2,349,172		191,156		E MARKET.	2,349,172	281,973 289,146		Value.	Week Ending Jan. 16, 1896.
50.873	5,694 45,179	788 654	2,591 1,179		51,416	6,237 45,179	805	624	2,571		45,179	2,192 2,964 30,808	5,106	Pkgs.	
6.215.059	1.571,608 4,643,451	161,853	749.400 287.957 255.331		6,349,359	1,705,908 4,643,451	126,43	356,000	759,307		4,643,451	926,278 558,659 598,836	1,553,776	Value.	Since Jan. 1, 1896.

# STATE AND CITY DEPARTMENT.

### TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT will be furnished without extra charge to every annual subscriber of the COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.

THE STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT will also be furnished without extra charge to every subscriber of the CHRONICLE.

THE STREET RAILWAY SUPPLEMENT will likewise be furnished without extra charge to every subscriber of the CHRONICLE.

THE QUOTATION SUPPLEMENT, issued monthly, will also be furnished without extra charge to every subacriber of the CHRONICLE.

TERMS for the CHRONICLE with the four Supplements above named are Ten Dollars within the United States and Twelve Dollars in Europe, which in both cases includes postage.

### Terms of Advertising-(Per inch space.)

 One time
 \$3 50 | Thr
 Months
 (13 times)...\$25 00

 One Month
 (4 times)... 11 00 | Six
 onths
 (26 times)... 43 00

 Two Months
 (8 times)... 18 00 | Twelve Months (52 times)... 58 00

 (The above terms for one month and upward are for standing cards.

The purpose of this State and City Department is to farnish our subscribers with a weekly addition to and continuation of the STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT. In other words, with the new facts we shall give, the amplifications and corrections we shall publish, and the municipal laws we shall analyze in the "State and City Department," we expect to bring down weekly the information contained in the STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT to as near the current date as possible. Hence every Subscriber will at all times possess a complete and fresh cyclopædia of information respecting Municipal Debts.

Bond Proposals and Negotiations.-We have received through the week the following notices of bonds recently negotiated and bonds offered and to be offered for

Adams County, 0.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until January 20, 1897, by the County Auditor for the purchase of \$30,000 of funding bonds. The securities will bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent and mature in twenty years from date of issue.

Baltimore, Md.—City Debt.—The report of the Finance Commissioners of Baltimore lately completed places the amount of the bonded debt at \$33,493,518, an increase of over a million dollars during the past year. The amount in the sinking fund is a little over \$3,500,000, an increase of about \$750,000 over last year.

Brookline, Mass.—Bond Sale.—Gso. H. Worthley, City Treasurer of Brookline, reports to the Chronicle that the loan of \$15,000, recently authorized, has been taken by the Provident Institution for Savings, Boston, in the shape of one bond for the whole amount, dated January 1, 1897, and payable at the rate of \$750 yearly from 1898 to 1917. Interest at 3 9-16 per cent will be payable semi annually.

Charles County, Md.—Bond Sale.—It is reported that harles County has sold \$8,000 of refunding bonds at prices anging from 105 to 107. The loan will mature in ten years Charles County has sold ranging from 105 to 107. from January 1, 1897.

Charlotte, N. C .- Bond Sale .- Water bonds of this city amounting to \$250,000 have recently been sold to Messrs. E. D. Shepard & Co. of New York. The securities bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent.

Chelsea, Mass.—Bond Sale.—The Boston News Bureau reports that the city of Chelsea has sold \$10,000 of 4 per cent 40-year coupon park bonds to Jose, Parker & Co. at 109 098. Other bids received were as follows:

C. H. White & Co108.565	R. L. Day & Co107.347
Tower, Giddings & Co 108-274	Chelsea Savings Bank 107
Blodget, Merritt & Co 108.03	C. E. Legg & Co106.55
Allan Arnold107.89	
Estabrook & Co107 625	W. J. Hayes & Sons,106.49
J. W. Longstreet & Co 107:37	A. L. Sweetser & Co 105.217

Chicago Sanitary District, Ill.-Bond Offering .- Proposals will be received until 12 o'clock, noon, Jan, 18, 1897. by James Reddick, Clerk of the District, for the purchase of bonds to the amount of \$800,000.

Both principal and interest will be payable at the office of the Treasurer of the Sanitary District, Chicago, Ill. nomination of the bonds will be \$1,000. A certified check or cash equal to 3 per cent of the amount of the bid must accompany each proposal.

The present net bonded indebtedness of the above district is \$11.210,000, and the assessed valuation over \$241,000,000,

The official notice of this bond sale will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.

College Hill, 0.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 o'clock noon, February 2, 1897, by Village Clerk F. R. Strong, at the office of E. F. Layman, 32 East Third Street, Cincinnati, O., for the purcase of ten bonds of the village of College Hill, amounting to \$4,013 61, maturing as follows: One bond for \$413 61 on February 2, 1898, and the balance at the rate of \$400 yearly on February 2, from 1800 to 1907, inclusive.

29, from 1899 to 1907, inclusive.

Bids will also be received for the purchase of ten bonds amounting to \$5,615 92, also maturing in ten instalments as follows: One bond for \$575 92 on February 2, 1898, and the balance at the rate of \$560 yearly from 1899 to 1907, inclusive.

The above securities are assessment bonds, will be dated February 2, 1897, and bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent, payable annually; both principal and interest being payable at the Citizens' National Bank, Cincinnati, O.

Coraopolis, Pa.-Bond Offering .- Proposals will be received until 6 o'clock P. M., January 25, 1897, by the Finance Committee of this borough, for the purchase of \$22,000 of water bonds. The securities will be dated December 1, 1896. and will mature in thirty years, redeemable at the option of the borough after five years from date. Interest at the rate of 41/2 per cent will be payable semi-annually. The bonds will be of the denomination of \$500. A certified check for \$250 must accompany each bid.

The official notice of this bond sale will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.

Cripple Creek School District, Col.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until January 21, 1897, by this district for the purchase of \$50,000 of school building bonds. The securities will bear interest at the rate of 7 per cent and the principal will mature in fifteen years from date of issue.

Denver, Col.—Bond Sale.—On December 30, 1896, the Board of Public Works, of Denver, Col., received the folloπing bids for the \$12,400 of sewer and paving bonds recently offered for sale:

offered for sale:
G. W. Ruonels offered \$2,450 and accrued interest for the \$2,500 Court Place paving district bonds.
Otto Achleiter offered \$980 and accrued interest for \$1,000 of the \$1,200 Downing Avenue sanitary sewer district No. 4 bonds and \$970 and accrued interest for \$1,000 of the \$7,500 South Side sanitary sewer district No. 2 bonds; he also offered \$1,900 with accrued interest for \$2,000 more of bonds, but did not state of what district, so his last bid could not be considered. sidered.

sidered.

F. J. Warren offered par and accrued interest for the \$300 worth of alley paving district No. 1 bonds.

As all bids below par were rejected, it is probable that the bonds unsold will soon be re-advertised. The securities will bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent and will mature in 8 years from date of issue, subject to call.

Delta County, Mich.—Bond Election.—In April next the question of issuing \$75,000 of road bonds will be put to a vote of the people of Delta County.

Dulath Min.—Bond Sale.—It is reported that the size of

Duluth, Minn.—Bond Sale.—It is reported that the city of Duluth has sold \$119,000 of bonds to N. J. Upham & Co. of Duluth at par and accrued interest. The securities will bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent and mature in thirty years from date of issue.

East Cleveland, Ohio.—Bonds Authorized,—It is reported that sewer bonds of this town to the amount of \$100,000 have been authorized.

Escondido Irrigation District, Cal.—Bonds Proposed.— This district proposes to issue water-works improvement bonds to the amount of \$4,500.

Fall River, Mass.—Bond Sale.—On January 14, 1897, the following bids were received by City Treasurer Charles P. Brightman for \$75,000 of public library bonds of Fall River:

	C. H. White & Co., New York	112-126
ı	Whann & Schlesinger, New York	111.093
١	Biake Brothers & Co., Boston	110.93
1	Blodget, Merritt & Co., Boaton	110 66
1	Estabrook & Co., Boston	110.65
ı	Lee, Higginson & Co., Boston	110-513
1	R. L. Day & Co., Boston	110.336
1	E. C. Stanword & Co., Boston	110.33
1	Cushman, Fisher & Phelps, Boston	110.177
1	Bertronn & Storrs, New York	109.76
١		109.559
1	E H. Rollins & Sons, Boston.	109.539
١	Geo. A. Fernald & Co., Boston	109.46

The loan was awarded to C. H. White & Co. of New York, The securities will be dated Jan. 1, 1897. Interest at the rate of 4½ per cent will be payable semi-annually on Jan. 1 and July 1, and the principal will mature at the rate of \$40,000 yearly from Jan. 1, 1898 to Jan. 1, 1917, inclusive.

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payable be re-Finance 2.000 of 1, 1996, ption of the rate e bonds

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ollo z cently for the \$1,000 No. 4 \$7,500 offered

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Co. of years ported 0 have sed.

ement les P. ver: 12:126 11:092 10:93 10:65 10:513 10:33 10:177 09:76 09:559 09:539 09:46

York, ion of 1897, r cent cured

Far Rockaway, N. Y .- Bond Offering .- On Jan. 25, 1897, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., the trustees of this village will offer at public sale in the village hall, \$85,000 of improvement bonds.

The bonds will be of the denomination of \$1,000, and will be dated Jan. 1, 1897. Interest at the rate of 5 per cent will be dated Jan. 1, 1897. Interest at the tast of which has be payable semi-annually, and the principal will mature at the rate of \$1,000 yearly on Jan. 25 for twenty-four years from date of issue and \$61,000 on Jan. 25, 1922. These bonds cannot legally be sold for less than par and accrued interest. A statement of the financial condition of this village will be found among the debt changes.

The official notice of this bond sale will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.

Flagstaff, A. T.—Bonds Proposed, -F. W. Smith, town clerk of Flagstaff, reports to the CHRONICLE that bonds to the amount of \$65,000 for constructing a system of water works will probably soon be issued. The bill authorizing the bonds has passed the House but has not yet been acted upon by the Senate. It is understood, however, that there will be no opposition in that body. The securities will be thirty-year bonds, with interest at 6 per cent, payable semi-annually.

Florence, Col.—Bond Election.—An election will be held in this city on January 20, 1897, to vote on the proposition to issue \$75,000 of water-works bonds.

Fort Collins School District, Col.—Bond Sale.—It is reported that this district has sold \$10,000 of school bonds at par. The scourities bear interest at the rate of 5½ per cent and are optional after five years from date of issue.

Franklin Falls, N. H.—Bonds Proposed.—It is reported that this place will borrow \$20,000 at 4 per cent for one year.

Hastings, Neb.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until January 25, 1897, by this city for the purchase of 83,000 of water-works extension bonds. The securities will bear 5 per cent interest and mature in twenty years, with option of call after five years.

Healdsburg, Cal.—Bonds Defeated.—On January 4, 1897, the citizens of Healdsburg defeated the proposition to issue \$25,000 of school building bonds by a two thirds vote.

Howard County, Mo.—Bond Call.—Thomas G. Deatherage, County Treasurer, announces that 5 per cent bonds of this county, dated February 1, 1889, numbered from 108 to 119 inclusive, will be redeemed on February 1, 1897, at the National Bank of Commerce, New York City. Bonds of Chariton Township, Howard County, numbered 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, also bearing 5 per cent and dated February 1, 1889, will be paid on the same date.

Hudson, Mass.—Bond Sale.—Jas. W. Longstreet & Go. of Boston have been awarded \$18,000 of Hudson one to thirteen year notes at 101.73. The notes bear interest at 4 per cent. Other bids received were from R. L. Day & Co., 101.556, and Jose, Parker & Co., 101.338.

Indianapolis, Ind.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 o'clcck noon January 25, 1897, by the Board of School Commissioners of the city of Indianapolis for the purchase of \$180,000 of school bonds.

The issue is to be in the shape of notes dated January 31, 1897, and payable June 30, 1897. One hundred and forty thousand dollars of this issue will be used for current expenses and the balance for building purposes.

The official notice of this bond sale will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.

Abunstown, N. Y.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 11 o'clock A. M. January 20, 1897, by Falmadge L. Parsons, Supervisor, at the office of Dewitt C. Moore attorney, Johnstown, N. Y., for the purchase of \$5,000 of 4 per cent refunding coupon bonds. The securities will be dated February 1, 1897, interest will be payable semi-annually on the first days of February and August, and \$2,000 of the principal will mature at the rate of \$200 yearly, beginning February 1, 1898; the remaining \$30,000 will mature in six years from February 1, 1908, at the rate of \$500 each year. Principal and interest will be payable at The People's Bank, of Johnstown. This Joan is for the purpose of refunding bonds to the same amount heretofore issued by the former town of Johnstown and Joaned to the Fonda Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad Company. The bonds will be exempt from all taxation. The total bond d debt of said town is estimated at \$13,500, made up as follows: The present issue of \$5,000; the estimated proportional share of \$10,000 refunding bonds, 4 per cent, due 1901; \$14,000 refunding bonds, 4 per cent, due 1901; \$14,000 refunding bonds, 4 per cent, due \$1,000 each year, and \$10,000 a per cent refunding bonds, due \$1,000 each year, making a total of \$34,000, payable by the city of Johnstown and town of Johnstown, of which the town's proportional share is less than 25 per cent. The assessed valuation of real and personal property for the year 1893 is \$866,260 and the estimated real valuation is \$1,732,520.

Juniats, Pa.—Bond Offering.—It is reported that J. W. Lees Borough Clark Kirch Re.

Juniats, Pa.—Bond Offering.—It is reported that J. W. Lees, Borough Clerk, Kipple, Pa., will receive proposals until January 20, 1897, for the purchase of \$11,000 of water bonds. The bonds will bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent and mature in from 15 to 30 years from date of issue.

Kearney Township, N. J.—Bonds Proposed.—It is reported that this place will petition the Legislature for authority to issue bonds for street paving purposes.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Bond Legislation.—It is reported that this city has presented a bill to the Legislature asking for authority to issue market-house and school building bonds to the amount of \$50,000.

Laredo, Tex.—Bonds Authorized.—It is reported that school-house bonds to the amount of \$35.000 will be issued by

Macon, Ga.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until Feb. 9, 1897, by this city for the purchase of \$130,000 of paving bonds. The securities will bear interest at the rate of 4½ per cent, and the principal will mature in thirty years from date of issue.

Menasha, Wis.—Bond Sale.—The Boston News Bureau reports that this municipality has disposed of \$12,000 of school bonds at 101 408. The loan will mature in about nine and a-half years from date of issue.

Middlesex County, N. J.—Bonds Proposed.—Road bonds of this county to the amount of \$400,000 are under consid-

Middletown, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—It is reported that the Goshen Savings Bank has purchased water bonds of Middletown to the amount of \$10,000 at 110. The securities bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent.

Monroe, N. C.—Bond News.—It is reported that the State Legislature will shortly be petitioned by a committee appointed for the purpose for authority to issue bonds to the amount of \$40,000, for the construction of a water-works

Morgantown, W. Va.—Bonds Defeated.—Town Treasurer T. B. Williams reports to the Chronicle that owing to a misunderstanding with the people the proposition to issue \$15,000 of street-paving bonds did not carry. Another election will probably soon be held.

Mount Vernon, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—The Board of Education of this city on January 11, 1897, awarded \$65,000 of school bonds to Elward C. Jones Co. of New York. Bids were received as follows:

were received as follows:	
Edward C. Jones Co., for 4 per cent bonds	105.25
Farson, Leach & Co., for 4 per cent bonds	
E. C. Stanwood & Co., for 4 per cent bonds	101.23
Dietz, Denison & Prior, for 4 per cent bonds	.101.11
E. C. Stanwood & Co., for 4 s per cent bonds,	108.77

The bonds will be dated July 1, 1996, and the principal will mature from July 1, 1918, to July 1, 1920, inclusive, at the rate of \$5,000 each year.

Muskegon, Mich.—Bond Sale—Bonds of this county to the amount of \$90,000 were recently sold to Messrs. Spitzer & Co, of Toledo, O., for a premium of \$2,241. Sixteen bids were received. The securities bear interest at the rate of 41/4 per cent and mature in fifteen years from date of issue.

New York—Bond Sale.—On January 12, 1897, State Comp troller James A. Roberts received the following list of pro-posals for \$4,000,000 of New York State canal bonds:

	Amount.	Bid
E. B. Underhill, Jr., New York	3500,000	Par
H. H. Wil iams, Hackensack, N. J	600,000	102.10
Harper, Rives & Phayne, New York	50,000	100.125
Paul Fehn, New York	100,000	100.001
R. Pentland, New York	300,000	101.25
W. M. Norton, Bristol, Conn	250,000	103.10
W. M. Norton, Bristol, Conn	25 ,000	103.02
W. M. Norton, Bristol, Conn	.0 .0.000	102.57
C. Leftingwell, New York	743.000	107.125
E. E. Rich, Hillsda'e, N. J	250,000	102.50
Albany County Savings Bank	100,000	Par
F. S. Donnell, New York	500,000	98.41
F. S. Donnell, New York	350,000	99.901
F. S. Donnell, New York	250,000	100.089
Hicks Bros. New York	,000,000	98.007
Joseph E. Gavin, Buffalo, N. Y	500,000	100.165
J. seph E. Gavin, Buffalo, N. Y	500,000	100.215
A. L. Judson, Albany, N. Y	,000,000	100.61
Comptroller State of New York	,500,000	Par
Hugh Dunn, New York	300,000	102.90

New York City 31gs of 1910	8309,000
New York City 31gs of 1911	1.206,502
New York City 34s of 1912	
New York City 4128 of 1916	
New York City 34s of 1925	50,000
New York City 34s of 1926	1,000,000

Interest on all of the above bonds is payable semi-annually in May and November.

Onconta, N. Y.—Bonds Authorized,—It is reported that school building bonds of this municipality to the amount of \$21,000 have been voted.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—Bond Sale.—It is reported that this city has awarded \$25,000 of water-works bonds to Blodget, Merritt & Co. at 105.552. The securities will bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent and mature in twenty years from date

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Phelps, N. Y.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 10 o'clock A. M., Jan. 20, 1897, by Town Clerk John T. Watkins, for the purchase of \$33,000 of coupon refunding bonds. Interest at the rate of 4 per cent will be payable semi-annually, and the principal will mature at the rate of \$1,500 annually. The town of Phelps has at present no bonded indebtedness. The assessed valuation is said to be over \$3,500 000. over \$8,500,000.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Sale Postponed.—Owing to a supposed defect in the ordinances authorizing the issuance of the \$2,000,000 loan for the Delaware Avenue improvements and the \$2,400,000 of the Subway loan, the sale set for Jan. 12 did not take place but was postponed until Jan. 26, by which date it is hoped the defect will be remedied.

Pocahontas, Va.—Bonds Proposed.—Bonds for the construction of a water-works system for this city are under consideration.

Paeble County, Col.—Bond Offering.—It is reported that proposals will be received until January 20, 1897, by C. J. Long, Chairman of the Board of Commissioners, for the purchase of \$350,000 of refunding bonds. The securities will bear 5 per cent interest and mature in 1917, subject to call after 1907.

Rankin. Pa. -Bond Election.—Street improvement and sewer bonds of this municipality to the amount of \$28,000 have been proposed, and the question of issuing the same will be decided by the people on February 16, 1897.

Raymond, Miss.—Bonds Proposed.—It is reported that an issue of bonds amounting to \$4,000 is under consideration. The proceeds will be used for the erection of a city hall.

Rensselaer County, N. Y.—Proposals will be received until January 29, 1897, by this county for the purchase of 4 per cent bonds to the amount of \$38,000.

San Jose, Cal.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until February 8, 1897, by this city for the purchase of \$75 000 of school building bonds and \$40,000 of sewer bonds. The securities will bear interest at the rate of 4½ per cent, payable s' mi-annually, and the principal will mature in from one to forty years from date of issue.

Sargent, Neb.—Bond Offering.—It is reported that \$100,000 of bonds of this place will be offered for sale on January 18,

Springfield, Mass. - Bond Offering .- Proposals will be received until 2 o'clock P. M., January 21, 1897, by City Treas. urer E. T. Tifft, for the purchase of \$350,000 of high-school loan bonds of the city of Springfield. The bonds for this loan will be issued in registered certificates of \$1,000 each or any multiple of this sum. Four per cent interest will be payable semi annually on the first days of January and July, and the principal will mature in twenty years from January 1, 1897. Principal and interest will be payable in gold or its equivalent at the office of the City Treasurer. Proposals must be accompanied by a certified check for one per cent of the amount bid for. This loan will be secured by a sinking fund.

The official notice of this sale will be found among the ad. vertisements elsewhere in this Department.

Sulsun, Cal.—Bond Sale.—This city has completed the arrangements for its new water-works system by disposing of \$42,000 of bonds to the San Francisco Bridge Company, which has taken the contract to build the water works. The securities bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent and were sold

Uxbridge, Mass.—Bonds Defeated.—On January 9, 1897, the people of Uxbridge voted against the proposition to issue \$80,000 of water-works bonds.

Westborough, Mass.—Bond Sale—The Boston News Bureau reports that George A. Fernald & Co. have been awarded \$60,000 of 4 per cent thirty-year sewer bonds of Westborough at 106:182. Four other bids were received.

Westport, Mo.—Bond Sale —It is reported that this town has disposed of improvement bonds to the amount of \$101,000.

Williamsport School District, Pa.—Bond Sale.—The \$50,000 of coupon bonds offered by this district on January 12, 1897, have been awarded to a local attorney for \$50,100.
The securities will be of the denomination of \$500, bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent, payable semi-annually.

## NEW LOANS.

## PROPOSALS FOR \$800,000 BONDS

Sanitary District of Chicago. 4½ Per Cents.

SEALED proposals addressed to the Board of rustees of the Sanitary District of Chicago, and en-orsed:

SEALED proposals addressed to the Board of Trustees of the Sanitary District of Chicago, and endorsed:

"Proposals for Purchasing Bonds." will be received by the Clerk of said Sanitary District at Room H, 525 and the Clerk of said Sanitary District at Room H, 526 and the Clerk of said Sanitary District at Room H, 526 and the Clerk of said Sanitary District at Room H, 526 and time on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1897.

The bonds for the purchase of which said bids will be received are the sixth (6th and present issue of eight hundred thousand (1800,000) dollars each, with ponds of the Sanitary District of Chicago, in denominators at rate of found of the Chicago, in denominators at rate of found of the Chicago, in denominators at rate of found of the Chicago, and the principal payable at the rate of forty thousand (140,000) dollars each year for twenty '20) years next succeeding January, 1897—the first payment to be made January of each year, and the principal gamanary, 1897—the first payment to be made January of the Chicago, in the Office of the Treasurer of said Sanitary District at Chicago, Illinois.

This issue is in lieu of bonds of prior issues paid and retired, and is within the limit of five (35) per cent of the assessed valuation of taxable property. Back the Bonder prescribed by limit of the (35) per cent of the amount of the bid. All certified checks must be drawn on some responsible bank, and be made payable to the order of the 'Clerk of the Sanitary District until all of said proposals have been canvassed and the bonds have been awarded. The bonds will be sold in lots of twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars and multiples of twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars and multiples of twenty-five thousand decrued interest the bonds being dated January 15, 1897, and the first coupon on each bond being for five and one-half (\$25,000 dollars and each purchaser will be equal to the order of the considered, and the right is reserved to reject any and all little.

ered, and the right is reserved to delivered at the The said bonds to be paid for and delivered at the office of the Treasurer of said District.

omice of the Treasurer of said District.

Arrangements may be made with the said District for the payment and delivery of said bonds in instal

for the payment and derivery or said coulds in instancents.

The present net bonded indebtedness of the said District is \$11.210,000-\$1,590,000 of the original issues having been paid. The present tax levy of the District yields about \$3,690,000 yearly, on an assessed valuation of over \$241,000,000. The expenditures of the District to date, including construction and right of way lands, now aggregate about \$23,500,000, the total cost of the work being set at \$28,500,000.

500,000.

The bonds offered are a first lien upon all the taxable property within the limits of the Sanitary District of Chicago, which are nearly co-extensive with those of the City of Chicago.

For further information apply to the Clerk of the Sanitary District or the Chairman of the Committee Chicago, and the Chicago, and th

nois.
THE SANITARY DISTRICT OF CHICAGO,
By FRANK WE-TER,
Chairman Committee on Finance,
THOMAS KELLY,
President Board of Trustees.

Attest:
JAMES REDDICK,
Clerk of the Sanitary District of Chicago,
CERICAGO, ILL., Jan. 6, 1897.

### NEW LOANS.

### 2350,000

## Registered Cold Bonds. CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

### 4% High School Loan.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.

CITY HALL. Jan. 12th, 1867.

In pursuance of the authority of an order of the City Council approved by the Mayor January 11th, 1897, the undersigned. Treasurer of the City of Springfield, will receive until Thursday, January 11th, 1897, at 2 o'clock Pf. M., seeled proposals for the system of the City of Springfield, will receive until Thursday, January 11th, 1897, at 2 o'clock Pf. M., seeled proposals for the system of the capable to the City Mayor's Office, Thursday, January 21, 1897, at 2 o'clock P M, by the Finance Committee, who reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Address proceasis to the undersigned, indorsed "Proposals for High School Loan; Springfield, Mass.

## CITY OF PITTSBURG, PA., 4 PER CENT BONDS.

WATER. PARK, BRIDGE.

DUE FROM 1901 TO 1925, EITHER REGISTERED OR COUPON. Price and Particulars on Application.

## JAMES CAROTHERS.

306 Fourth Avenue. PITTSBURG, PA.

## NEW LOANS.

## \$85,000 FAR ROCKAWAY 5% BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that bonds of One Tho and Dollars each of the Village of Far Rockaway, to the amount of Eighty-five Thousand Dollars, bearing date January 1st, 1897, payable One Thousand Dollars each year after the issue thereof for twentyfour years, and Sixty-one Thousand Dollars on the twenty fifth year after the issue thereof, with he terest payable semi-annually at five per cent, issued in pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Trustees of Far Rockaway, duly approved and authorized a a special election held in pursuance of law authorising the raising of the sum of Eighty-five Thousand Dollars in annual instalments as an extraordinary expenditure for the purpose of and to be expended in the improvement, opening and reparation of the streets and avenues of the Village of Far Rockawa, will be sold by the Trustees of said Village, with accrued interest thereon, to the highest bidder, at put lic sale at the Village Hall, in the Village of Fa Rockaway, N. Y., on the 25th day of January, 1867 at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

Said bonds cannot legally be sold for less than par and accrued interest.

Dated January 5th, 1897.

BROCKHOLST L. CARROLL, Presiden
WATKIN W. JONES,
THOMAS LEITCH,

Trustee Trustee

S. B. ALTHAUSE, JR., WM. J. MCKENNA, Village Clerk

## \$100,000

# ackawanna Co.,

4% Tax Free Bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1896. Due Dec. 1, 1906.

City of Scranton is the County Seat.

PRICE ON APPLICATION.

EDWD. C. JONES CO,

CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. 80 BROADWA

MUNICIPAL BONDS. E. C. STANWOOD & CO., BANKERS.

> 121 Devonshire Street. BOSTON.

LISTS SENT UPON APPLICATION.

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They will be dated February 1, 1897, and will be payable in series as follows: Series A, \$13,000, redeemable in true 1 to 5 years; series B, \$13,010, in from 5 to 10 years, and series C, 000, redeemable in from 10 to 15 years. These bonds will be free from taxation.

he free from invation.

The school district at present has no bonded debt. The assessed valuation is \$9,642.862 and the population is estimated at 36,000. Mr. Andrew Oπ is Secretary of the district.

# STATE AND CITY DEBT CHANGES.

We subjoin reports as to municipal debts received since the last publication of our STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT Some of these reports are wholly new and others cover items of information additional to those given in the SUPPLEMENT and of interest to investors.

Far Reckaway, N. Y.-B. L. Carroll, President. The following statement of the financial condition of the village of Far Rockaway on January 1, 1897, has been compiled from a special report to the CHRONICLE from William. J. McKenna, Village Clerk. Improvement bonds to the amount of \$85,000 are now being advertised.

INTEREST on the sewer bonds is payable at the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, New York, and on all other bonds in Far

Brazer a County, T x .- The following statement has been corrected to December 21, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE from H. A. Penny, County Treasurer.

The county seat is Braz ria

LOANS-	When Duc.	Floating debt (about)	\$25,000
COURT HOUSE BO	MDS-	Total debt	190,550
6s. Apr., \$52,000	.Feb. 17, 1914	Sinking fund (about)	15,000
		Net debt Dec. 21, 1896	
RAILROAD BONDS		Tax valuation 1895	
8s, M \$72,000	Mar. 1, 1903	Assessment about 12 act	ual vaine.
ROAD AND BRIDGE	E BONDS-	Total tax (per \$1,000)	*12.10
08, Apr., \$15,550	. Apr. 10, 1913	Population in 18 0 was	11,306
08, Apr., 11,000	. Aug. 19, 1110	Population in 1880 was. Population in 18.6 (est.)	15,000
Bonded debt Dec. 2.	1, 90.0100,000	ropulation in 15.6 (est.)	10,000

INTEREST is payable in Brazoria.

OPTIONAL.-The road and bridge bonds due April 10, 1913, are subject to call at the option of the county: the court house bonds are subject to call after five years from date of issue.

Harrison County, Tex .- The following statement has been corrected to 'ecember, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE.

County seat is Marshall.

COURTY SEAT IS MARSHAIL.

UMNS—
COURT HOUSE BONDS—
6s, Apr. 10, \$37,500. Apr. 10, 1903
FUNDING BONDS—
6s, Apr. 1, \$27,280. Apr. 1, 1910
COMPROMISE RAILROAD BONDS—
6s, Apr. 11, \$23,600. Apr. 19, 1901
FOR MARSHAILROAD BONDS—
6s, Apr. 11, \$36,600. Apr. 19, 1901
FOR MARSHAILROAD BONDS—
FOR MARSHAI

INTEREST and sinking fund payments on compromise railroad bonds are made by State Comptroller.

OPTIONAL .- All bonds issued by this county are subject to call at the option of the county.

TAX FREE.-The bonds are all exempt from taxation.

Media, Ohlo.-The following statement has been corrected to Jan. 1, 1897, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE from E. A. Price, Mayor.

This berough is in Delaware County.

LOANS-	When Due.
REGISTERED BONI 48, A&O, \$55,600	
48, A&O, 6,400	
4s, A&O, 15,000	. Apr. 1, 1912
4s, A&O, 10,000	Apr. 1, 1913 er Jan. 1, 1903
Int. payable by Bo	

## NEW LOANS.

\$42,000

6% Water and Electric-Light Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Commis-sioners of Public Works of the City of Newberry, S. C., until Monday, the 25th day of January, 1867, for Six Per Cent Water and Electric-Light Bonds to the amount of Forty-two Thousand Dollars in denom. the amount of Forty-two Thousand Dollars in denom-inations of \$500 each; running forty years from date, and interest payable annually at the National City Bank of New York. Bonds bearing date of January 1st, 1897, and coupons payable on January 1st of each succeeding year. Payment of purchase money to be made one half on February 1st, 1897, and other half April 2st, 1897. The right to reject any or all blis reserved by the Commissioners. Parties desir-nation of the payable of the ng to offer bids, or asking further information, will

JAMES MCINTOSH, E. C. JONES, JAS. K. GILDER, Commissioners of Publis Works Newberry, S. C.

## WATER BONDS \$22,000.

# Borough of Coraopolis, Pennsylvania.

The Finance Committee of the Borough of Coraopolis will receive sealed proposals for the purchase of \$22,000 Water Bonds, 44 in number, each in the sum of \$500, dated Dec. 1st, 1896, bearing interest at the rate of 4½ per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, redeemable at the option of the Borough at any time of the first for the semi-annually.

annually, redeemable at the option of the Borough at up time after five (5) years, and to mature in thirty (30) years from date, tree of State tax.
Each proposal shall be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of \$250 in favor of said Borough for immediate deposit, and mailed to John W. Arras, President of Council, Coraopolis, Pa., so as to reach him on or before Monday, January 25th, 1997, at 5 o'clock P. M. The Borough reserves the right to reject any or

The DOLLARS

For further particulars address

W. J. NEISON,

Chauman Finance Committee,

Coraopolis, Pa.

OLD BOOKS SEND STAMP CHICAGO.

A.J. Crawford, 312 N. 7th St. St. Louis, M. 15 WALL STREET.

### NEW LOANS.

\$180,000

# NEWBERRY, S. C., INDIANAPOLIS, IND., 5 GOLD FUNDING BONDS

School Bonds.

will be received at the Office of the Public Schools in the City of Indianapolis until 12 o'clock noon, on Monday, January 25th, 1897, for furnishing to the Board of School Commissioners of the City of Indi-anapolis a loan of ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY anapolis a loan of UNE II THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Of the said amount, One Hundred and Forty Thou-Of the said amount, One Hundred and Forty Thou-sand Dollars is to be taken as a temporary loan for current expenses and Forty Thousand Dollars is to be taken for building purposes. Notes, therefor, to be dated January 31, 1897, and payable June 30, 1897-Proposals for the whole amount or for any part thereof will be considered. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Envelopes must be marked 'Proposal for Loan,' and addressed to the Board of School Commissioner
THE BOARD OF SCHOOL COMMISSI NERS,
By FRANK H. BLACKLEDGE,

Chairman of Committee on Finance and Auditing

# Investment Bonds

New York Savings Banks and Trustees.

LISTS SENT UPON APPLICATION MEMBERS OF BOSTON AND NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGES.

R. L. DAY & CO.,

40 Water Street, Boston ? Nassau Street, New York.

# GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS

Bought and Sold.

N. W. HARRIS & CO.,

BOSTON.

## NEW LOANS.

\$277,000.

# Notice is hereby given that SEALED PROPOSALS Territory of Arizona,

(REGISTERED OR COUPON.)

Dated Jan. 15, 1896. Due Jan. 15, 1946. (Option of payment after 20 years.)

DENOMINATION - \$1.000.

Interest payable Jan, and July 15.

Principal and Coupons payable at the Gu r. nty Trust Company of New York,

For prices and particulars address

# A. C. FROST & CO.

108 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.

### JANUARY INVESTMENTS.

ounty of Kings, N. Y., 4s. County of Queens, N. Y., 4s. City of Somerville, Mass., 4s. City of Newark, N. J., 7s. City of Paterson, N. J., 4ks.

Farson, Leach & Co., CHICAGO. NEW YORK, 2 Wall St.

List Mailed Upon Application.

Blodget, Merritt & Co., BANKERS.

16 Congress Street, Boston. STATE CITY & RAILROAD BONDS.

Lawrence County, Ohio.-The following statement has been corrected to Oct. 1, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE from A. B. Brown, County Auditor,

County seat is Ironton.

County seat is Ironton.

LOANSBRIDGES, ETC.—
6s, M&S. \$4,000. \$2,000 yearly
6s&55s, M&S. \$5,500. \$500 semi-an.

JAIL BONDS5s, M&S, \$255,000. Mar. 1, 1897
7ERNPIKE BONDS5s, M&S, \$265,000. Mar. 1, 97-23
(\$\$5,000 due semi-annually.)
Total debt Oct. 1, 1896. 276,176
Total valuation, personal 2,531,278
Total valuation, personal 2,531,278
Total valuation 1896. 7,536,528
Assessment is ½ actual value.
Population in 1890 was. 39,556
Population in 1890 was. 39,056
Population in 1890 (est.) 42,000

INTEREST on \$50,000 of the turnpike bonds is payable at the Park Bank, N. Y.; on all other bonds at the office of the County Treasurer. El Paso County, Tex .- The following statement has been corrected to November 1, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE. Park W. Pitman is Clerk of the County Court.

County seat is El Paso.

Mentour County, Pa .- The following statement has been corrected to Dec. 15, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE. All bonds of this county are exempt from taxation.

County seat is Danville.

County Seat is Datwine.

LOANS— When Dus.
COUNTY BONDS—
4. Nov. 1, \$37,000.

\$4,000 due yearly.
Total debt Dec. 15, '96.
Total valuation, personal. \$132,055
Total valuation 1896... 2,037,033

Assessment about '9 actual value.
State and Co. tax (per \$1,000), \$14
Total debt Dec. 15, '96.

Tax valuation, real.... 1,904,978 | Population in 1890 was... 15,468

Oakland, Cal.-John L. Davie, Mayor. The following statement has been corrected to November 1, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE from R. W. Saow, City Auditor.

No provision having been made for the payment of \$140,000 ons. standing "Redemption bonds of 1882," maturing by limitation October 1, 1895, an election was held on September 29, 1894, when the question of the issue of refunding bonds was submitted and defeated question of the issue of remaining bolius was submitted and determined. The question was re-submitted at an election held August 31, 1895, when the re-issue was authorized. The bonds were immediately propared, but were withdrawn from sale, after being advertised, pending the decision of the Supreme Court of the State of California in a case arising in the City of Los Augeles, involving points of law relating to the method of procedure adopted by the Council in calling the election. The bonds maturing October 1, 1895, have not been presented for pay. ment. If presented, arrangement has been made to meet them

Oakland is the county-seat of Alameda County.

LOANS— When Due.
FUNDED DEBT BONDS, 1872—
88, Q—J. \$80,000...June 18, 1993
Subject to call after June 18, 1893
Subject to call after June 18, 1893
School Bonds, 1892—
58, J.J. \$320,000...July 15, 1897
(\$20,000 due y'rly to July 15, 1912

TOTAL DEBT.—The city's total debt on November 1, 1896, wa \$612,000. The interest on the bonded debt for the year ending July 1, 1896, was \$37,208. A special tax is levied for the redemption of each issue of this city's bonds.

CITY PROPERTY.-The following totals are taken from an investory of real estate belonging to the city of Oakland, published in the city Auditor's report for 1895-96:

 city Auditor's report for 1895-96:
 \$329,256

 Real estate belonging to School Department.
 15,900

 do
 do
 Fire Department.
 15,900

 do
 do
 Public Parks.
 583,000

 Land occupied by Wharf.
 50,000

 Land for Pumping Station
 1,000

(per \$1,000) have been as follows for the years indicated:

Years. Valuation. Tax Rate.	Years. Valuation. Tax Rule
	1890\$39,453,392\$1050
1895 45,382,330\$11.20	1889 35,843,979 1000
1894 44,821,230 11.20	1887 32,096,250 950
1893 44,481,343 12.40	1885 29,217,050 946
1892 42,739,380 11.00	1883, 28,353,338 780
1891 42,261,531 19.50	1881 28,238,631 10:10
POPULATION in 1890 was 48,6	

## NEW LOANS.

## CITY OF NEW YORK 3½ PER CENT GOLD BONDS.

DUE NOVEMBER 1st, 1916.

INTEREST PAYABLE JAN. 1st AND JULY 1st,
Recentors, Administrators, Guardians and others
holding trust funds are authorized by an act of the
New York Legislature passed March 1st, 1889, to invest in these bonds.

PRICE AND PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION

Rudolph Kleybolte & Co.

BANKERS CINCINNATI, O. 41 and 42 Wall Street, New York.

# WHANN & SCHLESINGER

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

2 WALL STREET.

NEW YORK

MILLS & BLANCHARD. BANKERS.

MUNICIPAL BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Devenshire Building,

16 State Street, Boston, Mass.

MORTGAGE LOANS

TEXAS.

Interest 7 Per Cent Net.

NO COMMISSIONS charged borrower or lender until Leans have proven good

FRANCIS SMITH & CO., SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

## NEW LOANS.

## INVESTMENTS

# New York Savings Banks.

•	C AA	TOTA Gaving	So Dunk	
	City	of Cambridge, Ma	ss4s	
	City	of Lowell, Mass	48	
	City	of Boston, Mass	48	
	City	of Cleveland, Ohio		
A	Posts d	lescription of either of	those issues w	٠

prices, will be mailed on application.

### E. H. ROLLINS & SONS, 19 MILK STREET. MASS

Chicago Drainage	1360
Des Moines, In. (School)	1369
Muskegon, Mich	
South Omaha, Nebraska	/=
Ashland, Wis. (Gold)	5=
West Chicago St. RR. (Tunnel)	
Winet Westernes	

FOR SALE BY

MASON, LEWIS & CO., BANKERS,

171 La Salle St., CHICAGO.

W. N. Coler & Co.,

BANKERS.

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

34 NASSAU STREET

SAFE INVESTMENTS.

SEND FOR LIST

City and County Bonds. DIETZ, DENISON & PRIOR. 35 CONGRESS STREET, - BOSTON.

C. H. Van Buren & Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS, 62 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

STOCKS, BONDS AND HIGH-GRADE INVESTMENT SECURITES. Circular Letter, including list of selected Bonds, Mailed Free,

## MISCELLANEOUS.

F. H. SOUTHWICK

### C. H. WHITE & CO. BANKERS.

72 Broadway, New York, OWN AND OFFER, SUBJECT TO SALE

875,000

FALL RIVER, MASS .. Thirty-Year Registered Library 4s.

845,000

TRENTON, N. J., Twenty-Year Registered Water 4s.

880,000

TRENTON, N. J., Ten-Year Registered Sewer 4s.

Trustees, Executors and Savings Banks in the tate of New York are authorized to invest a bove-named bonds.

Price and Full Description on Application

## W. J. Hayes & Sons, BANKERS.

DEALERS IN MUNICIPAL BONDS.

Street Railway Bonds, and other high-grade in-

vestments.

Vestments.

Cleveland, Ohlo,

7 Exchange Place.

311-313 Superior S.

Cable Address, "KENNETH."

Miscellaneous,

SECURE BANK VAULTS.



Si pi tra ag or or pa sh

UMI

WELDED CHROME STEEL AND IRON

Round and Flat Bars and 5-ply Plates and Andle FOR SAFES, VAULTS, &c.
Cannot be Sawed, Cut or Deliled, and positive
Burglar Proof.
CHROME STEEL WORKS,
Kent Ave., Kos p & Hooper Sts
Sole Man'y ers in the U.S. BROOKLYN. L.